





Theme 3 My society

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Unit

Homes in Egypt

منازل فی مصر



Exercises







- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
- بنهاية هذه الوحدة، سيكون التلميذ قادرًا على أن:
- · listen, read, research, and write about Egyptian homes now and in Ancient Egypt.
 - يستمع، يقرأ، يبحث، ويكتب عن المنازل المصرية الآن وفي مصر القديمة.
 - بتحدث عن المنزل والأثاث،

talk about the home and furniture.

learn how to say double vowels.

write a simple blog about an unusual home.

- read, understand, and listen to a short dialog about different homes.
- understand and use the simple past to talk about past events.
- - يفهمر ويستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط ليتحدث عن أحداث في الماضي.
 - بتعلم كيف ينطق أصوات حروف متحركة مزدوجة،

يقرأ، يفهم، ويستمع إلى محادثة قصيرة عن منازل مختلفة.

- يكتب مدونة بسيطة عن منزل غير عادي،

Did you know?

 In Ancient Egypt, *mud bricks kept the inside of the house cool in hot weather. Small windows and *vents on the roof let air into the house.

I can find it out!

 There were different types of houses in Ancient Egypt. The "reed huts" were *constructed from papyrus, reeds, and animals' skin. The "mud brick house" is a simple *structure for poorer people. The "*merchant hame", was constructed of mud, but it was *larger.

*mud bricks	طوب طینی	* vents	فتحاث	* constructed	تم بناؤها
* structure	علته	* merchant	تاجر	* larger	أكبر



Lesson 1 المنزل The Home





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



elevator مصعد



closet خزانة



cushion وسادة



oven فرن



balcony بلکونة



armchair کرسی ذو ذراعین



television تلفاز



shower دش



bed سرير



bedroom غرفة النوم



living room غرفة المعيشة



kitchen مطبخ



bathroom حمام

Extra vocabulary

apartment	شقة	modern (adj.)	حديث	part	جزء
closer (adj.)	أقرب	better (adj.)	أفضل	easier (adj.)	أسهل
space	مساحة	traditional (adj.)	تقليدي	gift	هدية
lovely (adj.)	جميل	fantastic (adj.)	رائع	own (adj.)	خاص

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

R	egular verbs			أفعال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
move	ينتقل	moved	share	يشارك	shared
In	egular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
see	یری	saw	say	يقول	said

Expressions and Phrases

welcome to	مرحبًا بك في	Come in!	تفضل بالدخول!
How long?	كم المدة؟ (للسؤال عن فترة زمنية)	since I was born	منذ ولادق
had to + (inf.)	اضطر إلى	What a great view!	ياً له من منظر رائع!

جمل هامة | İmportant sentences

- Fareeda moved to a new apartment.

- انتقلت فريدة إلى شقة جديدة.

- The new kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern.

- المطبخ الجديد أكبر، والفرن أكثر حداثة.

- They have three bedrooms now.

- لديهم ثلاث غرف نوم الآن.

- Fareeda can share a bedroom with her sister.

- من الممكن أن تتشارك فريدة غرفة النوم مع أختها.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- I I share my (living room bathroom bedroom kitchen) with my sister.
 There are two beds for us.
- 2 I always take the (oven elevator cushion closet) to my apartment on the 7th floor.
- 3 I put my clothes in the (oven living room closet kitchen).
- 4 There are two colorful (TVs showers ovens cushions) on the sofa.



Listen, read, and role-play:

Why is Fareeda happy?

لماذا فريدة سعيدة؟



Fareeda

Thanks! Do you like living here?

Hi Dina, welcome to my new apartment! Come in!

أهلًا دينا، مرحبًا بك في شقتي الجديدة! تفضلي بالدخول!

Dina







Fareeda

I love it! It's a great apartment! I like this part of town and it's much bigger than our old apartment.

أحبها! إنها شقة رائعة! أحب هذا الجزء من المدينة وهي أكبر من شقتنا القديمة.

How long did you live in your old apartment?

شكرًا! هل تحيين العيش هنا؟

كم المدة التي عشتها بشقتك القديمة؟





Fareeda

Twelve years, since I was born. Then my parents had to move to a new job, so we moved to a closer apartment.

اثنا عشر عامًا، منذ ولادتي. ثم كان على والدي الانتقال إلى وظيفة جديدة، ولذلك انتقلنا إلى شقة أقرب.

So, what's better about this new apartment?

إذًا، ما الأفضل بهذه الشقة الجديدة؟







Fareeda

Come and see. The new kitchen is bigger, and the oven is more modern. My mom says it's much easier to cook in.

تعالَىٰ لترى. المطبخ الجديد أكبر، والفرن أكثر حداثة. تقول أمى إن الطهى فيه أسهل بكثير.



Very nice. And this is the living room?

لطيف جدًّا. وهذه هي غرفة المعيشة؟





Fareeda

Yes, as you can see, there's more space so we can have a bigger television. Look at these traditional cushions. They were a gift from Grandma.

نعمر، كما ترين، هناك مساحة أكبر ولذلك يمكننا أن نملك تلفازًا أكبر، انظرى إلى هذه الوسادات التقليدية. لقد كانت هدية من جدتي.

Oh, yes! What about the bedrooms?

أووه، نعمر! ماذا عن غرف النوم؟





Fareeda

We have three bedrooms now. I share a room with my sister, Amira, but our bedroom is really big. And we have two bathrooms.

لدينا ثلاث غرف نوم الآن، أنا أتشارك غرفة مع أختى، أميرة، لكن غرفتنا كبيرة حقًّا، ولدينا حمامان.

It's lovely! The balcony is fantastic, too — what a great view! هذا لطيف! البلكونة رائعة أيضًا - ياله من منظر رائع!



Check point

- 1 How many bedrooms are there in the new apartment?
- 2 How long did Fareeda live in the old apartment?



Lesson 1



Remembering Understanding Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

	C	hoose the corre	ct answer from a, l	o, c, or d:	اختر الاحابة الصحيحة:
			a room with		•
		a) share	b) cook	•	d) live
	2	We have a big	with	a great view, I can	see the whole street.
		a) oven	b) cushion	c) closet	d) balcony
Y	3	He lives in a big	g i	n Orabi Street.	
è		a) tent	b) boat	c) mountain	d) apartment
	4	We have got a	new	in the kitchen.	
		a) cushion	b) sofa	c) oven	d) shower
0	R	ead and compl	ete the text with th	e words in the bo عدام الكلمات المساعدة:	X: اقرأ وأكمل النص باستخ
1			bedrooms — years —	new — old — move	
ı	Ιm	noved to a new ar	partment last month.	Ourap	artment is much bigger
J					
Y					
1					closer apartment. We
ı	ha	ve three(4)	now. I share a ı	room with my sister.	
(R	ead the text an	d answer the ques	أسئلة: tions:	اقرأ النص وأجب عن الا
9	M	y name is Logy. I	I moved to a new ap	artment last week. I	love living here in this
Ì	ne	w apartment. I lik	e this part of town, a	nd it's much bigger t	han our old apartment.
	Th	e new kitchen is b	pigger, and the oven i	s more modern. It is	much easier to cook in.
	Th	e living room is b	igger than the old one	e, so we can have a	bigger television.
1	W	e have three bedro	ooms now. I share a ro	om with my sister, D	areen, but our bedroom
9	is	really big. I like o	our new apartment.		
	4	Choose the	correct answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:	
		1 The general	idea of the text is ab	out Logy's	
14 11		a) new school	ol	b) new friends	
li E		c) new apart	ment	d) new class	

a) smaller b) hotter c) bigger d) colder Answer the following questions: 3) Why does Logy love the new apartment? 4) How many bedrooms are there in the new apartment? Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: 1) share — room — sister — a — my — I — with. 2) new — more — oven — The — modern — is. 3) better — this — What's — about — apartment? 4) cushions — gift — a — from — were — These — Grandma. Punctuate the following: 1) why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: 1) "My new apartment" 1) much bigger — three bedrooms — big balcony	2	The new apar	tment is	than the old or	ne.
3 Why does Logy love the new apartment? 4 How many bedrooms are there in the new apartment? Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: ثانی ترتیبها الصحیح لتکون جماًد share – room – sister – a – my – I – with. 2 new – more – oven – The – modern – is. 3 better – this – Whars – about – apartment? 4 cushions – gift – a – from – were – These – Grandma. Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الاتية: "My new apartment"		a) smaller	b) hotter	c) bigger	d) colder
4 How many bedrooms are there in the new apartment? Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: ضع الكلمات في ترتيبها الصحيح لتكون جمأد: share — room — sister — a — my — I — with. 2 new — more — oven — The — modern — is. better — this — What's — about — apartment? 4 cushions — gift — a — from — were — These — Grandma. Punctuate the following: why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الاتية: "My new apartment"	3	Answer the fo	ollowing question	ns:	
Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: ضع الكلمات في ترتيبها الصحيح لتكون جملًا. 1 share - room - sister - a - my - I - with. 2 new - more - oven - The - modern - is. 3 better - this - Whar's - about - apartment? 4 cushions - gift - a - from - were - These - Grandma. Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الاثنية: "My new apartment"	3	Why does Log	gy love the new a	partment?	
ال share – room – sister – a – my – I – with. 2 new – more – oven – The – modern – is. 3 better – this – What's – about – apartment? 4 cushions – gift – a – from – were – These – Grandma. Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: الاتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناص الاتية: "My new apartment"	4	How many be	drooms are there	in the new apartme	nt?
1 share — room — sister — a — my — I — with. (2) new — more — oven — The — modern — is. (3) better — this — What's — about — apartment? (4) cushions — gift — a — from — were — These — Grandma. (5) Punctuate the following: (6) Why is fareeda happy (7) Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: (8) Punctuate Third (30) words using the following guiding elements: (9) Punctuate Third (30) words using the following guiding elements: (9) Punctuate Third (30) words using the following guiding elements:	Put t	he words in t	he correct order	to make sentence لصحيح لتكون جملًا:	:S: ضع الكلمات في ترتيبها ا
3 better – this – What's – about – apartment? 4 cushions – gift – a – from – were – These – Grandma. Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الاثية: "My new apartment"	1 she	are – room – s	ister — a — my — I		
4 cushions – gift – a – from – were – These – Grandma. Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الآتية: "My new apartment"	2 ne	w – more – ov	en — <u>The</u> — mode	n – is.	
Punctuate the following: Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الآتية: "My new apartment"	3 be	tter — this — W	nat's – about – ap	artment?	
Why is fareeda happy Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الآتية: "My new apartment"	4 cus	shions – gift –	a — from — were ·	– <u>These</u> – Grandma	
Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخدام العناصر الآتية: "My new apartment"	Punc	tuate the foll	owing:	نى:	ضع علامات الترقيم للآ
اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستُخدام العناصر الآتية: "My new apartment"	Why	is fareeda hap	ру		
	Write	a text of about	THIRTY (30) words		
much bigger – three bedrooms – big balcony			"My new o	partment"	
	(much bigger – thi	ree bedrooms – big	balcony
-	**********	***************************************			
		***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	
		******************************	************************************	***************************************	***************************************



Lesson 2 My Perfect Room قيالثما المثالة



Language Focus



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

1. Telling where things are الإخبار عن أماكن الأشياء



On the right, ...

على اليمين، ...



On the left, ...

على اليسار، ...



In the middle of the room, ...

في منتصف الحجرة، ...



On the wall, ...

على الحائط، ...

I love my bedroom. I share it with my sister. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.

أنا أحب غرقة نومى، أشارك الغرقة مع أختى. على اليمين، يوجـد سريرى بجانبـه مكتـب، على اليسـار، هنـاك سـرير أختى، يوجـد فى منتصـف الغرفـة كرسى بدراعيـن مـع وسـادتين وخزانـة كبيـرة، على الحائـط، هنـاك الكثيـر مـن ملصقـات الحيوانـات.

desk

مكتب

posters

ملصقات

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- 1 On the (right wall desk middle), there is my bed.
- 2 There is an armchair (in on at by) the middle.
- 3 There are lots of posters (in on at by) the wall.
- 4 (In On At By) the left, there's a desk next to the wall.
- 5 (On In At By) the middle of the room, there is an armchair.



استمع، أشر وقل:

2. The prefix "un-" "un-" البادئة

unfriendly	غير ودود	not kind to someone	غير طيب مع شخص ما
uncomfortable	غیر مریح	something that doesn't feel nice to sit on or مه للجلوس أو عند ارتدائه	wear on your body شیء لا تشعر بالراحة عندما تستخد
unlucky .	غير محظوظ	something bad happens to you without a r	eason شىء سپئ يحدث لك بدون سبب
unsafe	غير آمن	dangerous	स्वेत
unhappy	غير سعيد	sad .	حزين
unfair	غير عادل	something that happens that isn't morally r	ight or fair شىء يحدث غير صحيح أخلاقيًّا أو

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- Omar lost the match last week; he was (unfriendly unlucky unfair unsafe).
- 2 Don't climb that mountain; it's (unhappy unsafe unfriendly unfair).
- 3 I don't like sitting on that armchair; it's (unfriendly unlucky uncomfortable unhappy).
- 4 He doesn't like being with people. He is always (unfair unfriendly unhappy unlucky).
- 5 The jeans are very (comfortable comfort fair uncomfortable). I can't wear them.
- 6 Don't go down in the street in the dark alone. It's (unhappy unsafe unlucky unfair).

The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضم البسيط

Something that happened once:

شيء ما حدث نمرة واحده

eg I visited her house when I was five.

رزت منزلها عندما كنت يعمر الحامسة.

Something that happened several times in the past:

شيء ما حدث لعدة مرات في الماضي:

We went to my aunt's house at the beach every summer.

دّهبنا لمنزل عمتي على الشاطئ في كل صيف.

10,010

Something that was true for some time in the past:

شيء ما كان حقيقة لفترة من الزمن في الماضي:

eg. He loved living in his grandmother's apartment as a child.

كان يحب العيش في شقة جدته عندما كان طفلًا.

Expressions with "ago":

التعبيرات مع "ago":

eg. I met her in Zagazig two years ago. لعد قابيتها في مدينه برقاريق مند سنين

AVERT TO THE HARMAN ...

Subject + (inf.) + مصدر الفعل + (d/ed/ied)...

1. Regular Verbs

معظم الأفعال يضاف لها (ed): wanted → wanted الأقعال المنتهية بـ (e) يضاف لها (d): die → died الأفعال المنتهية بحرف ساكن + (y) الأفعال المنتهية بحرف الـ (red). يحذف الـ (y) ويضاف إليها الـ (carry → carried

الأفعال المنهية بحرف متحرك + حرف ساكن يضاف لها (ed) مع مضاعفة الحرف الساكن. Stop → Stopped

2. Irregular Verbs

. التصريف الثاني للفعل + Subject

Pres	Present Past		Present Pas		Past	Present		Past
come	يأق	came	eat	يأكل	ate	go	يذهب	went
know	يعرف	knew	meet	يقابل	met	tell	يخبر	told
set	3 87 4	set	am/is	يكون (للمفرد)	was	are	يكون (للجمع)	were
do	يفعل	did	have	يملك	had	say	يقول	said
can	يستطيع	could	see	يرى	saw	take	يأخذ	took

Megaline boutons



. ...مصدر الفعل (+ didn't + (inf.) الفاعل

I didn't know the answer to the teacher's question.

أنا لم أكن أعرف الإجابة عن سؤال المعلم.

(+x) (10 (-x-1-y)



B: Yes,

B: No,

subject did.

didn't.



A: Did you travel all over Egypt?

B: Yes, I did.



A: Did you eat Om Ali yesterday?

B: No, I didn't.

Wh question

A: Question word

did

subject

?...مصدر الفعل (inf.)

. التصريف الثاني للفعل + B: Subject

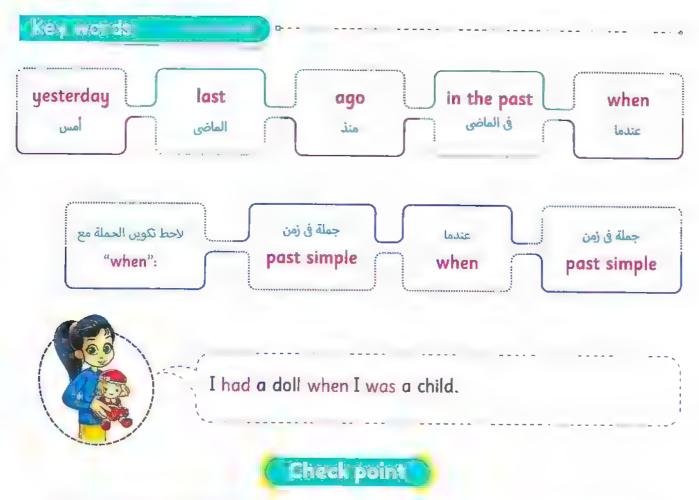


A: When did it rain?

B: It rained yesterday.



- عند الإجابة تحول "you" في السؤال إلى "I" أو "We".



Choose the correct answer:

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

- 1 I (help helped am helping helping) my mom carry our heavy cases yesterday.
- 2 I (don't didn't wasn't doesn't) travel to America when I was a child.
- 3 Did you (visit visited visiting visits) your grandma last holiday?
- 4 I went to Luxor when I (am is was were) 10 years old.
- 5 (Do Does Did Are) your brother go swimming last week?
- 6 The students (write wrote writes writing) stories for homework yesterday.
- 7 We (see saw sees seeing) Ali in town last week.
- He had an accident two weeks (often ago now last).
- 9 My mother didn't (went going go goes) to work because she was ill.
- 10 I (have has having had) a toy car when I was young.



انظر واقرأ:

My uncle is a scientist and loves animals. When he was younger, he traveled a lot in South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very friendly and helped him with his work. Then, about three years ago, something frightening happened to him and he was lucky he lived to tell me about it!

عمى عالم ويحب الحبوانات. عندما كان أصعر، سافر كثيرًا إلى أمريكا الحنوبية لتعمل،



Howler monkeys in the jungle

لقد أحب المكان هناك لأن الناس كانو ودودين للعايه وساعدوه في عمله. ثم ، مند حوالي ثلاث سنوات، شيء ما محيف حدث به وكان مخطوطًا لأنه عاش ليخبرني به!

He was very interested in howler monkeys and wanted to do some research into their family groups. A local villager told him where there was a howler monkey family nearby and he was very happy. But the villager also said, "Tomorrow, we are going to have a lot of rain so it could be unsafe."

كان عمى مهتف حيدًا بالقردة العنواء «قردة أمريكية» وأراد إحراء بعض الأنجاث على مجموعات عائلاتهم. أخبره فيروى مجلى بمكان عائله قرد العنواء في مكان قريب وكان سعيدًا حيدًا، لكن الفيروي قبال أنضًا، «عيدًا، سنوف تتساقط أمضار عزيرة بندا فند يكنون الوضع عبر آمن».

My uncle set out to look for the howler monkey family and soon he was deep in the jungle. He could hear the monkeys and he looked up. He knew he was very close to them. Then the rain started. It was very heavy rain. Soon, there was water everywhere and he couldn't see the path to go forward or back. Suddenly, lots of water came toward him and carried him away down to the river. He was very frightened.

Suddenly, he saw a hand and someone was shouting. It was the villager. He took Uncle's hand and said, "Now you are safe!" My uncle was very happy indeed! المعرف عمى في اللحث عن عائله قرد العواء وسرعان ما أصبح في العمق في الأدعال. كان يسمع الفرود وبطر إلى الأعلى، وعمر أنه قريب حدًا مها. ثمر بدأ المصر، كانت أمطارًا عريرة حدّ. سرعان ما أصبح الماء في كل مكان وبم يسمطع رؤية الطريق حتى يتقدم أو يرجع. فحأة، ندفق الكثير من الماء حملًا بياه للأسفل إلى النهر. كان حائفًا حدًّا، فحأه، رأى بدًا و كان شخص ما يصبح، كان الفروى. أحد بد العمر وقال: «الآن أنت بأمانا» كان عمى سعيدًا جدًّا؛

Extra	voca	bul	lary
-------	------	-----	------

scientist	عالم	friendly (adj.)	2929	frightening (adj.)	مخيف
lucky (adj.)	محظوظ	howler monkeys	قرود العواء (قرود أمريكية)	villager	قروى
unsafe (adj.)	غير آمن	deep in	في أعماق	jungle	الأدغال
path	طريق	go forward	يتقدم للأمام	indeed	حقا



Lesson 2



			• Rememberi	ng • Understanding * Applying •	Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating				
() •	🔔 Listen and ci	rcle the correct an	swer from a, b, c, e الإجابة الصحيحة:	or d: استمع وضع دائرة حول				
	1		**************************************						
			b. kitchen — c. living	-					
	2	2 On the right, there is a/anwith two cushions.							
		(a. armchair –	b. bed — c. couch —	d. chair)					
	3	On the left, the							
		(a. television – b. computer – c. poster – d. closet)							
	4	Omar loves wa	Omar loves watching television						
		(a. in the evening	ng — b. in the aftern	oon — c . in the mor	ning – d. at night)				
() c	hoose the corre	ect answer from a,	b, c, or d:	اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:				
	ī	Where	you go ye	esterday?					
		a) do	b) does	c) did	d) doing				
	2	When somethin	When something isn't morally right or fair, it is						
		a) unlucky	b) unfair	c) unhappy	d) unsafe				
(· `	3	It	heavily when I	was in the jungle.					
`k ,	,	a) rain	b) rains	c) rained	d) raining				
	4	She didn't	to scho	ool last week.					
		a) come	b) came	c) to come	d) comes				

Read the text and answer the questions:

a) yesterday

5 My dad traveled a lot he was younger.

b) last

اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة:

d) ago



My uncle is a scientist and loves animals. He is very interested in howler monkeys and does research into their family groups. Howler monkeys are the loudest of all monkeys. After one group of howlers calls, another group answers. Each family group is generally made up of 15 to 20 howlers. These monkeys live in Central and South America. Howlers mainly eat leaves, as well as fruits, nuts, and flowers. Howler monkeys get almost all the water they need from the food they eat.

c) when

			Choose the correct	answer from a	, b, c, or d:					
		1	Howler monkeys are	e the	of all monkeys.					
			a) fastest	b) tallest	c) shortest	d) loudest				
1		2	"Do research" mean							
0,			a) get information	1 9	c) travel	d) help				
1			Answer the followi	ng questions:						
		3	Where do howler m	onkeys live?						
		4	What do howler mo	nkeys eat?						
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			***************************************				
	P	ut	the words in the co	rrect order to m	nake sentences:					
					فى ترتيبها الصحيح لتكون جملًا:	ضع الكلمات				
ı	1	a	go — met — years — he	$er - \underline{I} - two.$						
L			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***************************************		>>4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4/4				
L	2	yo	jou - travel - Did - over - Egypt - all?							
80	3	di	dn't — by — <u>They</u> — he	ere – come – airp	olane.	PPOATONTE OFFICE ECC COECAC				
	4	lo	ts of — animals — of –	- There - posters	– are.					
					14					
5	Re	eac	d and write the corr		word(s) between br شكل الصحيح للكلمات بين الأقوا					
	1	Hi	s grandma (go)	to Asw	an last year.	SB				
ı	2	Th	ney (eat)	ice cream yeste	erday.					
	3	Ι(don't travel)	to London	when I was young.					
(0)	4	It ((rains)h	neavily yesterday						
	5	It's	(safe)	to go down the	street in the dark alone	2.				
	6	W	hat (do)	you study yest	erday?					
(A)	Pı	ınd	ctuate the following	1:	لترقيم للآتى:	Colode sia				
8			aveled a lot in South							



Lorson à





Ancient Egyptian Homes

منازل المصريين القدماء



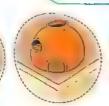
Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main Vocabulary















mud bricks الطوب الطينى

gate بوابة

oven _{قول}

pot إناء (حله)

roof سطح

sleeping area منطقة للنوم

reed mat

Extra vocabulary

- near	بالقرب من	strong (adj.)	قوى	cooler (adj.)	أكثر برودة
flat (adj.)	مسطح/مستو	furniture	أثاث	papyrus	ورق البردي
large (adj.)	كبير الحجم	outside	بالخارج	wooden boxes	صناديق خشبية
floor	طابق (دور)	bank	ضفة النهر	style	طراز

िक्रोप्छर्धांक वी महार्थ

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
use	يستخدم	used	cook	يطهى	cooked
relax	یسترخی (یستریح)	relaxed	cover	يغطى	covered
store	يخزن	stored	join	یلتحق بـ	joined
	Irregular verbs			أفعــــال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Presetnt		Past
build	يبني	built	make	يصنع / يجعل	made
sleep .	ينامر	slept	keep	يحافظ على	kept
blow	يهب	blew	fall	يسقط	fell

Expressions and Phrases

close together -	قريبون من بعضهم	just like	تمامًا مثل
'all right	على ما يرامر	never to fall	غير قابل للسقوط أبدًا



Let's say it right!



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks made very strong walls.

فى مصر القديمة، بنى الكثير من الناس منازلهم بالقرب من النيل. فكانوا يستخدمون مياهًا للشرب والطبخ والغسيل. كما استخدموا أيضًا الطين من النهر لصنع الطوب لبناء منازلهم، الطوب الطيني يصنع حوائط قوية للغاية.



Ancient Egyptians wanted to keep their homes cool. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people also painted their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs, which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, relaxed, and slept there on hot nights.

أراد المصريون القدماء الحفاظ على برودة منازلهم ، ساعد الطوب الطينى في فعل هذا، قام بعض الناس أيضًا بطلاء منازلهم باللون الأبيض لجعلها أكثر برودة، كانت جميع المنازل المصرية القديمة تحتوى على أسطح مستوية ، والتي كانت أكثر جرء بارد هي المنزل، غالبًا ما كانت تطبخ العائلات، ويتناولون الطعام ، ويسترخون، وينامون هناك في الليالي الحارة.

The furniture in Ancient Egyptian homes was very different from today. There were reed mats to sit and sleep on. They used papyrus to cover the windows and doors. This kept the insects outside. In every home, there were large pots and baskets for storing crops and wooden boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs. You like an analytic boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs. You like a people had beds or chairs at like and
In cities, people lived very close together, and so they built their houses taller, with two floors. This saved space. So they could build more houses. City houses joined together, just like today. In the countryside, houses usually only had one floor, and they also had a garden. They grew vegetables and kept chickens there.

فى المدن، كان الناس يعيشون فريبين جدًّا من بعضهم، ولدلك قاموا ساء منازلهم أطول، مكونة من طابقس. هـد. يوفر مساحة، ولدلك تمكنوا من بناء منازل أكثر، انضمت منازل المدينة معًا، نمامًا كما هـو الحال اليـوم. في الريـف، عادة ما تحتوى المنازل على طابق واحـد فقط، كما تحتوى أيضًا على حديقة. كانوا يزرعون الخضار ويربون الدجاج بها.

Check point

1	How did Ancient Egyptians keep their houses cool?
2	How was the furniture in Ancient Egypt?



انظر واقرأ:



By the banks of the ancient River Nile,

Egyptian houses had a special style:

Dark inside with small windows,

Reed mats on the roof where the cool wind blows,

على ضفاف بهر النبل القديم ا

كان للبيوت المصرية أسنوب حاص:

الطلام من الداحل مع التواقد الصغيرة،

حصائر القصب على السطح حيث تهب الرياح الباردة،

Outside under the stars at night,

One family together, feeling all right.

Mud from the Nile made their walls

Safe and strong, and never to fall.

في الخارج تحت النجوم ليلاً،

عائلة واحدة معًا، بشعرون أنهم على ما يرام.

جعل الطين من البيل حدرانهم

أمنة وقوية ولا تسقط أندًا.



Rhyme is used at the end of lines of poetry. Each two lines rhyme together. They end with the same sound.

القافية: تستخدم في نهاية سطور الشعر. كل سطرين بينهما قافية، ينتهيان بنفس الصوت.



1. Double "e" /i:/ and double "o" /u:/



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر ومل:

In English, there are words with double vowels, like "pool" and "sheep".

توجد في اللغة الإنجليزية كلمات ذات أحرف متحركة مزدوجة، مثل pool وsheep

A) When there is a double 'e' in a word, the sound is long.

عندما يكون هناك حرف "e" مزدوجًا في الكلمة، يكون الصوت طويلًا.

B) When there is a double 'o' in a word, the sound is long.

عندما يكون هناك حرف "0" مزدوجًا في الكلمة، يكون الصوت طويلًا.



نطق"00" في الكلمات Saying "oo" in words

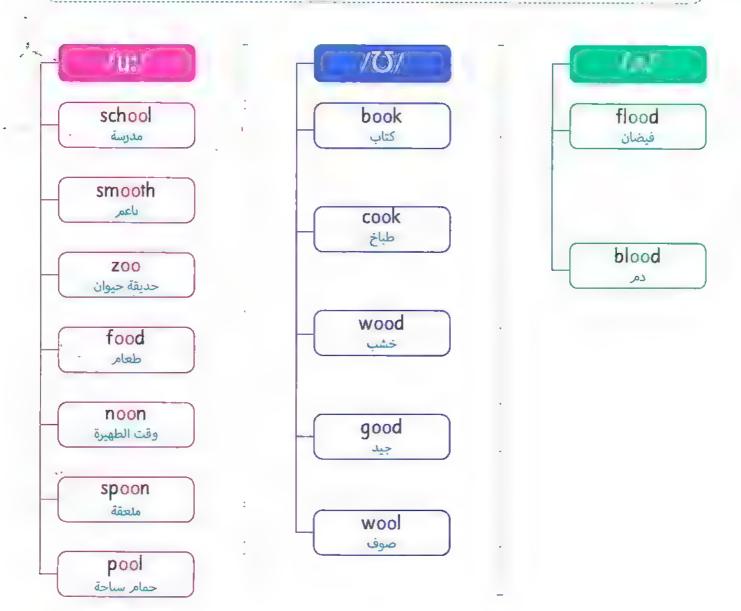


Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

When you see 'oo' in a word, you can say /u:/, as in "pool" and "spoon". We can also pronounce 'oo' as a shorter sound /v/, as in words like "good", or as $/\wedge/$, as in a word like "blood".

عندما ترى "oo" في كلمة، يمكنك قول /u:/، كما في pool and spoon. يمكننا أيضًا نطق "oo" كصوت أقصر /u/، كما في كلمات مثل good أو //، كما في كلمة blood.





esson 3



Remembering Understanding Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

(D	4	Listen and circle th	e correct answe	er from a, b, c, (الإجابة الصحيحة:	or d: استمع وضع داثرة حول
		1	Salma is doing resear	ch about Ancient	Egyptian	
			(a. homes — b. mats c	. roofs — d. scho	ois)	
		2	Ancient Egyptians ma	de their homes		the Nile.
			(a. far – b. near – c.	behind — d. next))	
		3	They used	from the	Nile to make bri	cks.
			(a. water $-b$. fish $-c$. mud – d. ships)	
		4	Mud bricks made ver	y	walls.	
			(a. weak $-$ b. tall $-$ c.	short – d. strong	3)	
(3	C	hoose the correct ans	swer from a, b,	c, or d:	اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:
		1	Ancient Egyptian hom	es had a special	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	104x \$
1			a) light	b) style	c) night	d) wind
		2	Some people painted	their homes	to	make them cooler.
f			a) pink	b) yellow	c) black	d) white
0		3	In Ancient Egyptian ho	omes, there were		to sit and sleep on.
r			a) wooden chairs	b) reed mats	c) papyrus	d) couches
		4	The mud bricks helped	d to keep the hor	nes	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
t			a) dark	b) cool	c) hot	d) big
(9	Re	ead the text and answ	ver the questio	سئلة:	اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأ
1		In /	Ancient Egypt, many pe	ople made their h	nomes near the N	lile. They used its water
						ses had a special style.
1				_		rong. Ancient Egyptians
,					_	ptian homes all had flat
6						ptians used papyrus to
0	a }		er the windows and do			, , , , , ,
1		b	Choose the correc	t answer from a	a, b, c, or d:	
			1 The general idea of			
			a) Ancient Egyptian		b) mud bricks	
			c) flat roofs		d) papyrus	

	2	In A	ncient	Egypt,	many peo	ople m	ade their hor	nes ne	ar the
		a) N	ile		b) desei	rt	c) schoo	ls	d) temples
		Ansı	ver th	e follo	wing qu	estio	ns:		
	3	Wh _\	j did /	Ancient	Egyptians	s paint	their houses	white:	?
	4	Who	at did	Ancient	Egyptian	is use	papyrus for?	,	
P	ut	the w	ords/	in the	correct o	rder t	to make sen ز لتكون جملًا:	tence: الصحيح	s: ضع الكلمات في الترتيب
1	r	near –	their -	- the -	homes —	Nile —	They — mad	e.	
2	c	ities, -	- beob	le — tog	gether — <u>I</u> r	n – liv	ed – close.	***********	
3	ŀ	nouses	– a s	oecial –	Egyptian	ı – sty	le — <u>Ancient</u> -	– had.	
4		did – p	eople	– build	- What	– use ·	– to – their h	omes?	
P	ur	nctuat	e the	follow	ing:			تى:	ضع علامات الترقيم للأ
W	vhe	ere did	peop	e build	their hon	nes in	ancient Egyp	it?	
W	Vrit	te a tex	t of ab	out THI	RTY (30) w	vords u	_		uiding elements: اکتب فقرة من 30 کلمة
					"Ancient	: Едур	tian Homes"		
1				· mud	bricks -	painte	d white - ree	ed mat	s *
			*****	4 * 1 * * * * * * * * 1 > 4 > * > 8	*************	************	***************************************	***********	***************************************
				****	****************		************************	4184848444484	***************************************
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		************	**************	**********	*******	**********	
	,,		******* - ***	* ***********			PE4 h4 44 h4 h4 h4 h4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		***************************************



Leinmid & S Writing & Broject





استمع وقل:

	Main voc	abulary	
blog	مدونة	farmhouse	بیت ریفی
landscape	منظر طبيعي	ecological (adj.)	ربیئی

Extra vocabulary

blog home	صفحة المدونة الرئيسية	links	روابط
archive	سجل	unusual (adj.)	غیر عادی
topic	موضوع	interesting (adj.)	مثير / شيق
architect	مهندس معماري	brilliant (adj.)	رائع
awesome (adj.)	مثهل	the Netherlands	هولندا
online	عبر الإنترنت	upside down	رأسًا على عقب
actually	بالقعل	modern (adj.)	حدیث
light	து ம்	local (adj.)	محلى
fields	حقول	air	هواء

تصريف الأمعال Conjugation of verbs

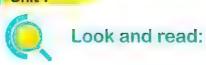
	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present	Į	Past
change	يخير	changed	heat	يسخن	heated
	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present	Í	Past	Present		Past
find	يجد	found	qet	يحصل على	qot

Expressions and Phrases

works very well	تعمل جيدًا	at the top	في القمة
fits in very well	يتناسب جيدًا مع	make energy	يصنع الطاقة
ecologically friendly	صديقة للبيئة	That's so cool!	هذا رائع جدًّا!

Definitions

blogging	التدوين	to write about something in an online blog أن تكتب عن شيء ما في مدونة عبر الإنترنت	
ecological	بيئ	related to living things and their environments تتعلق بالكائنات الحية وبيئاتها	



Dalida

BLOG HOME

BOUT ME

LINKS

ARCHIVE

Wednesday, 8th November

منازل غير عادية Unusual homes

Hi! My name's Dalida and I like blogging about different things.

This week I'm writing about unusual homes. This topic is very interesting for me because my mom's an architect, so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant places. It's really awesome!

أهلاً! اسمى دالبدا وأنا أحب التدوين عن أشياء مختلفة. أكتب هذا الأسبوع عن منازل غير عادية. هذا الموضوع ممتع للغاية بالنسبة لي لأن أمي مهندسة معمارية، لذلك تأخذني أحيانًا لرؤية بعض الأماكن الرائعة، إنه رائع حقًّا!



I found this unusual house in the Netherlands online — it's upside down! It is actually an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern. This works very well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light. Local people like it because it fits in very well with the local landscape, which is farms and fields. It is also very ecological because they use air, water, and sun to heat and make energy for the house. That's so cool!

What do you think of it? Do you like it?

لقد وحدت هذا المبرل غير العادى في هولندا عبر الإنترنت وكانت قمية بلأسفل! إنه في الواقع مبرل ريفي قديم يعيره الناس لجعلة حديثًا. يعمل المترل بشكل حيد للغاية لأن جميع النوافد في الأعلى، وبالبالي تحصل على الكثير من انضوء، يحيه انسكان المحليون لأنه يتلاءم جبدًا مع المناظر الطبيعية المحلية، وهي المرازع والحقول، كما أنه صديق للبيئة لأنه يستخدم انهواء والماء والشمس للتدفئة وتوليد الطافة للمبرل، ذاك لطبق حدًا!

ما رأيك في ذلك؟ هل يعجبك ذلك؟

Important sentences

- There is an unusual home in the Netherlands.

- هناك بيت غير عادي في هولندا.

- It's upside down.

- إنه مقلوب رأسًا على عقب.

- All the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light.

- كل المنافذ في هذا المنزل في الأعلى ، لذلك يمكنك الحصول على الكثير من الإضاءة.

- It fits in very well with the local landscape.

- إنه يتلاءم جيدًا مع المناظر الطبيعية المحلية.

Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:

خطوات كتابة المدونة Steps of writing a blog

Write about something you like and enjoy.

اکتب عن شیء تحبه وتستمتع به.

Write to your readers as if you are speaking to them. Use contractions (I'm, it's) and words like 'awesome' and 'cool'.

و اكتب لقرائك كما لو أنك تتحدث إليهم، استخدم الاختصارات مثل «it's / I'm» وكلمات مثل «رائع ولطيف»،

Use exclamation points (!) and emojis: 😊 🗴 👺 😯

استخدم علامات التعجب (!) الرموز التعبيرية.

Give your opinion and invite your readers to give theirs.

أندِ رأيك ودعْ قراء<mark>ك يبدون آراءهم</mark>.

Check that your spelling is correct.

تأكد من أن هجاءك صحيح،



Using adjectives in a blog makes it interesting.

استخدام الصفات في المدونة يجعلها ممتعة أكثر.

Positive adjectives	صفات إيجابية	Negative adjectives	صفات سلبية
funny	مضحك	awful	قبيح
awesome	مدهش	annoying	مزعج
brilliant	ذی	boring	ممل
cool	رائع		
friendly	ودود		
interesting	Stop	Et 6 quantum pages and a grown for the page of the pag	A THE PARTY OF THE

Leurania 4 & 5



• Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

(0	4	Listen and circle t	the correct answ		or d: استمع وضع دائرة حول	
		I	The upside-down is	in			
			(a. Egypt - b. Amer	ica — c. the Nethe	rlands — d. Londo	on)	
		2	It's an old	which peo	pple are changing	to modern.	
			(a. school — b. farm	house — c. museu	m – d. park)		
	3 All the windows are at the						
			(a. top - b. bottom -	- c. right - d. left)			
		4	You can get a lot of	***************************************	because all the v	vindows are at the top.	
			(a. water - b. energ	y - c. heat - d. lig	ght)		
(8	C	hoose the correct a	nswer from a, b,	c, or d:	اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:	
		1	« "	means to write ab	out something in	an online blog.	
			a) Ecological	b) Blogging	c) Unusual	d) Farmhouse	
		2	I found a/an	house	in the Netherland	ds - it's upside down!	
			a) big	b) small	c) unusual	d) hot	
		3	This week I'm	abou	t unusual homes.		
(.			a) traveling	b) writing	c) sleeping	d) finding	
	П	4	My mom is a/an	S	he is designing b	uildings.	
	ı		a) doctor	b) vet	c) firefighter	d) architect	
		5	My aunt lives in a/a	n whe	re she raises anin	nals and grows crops.	
			a) apartment	b) farmhouse	c) tent	d) boat	
(0	Re	ead the text and an	swer the questic	أسئلة: ens:	اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأ	
There is an unusual house in the Netherlands — it's upside down! It is actual old farmhouse, which people are changing to make it modern. This works well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light. Local p like it because it fits in very well with the local landscape, which is farms fields. It is also very ecological because they use air, water, and sun to hea make energy for the house. That's so cool!						dern. This works very of of light. Local people e, which is farms and	
			Choose the corre				
				house is in	*****************		
1			a) America	b) England	c) Egypt	d) the Netherlands	

		2	Upside dow	n houses	get lots of	*********************	
			a) water	b)	light	c) land	d) electricity
			Answer the	followin	g questic	ns:	3
(G)		3	Why do peo	ople like tl	he upside	down house?	······································
		4	What make	s this hou	se ecologia	:al?	
ш				**** **************	*******	***************************************	*** ***********************************
(II	Pi	ut 1	the words ir	the corr	ect order	to make sent	ences:
	1	m	om — archite	ct — <u>My</u> —	an — is.	ح لتكون جملًا:	طع الكلمات في الترتيب الصحي
	2	is	– that – Who	ere – hous	se – ecolo	jical?	
(80)	3	Ы	ogging – I –	different -	- things -	about – like.	
	4	is	— upside dov	vn — the N	Netherland	s — in — The —	house.
0	Pı	ınd	ctuate the fo	ollowing			ضع علامات الترقيم للآتي:
3	thi	is to	opic is very i	nteresting	for me	· ···· · · ···························	······································
6	W	rite	a text of abo	ut THIRTY		ام العناصر الأُتية:	ving guiding elements: اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخد
					"Unusuo	ıl home"	
	production of the second		····· Where	is it? – W	/hy is it ur	nusual? — Why	do people like it?
				* *************************************			
(°C)	1						
	,		************************************	*****************	>177>8>4		
	N.,		*****	****			

Unit 7

REVIEW





Language Focus

The Past Simple Tense

Affirmative sentence:

. ... التصريف الثاني للفعل + (الفاعل) Subject

Regular verbs:

e.g.

I visited my grandma yesterday.



Irregular verbs:



I ate fish last week.

Negative sentence:

... معبدر انفعل (inf.) + didn't + (inf.) انقاعل) Subject

e g

I didn't know the answer to the teacher's question.



Yes/No question:

A: Did + subject + (inf.) مصدر الفعل؟				
B: Yes,	- diam	did.		
B No.	subject	didn't.		

e g

A: Did you travel all over Egypt?





Wh- question:

A: Question word	did	subject	(inf.) مصدر الفعل (inf.)
B: Subject (الفاعل)		ئى للفعل	التصريف الثا

e q

A: When did it rain?

B: It rained yesterday.





7 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



*******	خزانة	\$	صعد
	فرن		سادة
130144798287,60107481814NJY148640166016	کرسی ذو ذراعین		كونة
**************************************	دش	######################################	ىفاز
***************************************	غرفة النوم		مرير
P # 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	مطبخ		برفة المعيشة
	مريح	$a_0, \phi, \phi, a_0, \phi, \phi, a_0, a_1, a_0, a_0, a_0, \phi, \phi, \phi, a_0, a_0, a_0, \phi, a_0, \phi, a_0, \phi, a_0, a_0, \phi, a_0, a_0, a_0, \phi, a_0, a_0, a_0, a_0, a_0, a_0, a_0, a_0$	عمامر

Lesson 3			
14344 - 2514144 - 24141144 - 251414	بوابة		الطوب الطينى
* ******* ******* - ********	دلنإ	***************************************	سطح
100101	حصيرة مصنوعة من القصب	***************************************	فرن
\$9,6,0 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	ورق البردى	*************************	مسطح/ مستو
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	ثلاثة	******************************	منطقة النوم
	يحافظ على	######################################	صناديق خشبية
**** ** ****** * ******* * ********	شجرة	######################################	چېن
y b b, 6, 6 m p 4, 4 m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	بذرة	***************************************	خروف
~ P ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	مدرسة	***************************************	ملكة
**************************************	ملعقة	**************************	أداة
P*P***********************************	حمامر سباحة	*****************************	صوف
************************	فيضان	*****************************	طعامر

WRITING TIME



How to write about your new apartment:

- I moved into a new (اسم المكان)
- (صفة للمكان) It is
- We have/ There are (عدد الغرف)
- (اسم الحجرة المفضلة) My favorite room is
- (اسم شيء موجود بالحجرة المفضلة) There is
- (اسم حجرة أخرى مفضلة) I also like •
- , ... (ما تقوم به في المكان) I

Mynew graffment

I moved into a new apartment with my family. It is very big. We have three bedrooms now. There are two bathrooms and a fantastic balcony. My favorite room is the living room. There is a big television in the living room. I also like my bedroom. I relax and study in it.

How to write a description of your favorite room:

- (اسم الغرفة) I love •
- ... (محتويات الغرفة) ,... (محتويات الغرفة)
- On the left, (محتويات الغرفة)
- In the middle of the room, (الأثاث الموجود بالغرفة في هذا المكان)
- ... (أسماء الأشياء المعلقة على الحائط), On the wall, ...

Wypeqroom

I love my bedroom. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is an armchair with two cushions and a big closet. On the wall, there are lots of posters of animals.

How to write a blog about unusual homes:

- I like bloqqinq about (موضوع المدونة)
- This week I'm writing about (اسم الموضوع).
- (المميز في المنزل) It's
- (تاريخ المنزل) It is •
- This works very well because (سبب إعجاب الناس بالمنزل)

Jnusual homes leto 💎 E ABOUT ME LINKS ARCHIVE 🔀

I like blogging about different things. This week I'm writing about unusual homes, I found this unusual home in the Netherlands online - it's upside down! It is actually an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern. This works very well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light.



STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

Complete the sentences with the words in the box:

	unfriendly — uncomfortable — unlucky — unsafe — unhappy — unfair
1	His cat died last week. He was very
2	I never sit in that green armchair — it's very
3	
4	
5	He's verybecause he missed the bus.
6	She's very she never smiles or tries to make friends.
90	omplete the sentences with the verbs in brackets in the past simple:
1	When we went to Sharm El-Sheikh on holiday, we (meet
	some new friends.
2	She (create) a fantastic sculpture from the garbage.
3	We(carry) our heavy cases to the car.
4	His grandma(go) to Aswan last year.
5	Yesterday, my cousin(come) to visit us.
N	lake the sentences negative:
I	He traveled all over Egypt.
2	He ate Om Ali in Tanta.
3	It rained yesterday.
4	They came here by airplane.

estyoursel





		Liste	ning			
0	Listen and circl	e the correct answ	er from a, b, c, or ول الإجابة الصحيحة:	d: استمع وضع دائرة ح		
	1 Ancient Egyptians	wanted to keep the	ir homes			
	(a. hot – b. light –	-c. cool – d. dark)				
	2 Ancient Egyptians					
		ls - c, roofs $- d$, wo				
	3 The roofs were the part of the house.					
		olest — c. smallest —	33			
	4 Families often co			hot nights.		
	(a. studied – b. re	ad - c. played - d.	slept)			
		Read	ing			
2	Choose the correct	t answer from a, b,	c, or d:	اختر الإجابة الصحي		
	1 If something bad	happens to you with	nout a reason, you	are		
	a) unfair	b) unhappy	c) unlucky	d) unsafe		
	2 There is a bed in	the middle of the				
	a) living room	b) kitchen	c) bedroom	d) bathroom		
	3 The	bricks made the Egy	ptian homes strong	and cool.		
	a) made	b) mud	c) wall	d) mat		
	4 It's to	cross the road with	out a green light.			
	a) unfair	b) unfriendly	c) unlucky	d) unsafe		
Read and complete the text with the words in the box: اقرأ وأكمل النص باستخدام الكلمات المساعدة:						
	par	yrus — <mark>wooden — i</mark> nsi	de — mats — outside			
		it and sleep on. They	used(2)	om today. There were to cover the windows there were large pots		

and baskets for storing crops and boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs.

Read the text and answer the questions:

اقرأ النص وأجب عن الأسئلة:

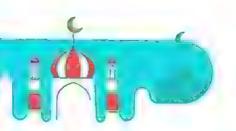
Fareeda's parents had to move to a new job, so they moved to a closer apartment. Fareeda loves the new apartment because it is bigger than the old one. The new kitchen is bigger and the oven is more modern; her mom says it's easier to cook in. 34 There is more space in the living room, so they can have a bigger television. They

have three bedrooms now. Fareeda shares a room with her sister, Amira, but their bedroom is really big. They have two bathrooms and a fantastic balcony.

	Choose the corr			
1	The general ide	ea of the text is abo	out Fareeda's ne	2W,
	a) job	b) apartment		d) school
2	The underlined	word "modern" med	ins	•
	a) old	b) far	c) new	d) close
- 1	Answer the follo	owing questions:		
3	Why did Faree	eda's parents move	to a new aparti	ment?
4	Summarize the	text into two sente	nces.	
	1440411144411444	Wri	iting	
Put	the words in the	e correct order to r	nake sentence	es:
			يح لتكون جملًا:	🤍 ضع الكلمات في الترتيب الصح
1 n	new - to - my -	Welcome – apartm	ent.	
		,,,,,,,,	*************	
2 v	visited — was — w	han five I have	- I - house	
	islica was	MeH = HAG = I = HGG	-1- House.	
	minimum	uleu – live – I – uei	— 1 — House.	
Rea		orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between b	orackets: اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للن
	d and write the co	***************************************	ord(s) between b كلمات بين الأقواس:	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للأ
1 \	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between t كلمات بين الأقواس: cases to the ca	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للأ
1 V 2 7	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between t كلمات بين الأقواس: cases to the ca	اقرآ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday.
1 \ 2 7 Pur	d and write the co We (carry) They didn't (came	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between t كلمات بين الأقواس: cases to the ca	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للأ
1 \ 2] Pur	d and write the co We (carry) They didn't (came	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between t كلمات بين الأقواس: cases to the ca	اقرآ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday.
1 \ 2 7 Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between t کلمات بین الأقواس: cases to the ca e by airplane.	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى:
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane.	اقرآ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday.
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between be be by airplane. ords using the cartal using the below the cartal using the below the b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane. ords using the cade that using the cade that using the cade that we can be cade to be cade that we can be cade to b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخ
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane. ords using the cade that using the cade that using the cade that we can be cade to be cade that we can be cade to b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخ
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane. ords using the cade that using the cade that using the cade that we can be cade to be cade that we can be cade to b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخ
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane. ords using the cade that using the cade that using the cade that we can be cade to be cade that we can be cade to b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخ
Pur who	d and write the co	orrect form of the wo	ord(s) between to the ca cases to the ca e by airplane. ords using the cade that using the cade that using the cade that we can be cade to be cade that we can be cade to b	اقرأ واكتب الشكل الصحيح للا r yesterday. ضع علامات الترقيم للآتى: following guiding اكتب فقرة من 30 كلمة باستخ



AL-AZHAR CORNER





Read and complete the dialog:

اقرأ وأكمل المحادثة:

	born — great — living — old
Rar	Do you likehere?
Sali	ma : I love it! It's a apartment!
Rar	. How long did you live in your apartment?
Salı	ma : Twelve years, since I was
Ch	loose the correct answer: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:
Ţ	Did you (visit - visited - visiting) your grandma last holiday?
2	Dalia likes (drawing - reading - blogging). She always writes about something
	in an online blog.

- 3 A: When did it rain? B: It (rains rained rain) yesterday.
- The bed was very (unfair unfriendly uncomfortable). I didn't sleep very well.
- After school, I have a long shower in the (living room bathroom bedroom).

Re	order the words to make correct sentences:	أعد ترتيب الكلمات لتكون جملاً صحيحة:
1	to $-\text{new} - \underline{\text{Welcome}} - \text{my} - \text{apartment}$.	
		***** * *******************************
2	is - The - fantastic - balcony.	

3	scientist - uncle - $a - Mu - is$.	
	<u> </u>	

4	ald - you - yesterday - What - do?	
5	blogging - things - I - different - about - like	2.
	2 3	Reorder the words to make correct sentences: 1 to - new - Welcome - my - apartment. 2 is - The - fantastic - balcony. 3 scientist - uncle - a - My - is. 4 did - you - yesterday - What - do? 5 blogging - things - I - different - about - like

At the doctor's פֿוריה אירוי פּן וופּאוניים

Student's Book







By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:

بنهایة هذه الوحدة، سیکون التلمید قادرًا علی أن:

listen, read, research, and write about different illnesses and treatments.

يستمع، يقرأ، يبحث، ويكتب عن الأنواع المختلفة من الأمراض والعلاحات.

practice using "have" to talk about illnesses.

- يتدرب على استخدام "have" للتحدث عن الأمراض،
- listen to and understand a conversation between a doctor and a patient.
- يستمع ويفهم محادثه س ذكبور ومرتض،

- learn about and use the prefixes "un, ir, il, and im".
- بتعلم عن ويستخدم البادئة ir, un, il, الرو im".
- understand the difference between /f/ and /v/ sounds.
- بعهم الفرق بين الأصواب /f/ و /v/

write a short paragraph about staying healthy.

- يكتب فقرة قصيرة عن البقاء بصحة جيدة.
- In Ancient Egypt, doctors often used honey as medicine to help sick people.
- There are different jobs at the hospital. People can be doctors, nurses, surgeons, and *caregivers.

*caregivers

مقدمو الرعاية



They didn't come to the club! الم النادم!





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



earache ألم الأذن



toothache ألم الأسنان



cold إنفلونزا (برد)



cough کحة



sore throat التهاب الحلق



backache ألم بالظهر



headache صداع

Parts of the body that hurt:

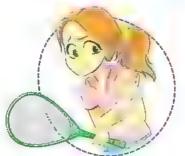




ankle کاحل



back ظهر



shoulder کتف



Let's say it right!

- لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (ch) في كلمة (ache) ينطقان (k).
- لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (gh) ينطقان (f) كما في (cough).



ear + ache = earache

tooth + ache = toothache



							100		
-	7			66	1	0.01	-	DESTRUCTION OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	п
-	- 60	9.	and the same	CONT. CO.			90		
									2

club	نادٍ	problems	مشاكل	practice	تمرین / تدریب
cousin	ابن العمر أو الخال	aunt	خالة / عمة	dentist	طبيب أسنان
coach	کابتن / مدرب	honey	عسل	stomach	معدة

Conjugation of verbs

Regular verbs			أفعـــال منتظ <mark>مــة</mark>			
Present		Past	Present		Past	
stay	يبقى	stayed	hope	يتمنى	hoped	
	lrregular verbs		ً ــال غير مئتظمـــة		أفع	
Present		Past	Present		Past	
hurt	يؤذى/ يؤلم	hurt	think	بقيعة	thought	
tell	يخبر	told	feel	يشعر	felt	

Englishment and Phonic

have a good day	يقضى يومًا سعيدًا	Not really	ليس تمامًا
football practice	تدريب كرة القدم	be careful	کن حذرًا
worried about	قَلق بشأن	stay home	يبقى بالمنزل
feel better	يتحسن	I hope so!	أتمنى ذلك!
What's the matter?	ما الثُمر؟	Ouch!	هذا مؤلم!



- Fares was at the club today.

- كان فارس في النادي اليومر.
- Some of his friends didn't come, they had problems.
- بعض أصدقائه لم يأتوا؛ كان لديهم مشاكل،
- The coach told them to stay home when they have a cough or a sore throat.
 - أخبرهم المدرب أن يبقوا في المنزل، إذا كان لديهم كحة أو التهاب في الحلق.

Sheck point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 I have alan (earache toothache cold headache). I need to go to the dentist.
- 2 She really can't talk. She has a/an (headache backache sore throat earache).
- 3 I need some milk and honey for my (cough stomach shoulder ankle).
- 4 I can't walk well. My (back stomach shoulder ankle) hurts.





Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Mom

Hi Fares! Did you have a good day at the club?

أهلًا فارس! هل حظيت بيوم جيد في النادي؟

Not really. Five people didn't come to the club today!

ليس تمامًا. خمسة أشخاص لم يأتوا إلى النادي اليوم!

Fares





Mom

Oh no! Are they OK?

أوه لا! هل هم بخير؟

No, they have problems. My friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice last night. And Amr has an earache from swimming.

لا، لديهم مشاكل. صديقي طارق أذى كاحله في تدريب كرة القدم في اللبلة الماضية، وعمرو لديه ألم في أذنه من السباحة،





Mom

What about your cousin Lama? Your aunt said she had a toothache.

ماذا عن ابنة خالتك لمي؟ قالت خالتك إنها كان لديها ألم بالأسنان.

No, she wasn't there. I think she went to the dentist. Two of my friends have a cold. The coach told us to be careful. When we have a cough or a sore throat, we should stay home!

لا، لم تكن هناك، أعتقد أنها ذهبت إلى طبيب الأسنان، كان اثنان من أصدقائي لديهم برد، أخبرنا المدرب رأن تكون حذرين، عندما يكون لدينا كحة أو ألم بالحلق، يجب أن نبقى في المنزل،

Fares

Fares





Mom

How do you feel?

كيف تشعر؟

Well, I have a backache and I'm worried about my friends. I hope they'll feel better tomorrow.

, حسنًا، لدى ألم بالظهر، وأنا وقلق على أصدقائي. أتمني أن يتحسنوا غدًا،





Mon

I hope so, too!

أتمى دلك، أيضًا!



Lesson 1

26

Remembering Understanding Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

	Choose the correct	answer from a, b	, c, or d:	5
î	1 Can I have some n	nilk and honey for	my	?
No. of Lot	a) stomachache	b) headache	c) earache	d) cough
	2 Adel has a/an	His ear	rs hurt.	_
-	a) headache	b) earache	c) toothache	d) sore throat
(O.	3 The coach told us to	o be	not to get ill.	
	a) good	b) worried	c) careful	d) sick
i i	4 I have a backache.	My	nurts.	
1.	a) ear	b) stomach	c) back	d) arm
	5 Myh	urts when I carry l	neavy bags.	
ľ	a) ankle	b) tooth	c) stomach	d) shoulder
C	Read and complete	the text with the	words in the bo	ox: 4
		ankle — ill — hurt —	dentist — hurts	
	My name is Ahmed. Y	esterday, I didn't g	go to school. I felt	very I
	told my mom, and she	thought I hurt my	(2) at the	football practice, but I
	didn't. Then she thought	I had a headache	, but I didn't. My to	eeth
l	we went to the(4)	I feel fine n	ow.	
E	Read the text and ar	swer the questic	ons:	()
î	Fares is sad. He didn't h	nave a good day at	the club. Five pec	pple didn't come to the

Fares is sad. He didn't have a good day at the club. Five people didn't come to the club today because they had problems. His friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice last night. Amr has an earache from swimming. Lama has a toothache. She went to the dentist. Two of his friends have a cold. The coach told them to be careful. When they have a cough or a sore throat, they should stay home! Fares is ill, too. He has a backache, and he's worried about his friends.



Lephen P







Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:

ما الأمر مع أشرف؟ What's the matter with Ashraf?



Ashraf 🕒

Hello, Doctor. I don't feel well.

أَهلًا؛ يا دكتور ، أنا لا أشعر أنني بحالة جيدة .

What's the matter, Ashraf? Do you have a headache?

ماذا يك، يا اشرف؟ هل يديك صدع؟





Ashraf

No, Doctor. I don't have a headache.

لا، يا دكبور، ليس لدى صداع.

Do you have a stomachache(1)?

هل لديك ألم في المعدة؟





Ashraf ...

No, Doctor. I don't have a stomachache.

لا، يا دكتور، ليس لدى ألم في المعدة.



Do you have a toothache?

هل لديك ألم في الأسنان؟





Ashraf

No, Doctor. I don't have a toothache. I have ... I have ... Achoo!

لا، يا دكتور. ليس لدى ألم في الأسنان. أنا عندي.. أنا عندي... (صوت العطس) .

Oh, dear! You have a cold. Stay home, sleep well, and take this medicine⁽²⁾. ديني الديك نزلة برد. ابقً في المنزل، ونم جيدًا وتناول هذا الدواء.







Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:

What part of her body has Nahla hurt?

فَى أَى جِزء من جسدها أَصيبت نهلة؟



Nurse

Come in, Nahla. What's the matter?

ر تعصلي با يهلة. ما الأمر؟

ر) ملعب (1) جرح (2)

I fell over in the playground (1).

لقد وقعت في الملعب.





Nurse ...

Oh, dear. Where does it hurt?

أووه، عريزي، مادا يؤلمك؟

Here. I have a cut (2) on my arm.

هنا، لدي جرح في ذراعي،





Nurse

Oh, yes, I see. Don't worry. I'll clean it and put a bandage (3) on it.

أوه، نعمر، فهمت. لا تقلقي، سأنظقه وأضع ضمادة

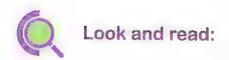


Thank you, nurse.

شكرً يك, أيتها الممرضة.







A Special Hospital

مستشفت مميزة

In a hospital in Bangalore, a city in southern India, there are many patients. The hospital treats patients from all over the country.

With every patient, there are about ten family members.

In India, it is unusual for a sick person to go to the hospital alone. Family usually go with their unwell relative.



This means that the hospital is often very crowded and busy. But instead of telling family members that they can't visit their sick relatives, the staff at this hospital do something special. They turn a problem into something wonderful. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person. For example, some people learn how to change bandages and others learn how to give injections.

في مستشفى في بتعالور، مدينة في حيوب الهيد، هنالك الكثير من المرضى، يعالج المستشفى المرضى من حميع أبحاء البلاد. مع كل مرابض هناك حوالى عشرة أفراد من العائبة، في الهند ليس من العنادي أن بدهنت شخص إلى المستشفى بمفردة، عنادة منا تذهب العائلية مع قريبهم المريض.

هـدا يعنى أن تمسشقى عالبًا ما يكون مزدحف ومشعولًا تلعنه، ولكن تدلًا من إحبار أفراد الأسرة بأنهم لا يستطيعون ربارة أقارتهم المرضى، فريق العاملين بالمستشفى تفعلون شيئًا ممترًا، إنهم تحولون المسكلة إلى شيء رائع، لديهم فصور لتعليم العائلة كنفية رعانة الشخص المريض، على سنيل المنان، تتعلم تعنص الاشخاص كنفية تعنير انضمادات ويتعلم احرون كيفية إعضاء الحقن،

Each afternoon, staff from the hospital turn the corridors into classrooms.

The nurses become teachers and the family members — and sometimes even the patients — become the students. Not only does this help the hospital staff, but it also helps the families to care for their relatives when they go home. The staff know that the lessons work because not as many patients return to the hospital now.

بعد ظهار كل ينوم ، نقنوم موطفو المستشفى بتحويل الممرات إلى فصول دراسية، نصبح الممرضات معلمات، وأقاراد العائلة - وأحيانًا حتى المرضى - تصلحون طلاباً. هذا لا تساعد فقيط العامليان بالمستشفى، وبكنية أبضًا بساعد العائلات على رعانية أقربهام عندما يعبودون إلى المستشفى الأن،

Extra vocabulary						
patients	مرصى	family members	أفراد العائلة	alone	بمفرده	
unwell (adj)	مريض	relatives	أقارب	crowded (adj)	مزدحم	
busy (adj.)	مشغول	staff	طاقم العمل	look after	بعتنی بـ	
bandages	ضمادات	injections	حقن	corridors	ممرات	





We use "have" to talk about illness:

نستحدم الفعل «have» للتحدث عن المرض:

Affirmative sentence:

I/ You/ We/ They/ اسم جمع + have + a/an + illness (اسم المرض).



I have a headache.

أنا عندي (مصاب بـ) صداع.

He/ She/ It/ اسم مفرد + has + a/an + illness (اسم المرص).



Hana has a cold.

ها لديها (مصابة يا) دور برد.

Negative sentence:

I/ You/ We/ They / اسم جمع | don't have + a/an + illness (اسم المرض).

He/ She/ It / اسم مفرد | doesn't



I don't have a sore throat. I have a backache.

أنا ليس لدى (مصابة بـ) التهاب في الحلق. أنا لدى (مصابة بـ) ألم في الظهر،



She doesn't have an earache. She has a toothache.

هي ليس لديها (مصابة بـ) ألمر في الأذن. هي لديها (مصابة بـ) ألمر في الأسنان.

Yes/ No Question



A: Do you have an earache?

B: Yes, I do.



A: Does she have a toothache?

B: No, she doesn't.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Ola (is has have did) a toothache.
- 2 (Is Are Do Does) you have an earache?
- 3 Adel (don't doesn't hasn't isn't) have a cold.
- 4 Does she (has have had having) a stomachache?
- 5 Mona and Laila (have has having to have) a sore throat.
- 6 (Do Does Are Doing) your mom have an earache?
- 7 The children (have has having to have) a cold.
- 8 We (aren't don't doesn't weren't) have a headache.

Prefix un-

We can add the prefix un- to make the opposite of an adjective.

نضيف البادئة (-un) لنكون المضاد من الصفة.



- We add ir-, il-, and im- to some adjectives.

- نضيف -im-, il-, ir لبعض الصفات:

Prefix	Use	Root word	Opposite word
ir	when the word begins with r	responsible	irresponsible
	TI TERRETARE TO MESTAGED THE TAIL MESTER WASHING	مسئول	سِر مسئول
il	when the word begins with I	اegal قىونى	عبر قانونی illegal
		possible	impossible
im	when the word begins with m or p	محتمل / ممكن	غير محتمل / غير ممكن
	when the word begins with the of p	moral	immoral
		أخلاقي	غير أخلاقي

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Talking on your cell phone while driving is (legal unwell illegal polite).
- 2 I won the game. I feel (unhappy unwell happy immoral).
- 3 It's (possible responsible irresponsible impossible) to climb that mountain. It's very dangerous.
- 4 In India, it's (unusual moral well usual) for a sick person to go to the hospital alone.
- 5 He's (polite impolite immoral irresponsible). He always speaks carefully and shows respect.
- 6 She always forgets to feed her cat. She's (illegal impossible irresponsible immoral).



Lesson 2



Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

. 3
11/2
, 4
100

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d:



- 1 Nahla fell over in the
- (a. class -b. bedroom -c. playground -d. street)
- 2 Nahla had a cut on her
 - (a. ankle b. arm c. hand d. feet)
- 3 The nurse put a on the cut.

 (a. sunscreen b. bandage c. medicine d. injection)
- 4 Nahla the nurse.
 - (a. fed b. helped c. thanked d. hurt)

2

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



injections - sick - crowded - relatives - quiet



Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:



- 1 have $-\underline{Do} a Adel stomachache, you?$
- 2 fell the -I in playground over.
- 3 is hospital very crowded busy The and.
- 4 medicine this home and take $\underline{\text{Stay}}$.

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0.00			20

	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	
	1 The kids (has) a toothache.	
	2 (Does) you have a stomachache?	
	3 Does Hany (has) a headache?	
	4 He (don't) have a cold.	
	5 A: (Is) he have a toothache? B: Yes, he does.	
	6 We (aren't) have a backache.	
	7 They (having) a cold.	
	8 Ola doesn't (has) a cut on her arm.	
	9 Talking on your cell phone while driving is (legal)	
	10 It's (possible) to jump that high, it's very dangerous.	
	I do you have a headache	
	2 i don t have a toothache.	
	Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding	(
)	elements: "You fell over in the playground."	,
	elements:	
	elements: "You fell over in the playground."	
	elements: "You fell over in the playground."	
	elements: "You fell over in the playground."	
	elements: "You fell over in the playground."	





Lesson 3



The Provider of Homey ge



Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

		Main voc	abulary		
honey	لسح	way	طريقة	perhaps	رېما / يمكن
injuries	إصابات	illnesses	أمراض	recently	حديثًا (مؤخرًا)
cupboard	دولاب (خزانة)	substance	مادة	medical care	رعاية طبية

Conjugation of verbs المعالية الأصحال

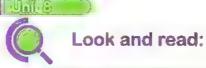
	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
enjoy	يستمتع ب	enjoyed	treat	يعالج	treated
heal	يشفى	healed	contain	يحتوى على	contained
mix	يحلط	mixed	damage	يدمر	damaged
	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
know	يعرف	knew	cut	يقطع / يجرح	cut

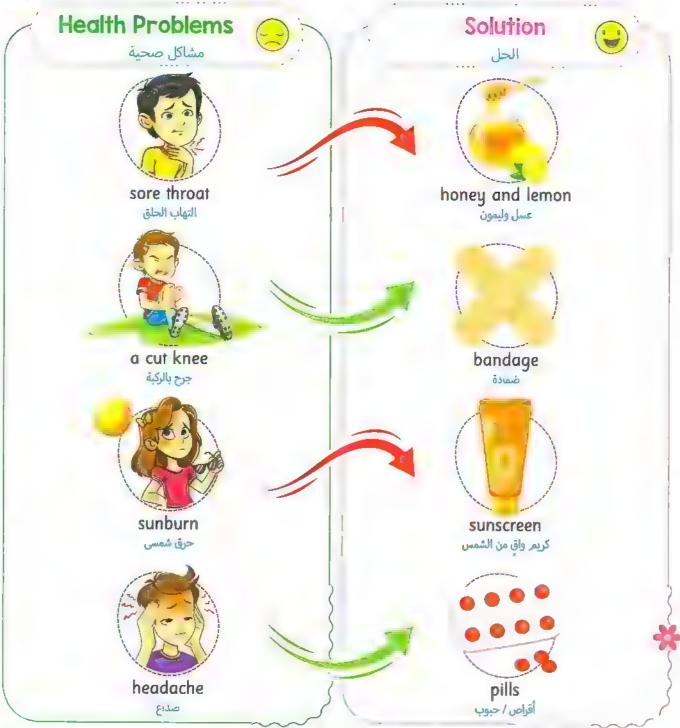
TOTAL CHARGE LEVEL BELL BOOK TO SERVE

used as		for thousands of years	لآلاف السنين
make your cough better	تحسن من حالة الكحة لديك	get better	يتحسن

Definitions

treatment	علاج	medical care to help you get better	الرعاية الطبية لمساعدتك على التحسن
wound	خرح	an injury that damages your skin	إصابة تتلف جلدك
bacteria	بكتيريا	very small things that can make you ill	أشياء صغيرة جدًّا تصيبك بالمرض
heal	یشفی	to get better	أن تصبح أفضل





اهمل هامیه Important sentences

- Honey is used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses.
 - يستخدم العسل كعلاج لبعض الجروح و الأمراض،
- It was used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago.
 - تم استخدامه في علاج الجروح من قبل الأطباء المصريين منذ حوالي ٥٠٠٠ سنة.
- Some types of honey contain things that can kill bacteria.
 - بعض أنواع العسل تحتوى على أشياء يمكن أن تقتل البكتيريا.

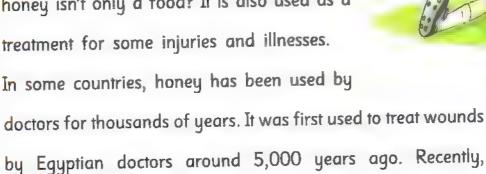




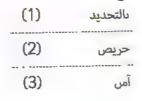
Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Do you like honey? Perhaps you enjoy eating it for breakfast. Or maybe you enjoy it in a sweet basbousa? But did you know that honey isn't only a food? It is also used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses.



scientists have tried to find out exactly (1) why honey is so good



for healing wounds and treating illnesses.

هـل بحـب انعسـل؟ ربمـا يسـتمتع ساويـه على الإقطـار. أو ربمـا نسـتمتع بـه فـي البسوسـة انجلـوة، لكن هـن تعيـم أن انعسـل لبـس طعامًـا فقـط؟ كمـا أنـه يسـتخدم أيضًـا كعـلاج لبعـض الجـروح والأمـراض.

في تعلق البليدان، استحدم الأطباء العسل لآلاف السبين، ثم استحدامه لأول مرة لعبلاج الحروج من قِبل الأطباء المصريين مند حوالي ٥٠٠٠ سنة. مؤجرًا، حاول العلماء معرفة بالتحديد لماذا العسن حيد حيثًا في شفاء الحروج وعلام الأمراض.

Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful (2), however. The honey that doctors use is a special honey only that is safe (3) to use as a treatment. So, if you have a jar of honey in your cupboard, you can mix it with milk to make your cough better, but don't put it on your cut knee!

تعلم العلماء أن تعلص أنواع العسل تحتوي على الأشياء التي تمكن أن تساعد في قتل التكتيرينا. وهذا تساعد على شفاء الحروج بشكل أسرع، تحت أن تكون حدرًا، ترغم ذلك. العسل الذي يستحدمه الأصاء هو عسل حياص أمن للاستخدام كعلاج، لـدا، إذا كان لذيك وعياء من العسل في حراسك، يمكنك مرحة مع الحليب لجعيل كجنيك / سعالك أقصيل، تكن لا تضعية على حرج بالركبة!







Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:







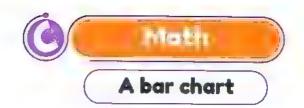


To make the IfI sound, rest your top teeth on your lower lip. Blow, but don't use your voice.

لعمل الصوت /// أرح الأسنان العلوية على الشفاه السفلية ثم انفخ، ولكن لا تستخدم صوتك!

To make the /v/ sound, rest your top teeth on your lower lip. Blow, but do use your voice!

لعمل الصوت /٧/ أرح الأسنان العلوية على الشفاه السفلية ثمر انفخ، ولكن استخدم صوتك!





Look, read, and notice:

انظر، اقرأ، ولاحظ:

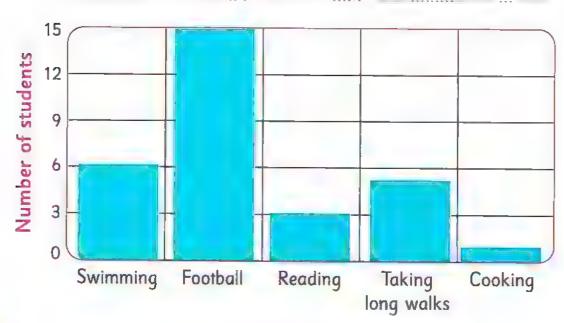
A bar chart is a way of showing information.

الرسم البياني هو طريقة لعرض المعلومات.

e.g. Last week, 30 students were asked about their favorite free-time activity to stay healthy. Here is the result of their survey. Which favorite activity was enjoyed by the biggest number of students?

في الأسبوع الماصى، سُئل ٣٠ طالتًا عن بشاط وقت العراغ المفصل لديهم للنقاء بصحه حيدة. هنا بتبحة استطلاع الرأى الخاص بهم، ما هو النشاط المعضل الذي استمتع به أكبر عدد من الطلاب؟

Favorite activity		Number of students	
Swimming	السباحة	6	students
Football	كرة القدم	15	students
Reading	القراءة	3	students
Taking long wa طويلة	lks المشى لمسافات	5	students
Cooking	الطبخ	1	student





Lesson 3



			• Remembering	Understanding	alyzing • Evaluating • Creation	ng
	3		ect answer from a, b,			5
1	1 "		means the very small	things that can me	ake you ill.	
li	(a) Wound	b) Treatment	c) Heal	d) Bacteria	
	2 Y	ou can mix ho	ney with	to make your co	ugh better.	
11	(a) water	b) juice	c) cola	d) milk	
6	3 ".	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	means an injury that	damages your skir	1.	
	(a) Honey	b) Treatment	c) Heal	d) Wound	
	4 I	cut my knee la	st week. My grandma	put a	on it.	
	C	a) bandage	b) pill	c) sunscreen	d) lemon	
	5 ".	31	means the medical ca	re to help you get	better.	
ij		a) Treatment	b) Heal	c) Bacteria	d) Wound	
E	Rea	d and comple	ete the text with the	words in the box	:	4
		S	chool — treatment — hos	pital — special — hoi	ney	
	My n	ame is Eman. I	'm a doctor. I work in	a(1)	. My favorite fo	od is
	,,,	(2) I like l	noney because it's not o	only a food, but it's	also a (3)	for
	some	injuries and illn	esses. Honey has been	used by doctors fo	r thousands of ye	ars. I
	use h	oney too, but it	s ahoney	J. Only doctors use	it.	
77	Pon	d the tout on a	l amannanah a ana ari			
E			answer the question			6
	some make the cu	udents a lot about solutions to he them some hout. If someone ache, they show	rse. Yesterday, I had a but honey and how to lip anyone who has a ney and lemon. If a po has a sunburn, they s lid take some pills.	use it to treat illness problem. If a pers erson has a cut kn hould use sunscre	ses. I also taught to on has a sore the ee, put a bandaq	them roat, e on
	•		orrect answer from	a, b, c, or d:		
	1	Asmaa is a	***************************************			
		a) doctor	b) firefighter	c) nurse	d) teache	r
1	2	She taught the	students a lot about	**************************************		
Ü		a) milk	b) lemon	c) honey	d) pills	



Answer the following questions:

- 3 What did Asmaa teach the students yesterday?
- 4 What do you do if someone has a sore throat?

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:



- $\text{I} \quad \text{cut} \text{honey} \text{your} \underline{\text{Don't}} \text{on} \text{knee} \text{put}.$
- 2 a very have scarf long I.
- 3 good for Honey wounds healing is.
- 4 a bandage your cut knee Put on.

Punctuate the following:



- 1 honey isn t only a food.
- 2 egyptian doctors used honey around 5,000 years ago

Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:



"The power of honey"

. treat wounds — kill bacteria — very useful .	





Writing & Project



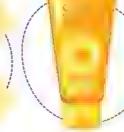
Main vocabulary



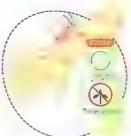
Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:











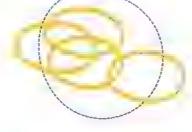
bandages ضمادات

sunscreen كريم واقي من الشمس

scissors مقص

insect bite cream cleansing wipes مناديل للتطهير كريم لدغة الحشرات









medical gloves قفازات طبیة

rubber bands أربطة مطاطية

safety pins دبابیس الأمان

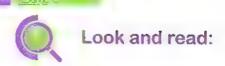
soap صابون

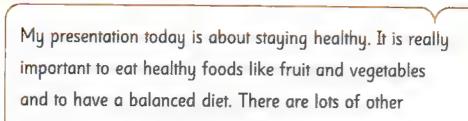
	A STATE OF LABOUR SHAPE OF
بالسائلين المناش	

presentation	عرض تقديمي	way	طريقة	expert	خبير
exercise	تمرين	early	مبكرًا	great (adj.)	رائع

Expressions and Phrases

sta	ying healthy	البقاء بصحة جيدة	balanced diet	نظام غذائى متوازن
loo	k after	يعتني بـ	keep your body moving	حافظ على حركة جسمك
end	ough sleep	قدر كافٍ من التوم	In addition,	بالإضافة إلى ذلك،
spe	end time	يقضى وقتًا	keep healthy	يبقى بصحة جيئة
ma	ke time	يدبر وقتًا	focus on	يركز على





العرض التقديمي الخاص بي اليوم يتعلق بالبقاء بصحة جيدة. من المهم حقًا تناول الأطعمة الصحية مثل الفاكهة والخضراوات واتباع نظام غذائي متوازن. وهناك العديد من

things that we can do to look after our health.

الأشياء الأخرى التي يمكننا القيام بها للعناية بصحتنا،



You should do some exercise every day. It's very important to keep your body moving. Playing sport at school or with friends is a good way to exercise.

بجب عليك القيام للعلم الثماريان كل تـوم ـ من المهلم حـدا أن تحافظ على تحرك حسمك. لعلب الرياضة في المدرسة أو مع الأصدقاء هـو

طريقة جيدة للتمرين،

Another thing you can do is to go to bed early. It's important to get enough sleep. Experts think you should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

In addition to this, one of the best ways to stay healthy is to spend time with your friends. It's not only your body that you need to keep healthy, you should make time to focus on being happy, too. Spending time with your family and friends is a great way to do this.

شيء احر يمكنك القيام به وهو الدهاب إلى القراش/السوير مبكرًا. من المهم أن تحصل على ما تكفي من النوم، يعتقد الحيراء أنث يحب أن تنام ما بين ثماني إلى تسع ساعات كل ليلة.

بالإضافة إلى دلك، فإن أحد أفصل الصرق للعاء لصحة جيدة هو قصاء الوقت مع أصدقائك. ليس حسمك فقط الذي تحتج أن تنفيه لصحة حبدة. يحت أن تحصص وقتًا للتركير على أن تكون سعيذ الضًا، فضاء الوقت مع العائلة والاصدقاء طريقة رائعة للقدم للالك،

Check point

1	What is the presentation about?
2	How many hours of sleep should we get every night?





c) all types of food

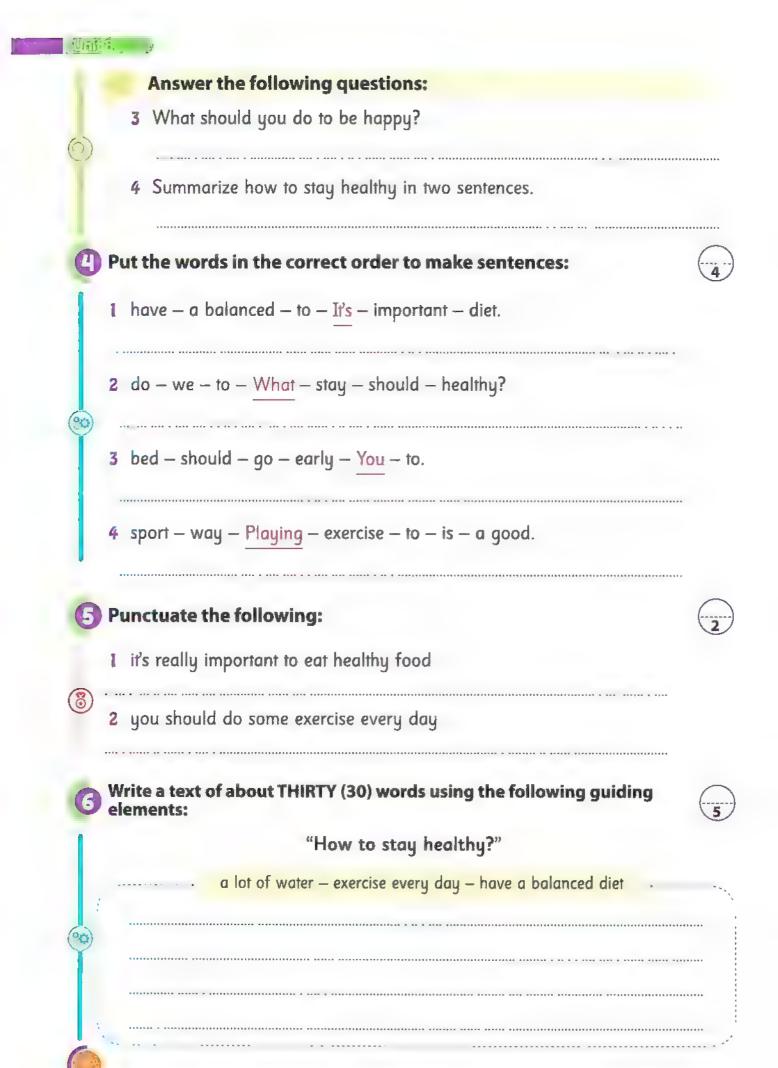
Lessons 4 & 5



Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	The state of the s
 Listen and circle the correct answ 	ver from a, b, c or d:
I Mazen has a presentation at	3
(a. club – b. school – c. hospital – d.	•
2 The presentation is about staying	
(a. clever - b. active - c. healthy - d 3 It's really important to have a	•
(a. unhealthy — b. balanced — c. fast	
4 Getting sleep, and drin	
(a. too much — b. little — c. enough —	-
Read and complete the text with the	words in the box:
time - happy - bod	ly — family — money
It is really important to stay healthy. One o	of the best ways to stay healthy is to spend
(1) with your friends. It's not onl	y your(2) that you need to keep
healthy. You should make time to focus o	on being, too. Spending time
with your(4) and friends is a gr	reat way to do this.
Read the text and answer the questions	5:
My name is Omar. My presentation today is	s about staying healthy. It is really important
	es and to have a balanced diet. You should
	at school or with friends is a good way to
exercise. It's important to get enough sleep.	Experts think you should get between eight
and nine hours of sleep every night. You s	hould make time to focus on being happy,
too. Spending time with your family and fr	iends is a great way to do this.
Choose the correct answer fron	n a, b, c, or d:
1 The main idea of the text is about	***************************************
a) family and friends	b) healthy diet
c) enough sleep	d) playing sports
2 The underlined word " <u>balanced</u> " r	neans to eat
a) only meat	b) only vegetables

d) only fruit





REVIEW











Lesson			
	ظهر		كاحل
	إنفلونزا/ برد	***************************************	صداع
	ألمر الأذن		كتف
	كحة		ألمر الأسنان
	التهاب الحلق		ألمر بالظهر

Lesson			
	بمعرده		أفراد العائلة
	أقارب		مريض
14444) 444 - 4444114444444 - 444	مشغول	***************************************	مزدحم
	یعتنی پ		طآقم العمل
	حقن		ضمادات
			ممرأت

Lesson	**-		
*******	ورقة شجر		وشاح/ كوفية
	قليل		ضفدع
	طبيب بيطرى		فاكهة
***************************************	تلفاز		منظر
	مروحة	**** **** *****************************	آمن
****** ****	خضراوات		حدًّا
	حياة		شاحنة صغيرة
	يغادر		معدية
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	حی/ یعیش	***************************************	يوفر



WRITING TIME



How to write about illnesses:

- Five people didn't come to the club today!
- My friend (سمر) has (مرض).
- My friend (اسم) hurt (جزء من أجزاء الجسم).
- I have (مرض).

- Mnesses

Five people didn't come to the club today! My friend Amr has an earache from swimming. My friend Lama has a toothache. She went to the dentist. My friend Tarek hurt his ankle at football practice last night. I have a sore throat, I can't talk.

How to write about health problems and the solutions:

- If a person has (مرض), (علاج المرض).
- If a person has (مرض), (علاج المرض), (علاج المرض).
- If a person has (مرض), (علاج المرض), (علاج المرض).
- If a person has (مرض), (ملاج المرض).

badeneldoug-dilbery eachddeachd

If a person has a sore throat, make them some honey and lemon. If a person has a cut knee, put a bandage on the cut. If a person has a sunburn, they should use sunscreen. If someone has a headache, they should take some pills.

How to write about the usage of honey:

- I really like honey.
- I like to drink honey and lemon when I have (السماء أمراض)
- Some doctors use honey as
 (استخدامات العسل) ...
- ... (نوع العسل) Doctors use
- Honey contains things that help to
 (فوائد العسل)

The use of
I really like honey. I like to drink honey and lemon when I cough, or when I have a sore throat. Some doctors use honey as a treatment for wounds. Doctors use a special kind of honey. Honey contains things that can help to kill bacteria and heal wounds.





STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

	Rewrite these sentences s	o they mean the opposite:
1	Tarek is happy.	
2	The bridge is safe.	
3	Ramy is fit.	
0	Put the words in the corre	ct order to make sentences or questions:
1	you / an earache / Do / hav	/e / ?
2	sore / a / I / throat / have /	•
3	a / has / He / cold / .	
4	Nader / have / Does / head	ache / a / ?
5	he / No, / doesn't / .	
3	Look at the words in bold in	the article. Match them to their meaning:
	1 treatment	• a. to get better
	2 wound	• b. very small things that can make you ill
	3 bacteria	• c. medical care to help you get better
	4 heal	• d. an injury that damages your skin



UNIT 8





		A Liste	ening	
0	Listen and circle	the correct answ	ver from a, b, c or d:	6
I	Mai feels very			
	(a. happy - b. sad -	c. sick – d. well)		
2	Maihave	a stomachache.		
	(a. don't - b. doesn't	— c. isn't — d. are	n't)	
3	Mai has a			
	(a. sore throat – b. he	eadache — c. stom	nachache – d. earache)	
4	She'll drink honey and	d		
	(a. juice - b. water -	c. lemon – d. mi	k)	
		Re	ading	
6	Choose the correct a	nswer from a b	. c. or d:	
(4)				
			nuse I have a sore throat c) honey	d) ice cream
	a) cola	•	that can make you feel	
	a) Treatment	b) Wound	c) Bacteria	d) Heal
	3 If you have a			
	9	b) sunburn		d) headache
	4 I have a/an			
	a) toothache		c) stomachache	d) cold
(3)	Read and complete	the text with th	e words in the box:	4
			c — treatment — wounds	•
	Scientists know that so	me types of hone	y contain things that car	n help to kill
		os to	heal more quickly. So,	if you have a jar
	of honey in your cupbo	oard, you can	(3) it with milk to	make your cough
	better, but(4)(4)	put it on your	cut knee!	
		_		

Read the text and answer the questions:

Honey is very useful. It isn't only a food; it is also used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Honey contains things that can help to kill bacteria. This helps wounds to heal more quickly. You must be careful, however. The honey that



doctors use is a special honey only that is safe to use as a treatment. So, if you have a jar of honey in your cupboard, you can mix it with milk to make your cough better.

		r d:	
	The main idea of the text is about	***********	
	a) sunscreen b) honey c) bar	ndages	d) bacterio
	2 The underlined word "wounds" means		
	a) foods b) drinks c) cut	İs	d) ankles
	Answer the following questions:		
	3 Who first used honey to treat wounds?		
	4 How can you make your cough better?		
	Writing	***** *********************************	***************************************
P	Put the words in the co <mark>rrect</mark> order to make s	entence	s:
t			
	they - Do - a - stomachache - have?		
	they - Do - a - stomachache - have? football - Tarek - practice - hurt - his - at -	ankle.	
2	2 football — <u>Tarek</u> — practice — hurt — his — at —	P+P4+====	een brackets
2 Re	2 football — Tarek — practice — hurt — his — at — Read and write the correct form of the word	P+P4+====	een brackets
2 Re 1	2 football — <u>Tarek</u> — practice — hurt — his — at —	(s) betwo	
2 Re 1 2	football — Tarek — practice — hurt — his — at — Read and write the correct form of the word (We)	(s) betwo	
Roll 2	football – Tarek – practice – hurt – his – at – Read and write the correct form of the word (We) has a stomachache.	(s) betwo	
Real 2 Pu ar	Punctuate the following: amira has a sore throat	(s) between	s an earache.
Re 1 2 Pi ar	football — Tarek — practice — hurt — his — at — Read and write the correct form of the word (We)	(s) between	s an earache.
Re 1 2 Pi ar	Punctuate the following: amira has a sore throat football – Tarek – practice – hurt – his – at – Read and write the correct form of the words write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the	(s) between	s an earache.
Re 1 2 Pi ar	Read and write the correct form of the word (We)	(s) between the following the	s an earache.













Listen and choose the correct answer:

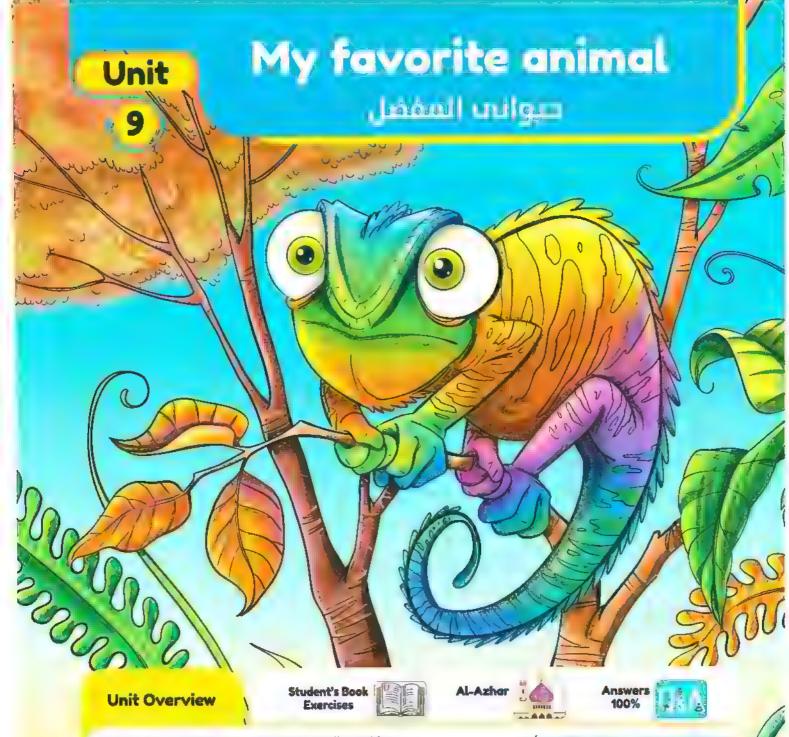
- 1 My friend Amr has alan (sore throat stomachache earache) from swimming.
- 2 I have a sore throat. I can't (see talk walk).
- 3 Lama went to the (vet dentist nurse).

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Does she (has have had) a headache?
- 2 (Treatment Wound Bacteria) is/are an injury that damages your skin.
- 3 (Do Is Does) you have a cough?
- 4 My grandma put (sunscreen milk bandage) on the cut knee.
- 5 Bacteria are very small things that can make you (happy ill exciting).

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

1	to - enough - It's - sleep - important - get.
2	has — <u>He</u> — a — toothache.
3	doesn't — ankle — her — hurt — <u>She.</u>
4	does - Where - it - hurt?
5	a sore - Do - throat - you - have?



- By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:
- · listen, read, research, and write about animals.
- listen and read about a trip to a wildlife park.
- learn how to say /w/ and /v/ sounds.
- · write an email about an unusual animal.
- research and make an infographic about animals in a habitat.

- بنهاية هذه الوحدة، سيكون التلميذ فادرًا على أن:
 - يسمع، يقرأ، ببحث، ويكتب عن الحيوانات.
 - يستمع ويقرأ عن رحلة إلى حديقة الحيوانات البرية.
 - يتعلم كيف يقول أصوات /w/ و /v/.
 - يكتب بريدًا إلكترونيًّا عن حيوان غير عادى.
- يبحث ويقوم بعمل رسم بياني عن الحيوانات في موطن المعيشة.

Did you know?

· Flamingos eat with their heads upside down. They use their tongue to catch their food.

I was fine - conf

 Egypt is home to many animals, such as camels, donkeys, horses, sheep, goats, gazelles, and desert foxes, that mainly live in the desert areas.



Wildlife agen agen





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر ومّل:

Main vocabulary



kangaroo الكنغر



panda باندا



bat خفاش



lion أسد



penguin بطریق



dolphin دلفین



snail حلزون



Extra vocabulary					
wildlife	الحياة البرية	shell	صدفة	Australia	أستراليا
rainforest	الغابة الاستوائية	Africa	إفريقيا	strong (adj.)	قوى
friendly (adj.)	ودود	ocean	محيط	China	الصين
bamboo	نبات الخيزران	wonderful (adj)	رائع	awesome (adj)	رانع
pouch	جراب	sweet (adj.)	لطيف	fridge	ثلاجة

تصريف الأمطال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
stay	يېقى / يمكث	stayed	repeat	يكرر	repeated
	Irregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
can	يستطيع	could	sit	يجلس	sat
feed	يطعم	fed	hide	يختبئ	hid

Expressions and Phrases

at night	في الليل	sleep upside down	ينام رأسًا على عقب
day out	يومر بالخارج	go near	يقترب
do a project on	يقوم بعمل مشروع عن	I've got to	يجب أن



Let's say it right!

الدخظ أن حرف الـ (c) في كلمة (ocean) ينطق (∫) (ش).

Vocabulary Check

- اللحظ أن (favorites were the parrots.) قد تأتى اسمًا مثل: (favorites were the parrots
 - ا وقد تأتى (favorite) صفة مثل: . He saw his favorite birds

جمل هامة important sentences

- Parrots are so beautiful, and they can talk.

- السغاوات جميلة للغابة، وتستطيع التحدث،
- Penguins live in cold places, so we can feed them some fish.
 - تعيش البطاريق في أماكن باردة، ولذلك نستطيع أن نطعمها بعض الأسماك.
- Bats fly at night, and they sleep upside down on trees.
 - تطير الخفافيش ليلًا ، وتنام رأسًا على عقب على الأشجار.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 A (lion dolphin parrot snail) is a sea animal.
- 2 A (bat parrot kangaroo panda) is a beautiful and colorful bird.
- 3 A (snail parrot bat penguin) doesn't have legs.
- 4 (Kangaroos Pandas Lions Monkeys) are the strongest animals in the jungle.



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

	kangaroo الكنغر	I live in Australia. I jump on two legs. أنا أعيش في أستراليا. أقفز على قدمين.
e	panda باندا	I live in China. I eat bamboo. I'm big, and black and white. أنا أعيش في الصين. أنا آكل الخيزران. أنا كبير، ولوني أسود وأبيض.
	p bat خفاش	I fly at night. I sleep upside down on trees. أطير في الليل. أنام رأسًا على عقب على الأشجار.
	lion اسد	I live in Africa. I'm a very big cat. I'm very strong.
A-4A	penguin پطریق	I live on ice and snow. I'm black and white. I can swim, but I can't fly. أنا أعيش على الجليد والثلج، لوني أسود وأبيض. يمكنني السباحة، لكن لا يمكنني الطيران،
	dolphin دلمین	I'm very friendly. I swim in a group with my family in the ocean. أنا ودود جدًّا. أنا أسبح في مجموعة مع عائلتي في المحيط.
	snail حلزون	I live in the garden. I have a shell. I don't have legs or arms. أنا أعيش في الحديقة. لدى صَدفة، ليس لدى أرجل أو أذرع،
	parrot ببغاء	I'm a bird. I am very beautiful and colorful. I live in the rainforest.



Listen, read, and role-play:

Where did Ramez go yesterday? أين ذهب رامز أمس؟



Ramez

Hi! I had a wonderful day out yesterday with my family.

أهلا! قضيت يومًا رائعًا في الخارج بالأمس مع عاتلتي.

Where did you go?





Ramez

I went to the new wildlife park – it was awesome!

ذهبت إلى حديقة الحيوانات البرية الجديدة - كانت رائعة!



What did you see? Could you go near the lions?

ماذا رأيت؟ هل تمكنت من الاقتراب من الأسود؟





Kamez

No, we stayed in the car. But we could see them through the trees. The kangaroos were interesting, too. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch — it's so sweet!

لا، بقينا في السيارة. لكن أمكننا رؤيتها من حلال الأشحار. كان الكنغر مثيرًا للاهتمام أيضًا. عندما يكونون صغارًا ، يمكنهم الجلوس داخل جراب أمهاتها - إنها لطيفة جدًّا!

What birds did you see?







Ramez

Lots, but my favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! We said some words for them to repeat!

كثيرًا، لكن المفضلة لـدى كانت الببغـاوات. كانـت جميلـة جـدًّا

ويمكنها التحدث! قلنا لهمر بعض الكلمات لتكررها!



What about animals that like the cold? Did you see any?

ماذا عن الحيوانات التي تحب البرد؟ هل رأيت أيًّا منها؟





Ramez

Yes, penguins! They were in a special place inside. It was cold, like a fridge. We fed them some fish! I love penguins — they can swim so well and they look so cool!

نعم، البطاريق! كأنت في مكان خاص بالداخل، كان المكان باردًا مثيل الثلاجية، أطعمناها بعيض الأسماك؛ أبا أحيب البطارييق - يمكن أن تسمح حييدً، وتسدو رائعية حيدًا!



Wow! Was there anything you wanted to see but couldn't?

رائع! هل كان هناك أي شيء أردت رؤيته ولكنك لم تستطع ذلك؟





Kamez

The bats. I'm doing a project on bats at school, so I really wanted to see them! But they were all hiding and I couldn't see them in the dark!

الخفافيش. أنا أقوم بعمل مشروع عن الخفافيش في المدرسة، لذلك أردت حقًا رؤيتها! لكنها كانت جميعًا تختبئ ولم أستطع رؤيتها في الظلام!



Oh well, it sounds amazing! I've got to feed my rabbit now — that's the most wildlife I'll see today!

أووه حسنًا ، يبدو الأمر رائعًا! يجب أن أطعم أرنبي الآن-هذه هي الحياة البرية التي سأراها اليوم!







Lesson



Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

(D	C	hoose the co	orrect answer from	m a, b, c, or d:	5
		1	9,00 h 0,7 000 0% 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	were so beautiful	and they could talk!	
			a) Bats	b) Kangaroos	c) Parrots	d) Snails
		2	**************	eat bamboo. The	y're black and white.	
			a) Lions	b) Dolphins	c) Bats	d) Pandas
6	9	3	4,5,5,4,10,6,10,11111111111111111111111111111	are very big cats.	They're very strong.	
	9)		a) Penguins	b) Lions	c) Parrots	d) Snails
i i		4	When the ka	ngaroos are		ide their mom's pouch.
			a) old	b) little	c) hungry	d) cold
ı		5	Snails have	a/an	on their backs.	
Ü			a) feathers	b) wings	c) shells	d) pouches
(3	Re	e <mark>ad</mark> and con	plete the text wit	th the words in the b	ox: 4
				cold — animals -	– bats – pouch – strong	
)	[w	ent to the wild	llife park yesterday	with my family. We say	w lots of(1)
	1	We	saw kangaro	os. The little kangar	oos were sitting inside t	heir mom's(2)
	١	We	saw penguin	s, too. They were in	n a special(3)	place. We also saw
		266840	(4) Ti	ney were sleeping u	pside down on trees.	
(9	Re	ead the text	and answer the q	uestions:	6
	F	Rar	mez went to t	ne new wildlife parl	k yesterday. He had a	wonderful day out with
	ł	nis	family. They	stayed in the car. T	They could see the lion	s through the trees. The
	k	can	ngaroos were i	nteresting. When the	y are little, they can sit i	nside their mom's pouch.

Ramez's favorite birds were the parrots. They were so beautiful, and they could talk!

The penguins were in a special place inside. It was cold, like a fridge. They fed them

some fish. Bats were all hiding, and they couldn't see them in the dark.

ſ			orrect answer from		
	1	The text is ab	out Ramez's family's		
		a) square			d) wildlife park
	2	The underline	ed word "pouch" me	eans a small place	inside the body of the
		a) parrot	b) monkey	c) penguin	d) kangaroo
		Answer the f	ollowing question	s:	
	3	What were R	amez's favorite birds	?	
	4	Why couldn'	they see the bats?		
D			the correct order t		es: <u>3</u>
	1 1	near — go — yol	ı — lions — <u>Could</u> — t	he?	
9	2	go — <u>Where</u> — <u>y</u>	esterday — Ramez —	did?	
	3	swim — in — a ç	roup — <u>Dolphins</u> — t	he ocean – in.	
 }	Pu	nctuate the fo	llowing:		
8	col	uld you go nea	the lions		
6	Wi	rite a text of al	out THIRTY (30) w	ords using the fo	llowing guiding 5
			"Wildlife	animals"	
			· How did you go	to the wildlife par	r <mark>k?</mark>
			. • What did you se	e there?	
	(· What is your far	vorite wildlife anin	nal?
(80)	;				********** ****************************
Ĭ	: "	***************************************			
	:	***************************************		***************************************	
				. > 0 1 4 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	



الذي استطعت أن تقوم به؟ ما الذي استطعت أن تقوم به؟





Language Focus

Expressing ability and inability التعبير عن القدرة وعدم القدرة

(1) can / can't

When we talk about something we are or aren't able to do in the present, we use (can) or (can't).

عبدما نتحدث عن شيء نستطيع أو لا نستطيع القيام به في الوقت الحاضر ، فإننا نستخدم (can't) أو (can't).



.... مصدر الفعل + can/can't + (inf.) مصدر الفعل

I can play basketball.

أبا أستصيع أن ألعب كرة السلة،



Penguins can't fly.

لا تستصيع البطاريق أن نطير.

Question

To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Can).

لنكوين الأسئنة، نقوم بنغيير نرنيب الكلمات وتكون البداية مـ Can.

- A: Can + subject (الفاعل) + (inf.) مصدر الفعل ... ?
 - B: Yes,

subject (الفاعل)

can.



A: Can you play tennis?

B: Yes, I can.



A: Can she make a cake?

B: No, she can't.



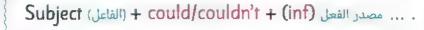
We use "can" or "can't" with the infinitive without "to".



(2) could / couldn't

When we talk about something we were or weren't able to do in the past, we use (could) or (couldn't).

عندما نتحدث عن شيء كنا قادرين أو غير قادرين على القيام به في الماضي، فإننا نستخدم couldn't أو couldn't.





When I was little, I could sit on my dad's knee.

عندما كنت صغيرة، كان بإمكاني الجلوس على ركبة والدي.



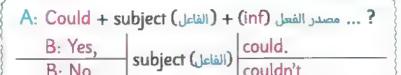
I couldn't take the bus, so I had to walk.

لمر أستطع ركوب الأتوبيس فاضطررت للمشي،

auestion

To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Could).

لتكوين الأسئلة ، نقوم بتغيير ترتيب الكلمات وتكون البداية بـ «Could».





- A: Could he speak when he was six months old?
- B: Yes, he could say "mama" and "dada!".



- A: Could you ride a bike when you were three?
- B: No, I couldn't.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- When I was little, I (can are couldn't can't) run fast.
- 2 Sorry, I (can can't could am) help you with your homework. I'm busy now.
- 3 A: Could you (play playing played plays) chess when you were a child? B: Yes, I could.
- Bats can (fly flew flying flies) very fast.
- 5 When I was two, I (can can't couldn't weren't) use a computer.
- (Can Could Are Do) you speak English when you were five?
- 7 My cousin couldn't (ran runs run running) when he was a baby.
- A: (Can Could Are Do) you play the piano? B: Yes, I can.



The travelers and the tree

المسافرون والشجرة

by Aesop

كُتبت بواسطة أيسوب



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



trunk of a tree جذع شجرة



branch of a tree غصن شجرة



nuts فول سودانی



exhausted مرهق

Extra vocabulary

travelers	مسافرون	dictionary	قاموس
fable	أسطورة	wide (adj.)	واسع / عريض
shelter	ملجاً / مأوى	rest	راحة
traders	تجار	shade	ظل
probably	ريما/ من المحتمل	correct (adj.)	صحيح
unkind (adj.)	غير طيب/غير عطوف	humans	البشر

Conjugation of verbs | Leak a uni

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة
Present		Past	Present	Past
rest	يستريح	rested	save	saved ينقذ
	lrregular verbs			أفعـــال غير منتظمــ
Present		Past	Present	Past
wake up	يستيقظ	woke up	feel	felt يشعر

Expressions and Phrases

move across	يتحرك عبر	fell asleep	نام
give shelter	يوفر المأوى	neither of them	لا أحد منهم
one of them		keep cool	يحافظ على برودة (شيء)
feel sorry	يشعر بالأسف	give value	يقدِّر / يعطى قيمة



breeze	A breeze is a little wind.
useless عديم الفائدة	When something is useless, we can't use it. عندما يكون هناك شيء عديم الفائدة ، لا يمكننا استخدامه.
ungrateful چاحد (غیر شکور)	When someone is ungrateful, they don't thank others for doing something good. good. عندما یکون شخص ما جاحدًا (غیر شکور)، فإنه لا یشکر الآخرین علی فعلهم الجید.
comfortable مریح	When something is comfortable, it's nice to sit on or wear. عندما یکون هناك شيء ما مریح ، فمن الجید الجلوس علیه أو ارتداؤه.
meeting point نقطة التقاء	A meeting point is somewhere where people meet. نقطة الالتقاء هي مكان حيث يتقابل الأشخاص.

الدرس الأخلاقي !Moral

A moral is the value you learn from a story you read or from a situation in life.

الخلق (المعزى) هو القيمة التي تتعلمها من قصة تقرؤها أو من موقف في الحياة.

The moral of the story is that it's important to give value to the small things in our lives.

الدرس الأحلاقي «المعرى» من الفصة هو أنه من المهم إعطاء قيمة للأشياء الصعيرة في حياتيا.

Let's say it right!

﴿ لاحظ أن الحروف (tion) في كلمة (dictionary) تنطق /fʃ/ (شن).

♦ لاحظ أن حرف الـ (x) في كلمة (exhausted) ينطق /gz/ (جز) كما أن حرف الـ (h) حرف (silent) صامت لا ينطق،

﴿ لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (th) في كلمة (neither) ينطقان /5/ (ذ).

Vocabulary/Check

- لاحظ أن استخدام (un) و (less) يعطى العكس من الكلمة:

جاحد (غير شكور) ungrateful / شكور grateful _

عديم الفائدة useless مفيد عديم الفائدة



The beginning

Once there was a very big old tree in a hot, dry land. It had lived for many years. Its trunk was very wide and it had many green branches.

It was famous⁽²⁾ because it was the only tree where it lived, and it gave shelter and rest to hundreds of travelers as they moved across the country. It was near four towns and many villages⁽³⁾ in its area⁽⁴⁾ and was a meeting point for traders.

W.	
4 9	A STATE OF THE STA
	3 -m 97 -

(1)	ِ جاف جاف
(2)	مشهور
(3)	قري
(4)	منطقة

ذات بوم ، كانت هناك شحرة كبيرة قديمة حدًّا في أرص حارة وحافة. لقد عاشت لسنوات عديدة. كان حذعها عريضًا حدًّا وبه العديد من الأغصان الحصراء. كانت مشهورة لأنها كانت الشحرة الوحيدة في المكان الذي عاشت فيه، وقد وفرت المأوى والراحة لمثات المسافرين أثناء تنقلهم عبر البلد. كانت بالقرب من أربع مدن والعديد من القرى في منطقتها وكانت بقطة التفاء التحار.

The middle

One day two travelers, who were new to the area, were walking across the field (5) and saw the tree. It was a very hot, dry day and one of them said, "Let's stop under that tree, where there's some shade." "That's a very good idea," said his friend. They rested under the tree and drank some water. They then enjoyed the shade and the cool (6) breeze. As they were exhausted, they soon fell asleep.

(5)	الحقل
(6)	بارد

When they woke up, one of the travelers felt hungry. Neither of them had any food in their bags so they looked up at the branches of the tree. "This tree is useless," one of them said. "It has no food for us — there are no nuts or fruit on its branches." "But it has shade and it's keeping us cool," said the other.

في أحد الأيام، كان مسافران جديدان في المنطقة بمشيان عبر الحقل ورأيا الشجرة. كان يومًا حارًا وجافًا حدًّا وقال أحدهم «دعنا بتوقف تحت تلك الشجرة، حيث يوجد بعض الطل». قال له صديقه: «هذه فكرة جيدة حدًّا». استراحا تحت الشجرة وشربا بعض الماء، ثم استمتعا بالطل والنسيم البارد. ولأنهما كانا مذهقين سعان ما ناما.

عندما استيفطا، شعر أحد المسافرين بالجوع. لمر يكن لدى أي منهما طعامر في حقائبهماء فيطرا إلى أغصان الشجرة. «هذه الشحرة عديمة الفائدة». قال أحدهما: «لا يوجد بها طعام لنا – لا توجد مكسرات أو فواكه على فروعها». قال الآخر: «لكن لها طل وهذا يجعلنا نشعر بالبرودة».

The end

But the tree heard the first traveler's words and it was angry. "How can you be so ungrateful?" It said, "You came to me feeling hot and tired. I gave you a cool, comfortable place to sleep and I probably saved your life. Look, there is no other cool place to sleep near here." The travelers looked around them and saw the tree was correct and felt very sorry."



لكن الشحرة سمعت كلام المسافر الأول وكانت غاضة. «كيف يمكنك أن تكون حاحدًا إلى هذا الحد؟» فالت «أثيت إلى وأنت تشعر بالحر والتعب. أعطيتك مكانًا رائعًا ومربحًا للبوم وربما أنقدت حياتك انظراء هناك لا يوجد مكان بارد آخر للنوم بالقرب من هنا». بطر المسافران حولهما ورأيا أن الشجرة كانت على حق وشعرا بالأسف الشديد.



Lesson 2



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

3 The tree (a. leaf — 4 We rested	b. flower — c. b l in its shade and - b. coffee — c. w	ranch – d. trunk drank some			
Choose the	correct answer	from a, b, c, o	r d:	(-	5
a) can When he a) spoke When son a) ungrat When son a) sorry	b) cowas a baby, he observed by specific by understanding is a bold with the cone is a bold with the cone is a bold with the cone is a bold with the cone is a bold with the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the cone is a content of the con	an't c) couldn't couldn't ceak c), it's nice seless c), they don't they ngrateful c), we can't	French. speaks to sit on. comfortable hank others for do	d) couldn't d) speaking d) little ing something go d) exhausted	ood.
Read and c	omplete the te	ct with the wo	rds in the box:	(-	4
(1)	love learning abo	ut animals. My 1 can swim. They l	pside — bamboo favorite animal is ive in very(2) live in China. Par	places. Par	

Q	P	ut the words in the correct order to make sentences:	(<u></u>)
	1	under - tree - the - travelers - The - rested.	
(30)	2	speak - Could - one - you - when - you - were?	
6	R	ead and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	5
	I	When I was two, I (can't) use the computer.	SB
	2	My sister couldn't run when she was a baby, but now she (could)	P-14 - •
(%)	3	(Could)you play the violin?	
	4	I (could) read when I was six months old.	
	5	(Can) you speak English when you were five?	SB
6	W	rite a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding lements:	5
		"What could you do when you were younger?"	
ı	1	could run — couldn't speak German — couldn't jump	
80			
ı			
		······································	
•	7 -	AND ANDRES ANDRES ANDRES ANDRES ANDRES AND A	



Language Focus

(-er) suffix (-er) اللاحقة

A suffix is a group of letters that comes at the end of a word to give it a new meaning.

اللاحقة هي مجموعة من الأحرف تأتى في نهاية الكلمة لتعطى معنَّى جديدًا.

e.g. We can add the suffix (-er) to the end of words to make a noun.

يمكننا إضافة اللاحقة (er-) إلى نهاية الكلمات لتكوين اسم.



teach یُدرسة teacher مُدرسة



read بقرا reader قارئ



متسلق climber يتسلق



footballer كرة القدم لاعب كرة القدم



farm مررعة farmer مزارع



travel يسافر traveler

الصفات المنتهية بـ "ed" و "-ed" and "-ing" "-ing" و ed" و ed" الصفات المنتهية بـ

(-ed) adjectives

Adjectives that end in (-ed) generally : describe feelings — they tell us how people or living things feel.

الصفات التي تنتهي بـ (ed) عمومًا تصف المشاعر - تخبرنا / كيف بشعر الناس أو الكائنات الحية.

annoyed	غاضب
amazed	مندهش ا
interested	مهتم
tired	تعبان
surprised	(مىعاجئ

(-ing) adjectives

Adjectives that end in (-ing) generally describe a situation, a thing, or a person that causes the feeling.

الصفات التي تنتهي بـ (ing-) عمومًا تصف موقفًا أو شيئًا أو الشخص الدي يسبب الشعور.

annoying	مزعج
amazing	مدهش
interesting	مثير للاهتمام
tiring	مُتعب
surprising	مدهش / مفاجئ

e.g

- I I was so bored in that movie.
 - (bored) describes how I felt about the movie.
- "bored" تصف ما شعرت به تجاه الفيلم. كان هذا الفيلم مملًّا جدًّا.
- (boring) describes what the movie was like.

"boring" تصف كيف كان القيلم.

كنت أشعر بالملل في هذا الفيلم.



If the verb ends in "-e", we take off the "-e" and add "-ed" or "-ing". إذا انتهى الفعل بـ "e" نحذف الـ "e" ثمر نضيف "ed" أو "ed".

surprise surprised surprising

Cheek point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Sarah is a good (teach teaching teacher teaches).
- 2 The movie was (bored boring amazed interested). I can't watch it till the end.
- 3 It's (annoying annoy annoys annoyed) when people talk so loudly.
- 4 My grandpa is a (farm farmer farming farms), he grows food for us.
- 5 I ran for 4 kilometers. I was (tired surprising annoying tiring).
- 6 History is very (bored interested interesting tired).



Lesson 3



Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

0	4	Listen and ci	rcle the correct	answer from a, b	, c or d:					
1 Waleed decided to travel west in his wearing his ve										
		(a. plane - b. car - c. boat - d. bus)								
	2	He was looking for a								
	3		o, iree — c. iake — turned over h							
			arks — c. whales							
	4		n his	•						
			violin — c. guitar							
0	CI	hoose the corr	ect answer from	a, b, c, or d:	5					
f	1	My grandfathe	r was a great	He trav	veled to many great places					
		around the wo	rld.							
		a) traveler	b) teacher	c) climber	d) reader					
	2	2 That long walk was very I can't wait to get home and r								
		a) tired	b) annoyed	c) tiring	d) bored					
0,	3	My cousin is a	very good	he reads	about 20 books a year.					
		a) climber	b) footballer	c) farmer	d) reader					
	asleep.									
		a) boring	b) surprising	c) interesting	d) bored					
	5	Mo Salah is a f	amous Egyptian							
L		a) climber	b) footballer	c) traveler	d) reader					
(R	ead and comp	lete the text wit	h the words in th	ae hov:					



boring - tired - amazing - lunch - annoyed

Yesterday was a very interesting day. I went to work by bus because my car wouldn't cinema with my friends. The movie was very, so we left. Then, I went home. I was very(4)............. I went to bed at ten o'clock.



Read the text and answer the questions:



People have different jobs. A teacher is the person who teaches us many interesting things. A teacher is always kind and friendly. The teacher makes everything clear in the class. A footballer is the person who plays football. Egypt has famous footballers like Mohamed Salah and Mohamed Elneny. Mohamed Elneny plays for Arsenal. A farmer works on a farm. He has a very important job; he grows food for us to eat and grow. A climber is someone who goes up high mountains. A climber must be professional enough to climb mountains safely.

	Choose the cor	rect answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:	
1	The text is abou	t different	which help	o us.
	a) tools	b) jobs	c) sports	d) foods
2	A	is the person wh	o goes up high mo	ountains.
	a) footballer	b) farmer	c) climber	d) teacher
	Answer the foll	owing question	ns:	
3	Mention two far	mous Egyptian fo	otballers from the	passage.
4	Why are farmer	s important?	>>>=	***************************************
	ctuate the follow			
Mr. s	sami is a great te	acher	ords using the fo	llowing guiding
Mr. s	sami is a great te	acher		llowing guiding
Mr. s	sami is a great te e a text of about nents:	t THIRTY (30) we		
Mr. s	sami is a great te e a text of about nents:	t THIRTY (30) we	ootballers"	
Mr. s	sami is a great te e a text of about nents:	t THIRTY (30) we	ootballers"	



130-01 Writing & Project





استمع وقل:

	Main voc	abulary	
unusual (adj.)	غیر عادی	dugong	الأطوم
nickname	لقب	sea cow	بقرة البحر
sea bed	قاع البحر	email	رسالة إلكترونية (إيميل)

Extra vocabulary					
dear	عزيزي	friendly (adj.)	3939		
cute (adj.)	لطيف	grasslands	أراضٍ عشبية		
habitat	مكان معيشة	warm (adj)	داق		
cool (adj.)	بارد	percent	نسبة متوية		
land surface	سطح الأرض	Earth	كوكب الأرض		
eagles	يسور	bison	البيسون (الثور الأمريكي)		
wolves	ڋؾٞڵؠ	infographic	مخطط معلومات بياني		
desert	صحراء	forest	غابة		
polar (adj)	قطبى	ocean	محيط		
heading	عنوان	information	معلومات		

Conjugation of vertice Regular verbs أفعيال منتظمية Present Past Present Past hope hoped يأمل check يفحص / يتأكد checked Irregular verbs أفعسال غير منتظمية Present Past Present Past hear heard let let یدع / یسمح

	Expressions ar	nd Phinases	
Thanks for	شكرًا على	How are things?	كيف هي الأحوال؟
play on a team	يلعب في فريق	from around the world	من جميع أنحاء العالم
What about you?	ماذا عنك؟ / وأنت؟	write back	رد على الرسالة
Hope to hear from you soon.	أتمنى أن أسمع منك قريبًا.	make sure	يتأكد



انظر وأقرأ:

From Amir To Tamer

Subject Unusual animals

Dear Tamer,

Thanks for your email. How are things? It was really interesting to hear about the sports you like. I love basketball and I play on a team once a week.

This week we're talking a lot about unusual animals at school. We looked at animals from around the world and some from Egypt. My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong - can you see the photo? I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute! Its nickname is the sea cow and it spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed every day.

What about you? What's your favorite unusual animal?

Write back and let me know.

Hope to hear from you soon!

Amir

شكرًا على دريدك الإلكتروس. كيف تسير الأمور؟ كان من الممتع حقًّا أن تحبري عن الرباصات التي تحبها. أحب لعبه كرة السله وألعب في فريق مرة واحدة في الأسبوع. شحدث كثيرًا هذا الأسوع عن تحيوانات غير المأتوفة في المدرسة. اطبعنا إلى حيوانات من جميع أنجاء العالم. ويعضها من مصر، حيواني غير المأتوف المقصل عن مصر هو الأطوم. هل يمكنك رؤية الصورة؟ أعتقد أنه يتمتع بوجه ودود جميل وهو لطيف للغاية! لقبه هو بقرة البحر ويقضى ساعات طويلة من تناول العشب من قاع البحر كل يوم.

وماذا عنك؟ ما هو حيوانك غير المألوف المفضل؟

قل لماذا تكتب. استخدم عبارات مثل «أكتب لك لأخبرك.».

اكتب مرة أخرى وأعلمني. أتمس أن أسمع منك قريبًا

How to write an email

Introduction

- 1 Begin your email with "Dear" or "Hi" and the person's name. بدأ بريدك الإلكتروني بكلمه «عريري» أو «مرحثا» واسم الشخص.
- 2 Say why you are writing. Use phrases like "I'm writing to tell you that...".

Bodu

- 3 Give one idea in a paragraph and expand on it look how Amir mentions the dugong, then describes it. أعطِ فكرة واحدة في فقرة وواصل شرحها - انظر كيف يذكر أمير الأطوم، ثم قم بوصفه.
- 4 When writing to a friend, you can use informal language.
- eg. words like "awesome" and "cool," contractions like "Tm," and phrases like "How's life? and How are things?" عبد الكتابه إلى صديق، بمكتك استخدم بعث عبير رسمية، على ستيل نامثال كلميات مثل «مدهيش» و«رانعيه»، واحتصارت مثين "mi" بدلًا من "am "، وعبيرات مثل "كيف الحيناة؟ وكيف تسير الامور؟"

End

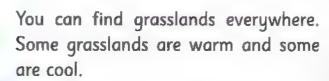
5 End your email with phrases like "Write soon, Hope to hear from you soon, See you soon, All the best, or Bye for now", and then your name.

قم بإنهاء بريدك الإلكتروني بعبارات مثل «اكتب قريبًا؛ أمل أن أسمع منك قريبًا، أراك قريبًا، أتمنى لك التوفيق، أو إلى اللقاء الآن» ثم اسمك.



بيئة الأراضى العشبية





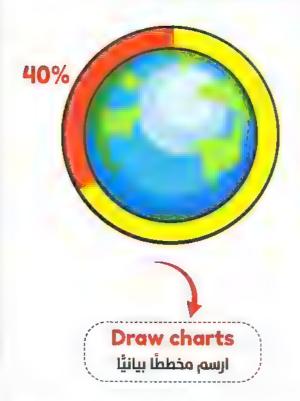
يمكنك العثور على الأراصى العشبية فى كل مكان. بعص الأراضى
 العشبية دافئة وبعصها باردة.

Give important information

قدم معلومات مهمة

40 percent of the land surface of Earth is grasslands.

40% من سطح الأرص عبارة عن أراضٍ عشبية.



Some very interesting animals live on grasslands, like eagles, bison, and wolves.

Give examples قدم أمثلة

تعيش بعض الحيوانات المثيرة للاهتمام في الأراضي العشبية، مثل النسور والبيسون والدناب.



Lessons 4 & 5



• Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
	 Hana's favorite animal is the
(Read and complete the text with the words in the box:
	bed - friendly - dugong - desert - cow
	The dugong is an unusual and very interesting animal. The dugong has a lovely
	(1) face. It's very cute. The dugong's nickname is the sea (2)
	Thespends many hours eating grass from the sea(4)(4)
	every day. The dugong can live up to 70 years.
	Read the text and answer the questions:
0	I'm Tamer. This week, we're talking a lot about unusual animals at school. We
,	looked at animals from around the world, some from Egypt. My favorite unusual
	animal from Egypt is the dugong. I think it's got a lovely, friendly face, and it's very
,	cute! It's nickname is the sea cow, and it spends many hours eating grass from the
	sea bed every day. The dugong can grow to about 3 meters long and weigh as
0	much as 400 kg. The dugong can live for up to 70 years.
?	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:
	The underlined word "Ir's" refers to the
	a) sea grass b) sea bed c) dugong d) Tamer
	2 The dugong weighs as much as kq.
	a) 200 b) 300 c) 400 d) 500

Answer the following questions:
3 How long can the dugong live?
4 What does the dugong eat?
ut the words in the correct order to make sentences:
a team — a week — on — I — once — play.
_ ones prag.
got - lovely - has - friendly - A dugong - face - a.
you lovely has menaly - A dagong - race - a.
your - What's - unusual - animal - favorite - , Ola?
- Tavorire - , Ola?
sag nickname the same described in Ti
sea — nickname — the — cow — dugong's — is — The.
unctuate the following:
y favorite unusual animal is the dugong
rite a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding ements.
"Penguins"
cold areas — black and white feathers — eat fish

REVIEW



Vocabulary

Wildlife





kangaroo

panda





bat

lion





penguin

dolphin





parrot snail

Language Focus

can / can't

Form

Subject + can/can't + (inf)



I can play basketball.

Penguins can't fly.



Questions

A Can + subject + (inf)...?

OR B: Yes, subject + can.

B: No, subject + can't.



A Can you play tennis?

B Yes, I can.



. B: No, she can't.



could / couldn't

10 711

Subject + could/couldn't + (inf) ...

When I was little, I could sit on my dod's knee.



I couldn't take the bus, so I had to walk.

Question

A. Could + subject + (inf)...?

B: Yes, subject + could.

B: No, subject + couldn't.

A: Could he speak when he was six months old?

B: Yes, he could say "mama" and "dada!"



A: Could you ride a bike when you were three?

B: No, I couldn't.





Lesson 1			
V2(000) v2(000) 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 000	الكنغر	\$\psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi \psi	لزون
*****************************	بطريق	*******************************	ىفاش
	أسد		غاء
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	فرع شجرة	***************************************	ذع شجرة
Lesson 2	فرع شجرة	***********************	نذع شجرة
	مرهق	#44***********************************	ول سودانی
************************************	مسافر	######################################	اموس
**************************************	ظل	******************************	أجأ
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	عديم الفائدة	\$\$\$\$\$4\$	سيمر
	نقطه التقاء	******************************	ريح
Lesson 3			

لاعب كرة القدم

مسافر

مزارع

WRITING TIME



How to write about wildlife animals:

- (اسمر المكان) live in (نوع من الحيوانات) •
- (أحراء في حسم الحيوان) have (نوع من الحيوانات) •
- (أفعال حاصة بالحيوان) 🛨 (بوع من الحيوانات) 🍨
- (صفات خاصة بالحيوان) are (نوع من الحيوانات)

Wildlife animals

Snails live in the garden. They have a shell. They don't have legs or arms. Kangaroos live in Australia. They jump on two legs. Penguins live on ice and snow. They are black and white. Birds live in the rainforest. They are very beautiful and colorful. Lions live in Africa. They are very big cats. They are very strong.

How to write about your visit to the wildlife park:

- I had a wonderful day out yesterday with
 (سم شحص)
- ... (المكان) I went to المكان
- صفة + were (اسم الحيوان) •
- ... (اسم الحنوان المفضل) My favorites were

-Myvisitothewildlibepark-

I had a wonderful day out yesterday with my family. I went to the new wildlife park. The kangaroos were interesting. When they are little, they can sit inside their mom's pouch. My favorites were the parrots. They were so beautiful and they could talk! Penguins were in a special place inside. It was cold, like a fridge.

How to write about an unusual animal:

- This week we're talking about (اسم الموصوع)
- I think my favorite is (اسم الحيوال)
- ... (اسمر المكان) lives in (اسمر الحيوان) •
- ... (اسمر الأكل) They eat (اسمر الأكل)
- ... (صعات خاصة بالحيوان) They are

-An unusual animal

This week, we're talking about unusual animals at school. I think my favorite unusual animal from China is the panda.

Pandas live in forests high in the mountains.

They eat bamboo. They are black and white.

They can adapt to their environment, which is cold.



STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

Complete the summary with the words in the box:

project - sad - parrots - park - enjoyed - lions

Ye	esterday, Ramez w	ent to a wildlife	with his family. He
it	very much. They s	aw lots of differer	nt animals like, kangaroos, and
pe	nguins. He saw hi	s favorite birds, th	e He was a bit
be	cause he didn't se	e the bats and he's	doing a on them at school.
	Circle the correc		
1	I couldn't say any	ything in German I	ast year, but now I
	a) can	b) can't	c) could
2	Last year, he	run ver	y quickly, but now he can.
	a) can't	b) could	c) couldn't
3	you	play the piano wi	hen you were a child?
	a) Can	b) Could	c) Couldn't
4	Sorry, I	help you with	your homework. I'm busy.
	a) can	b) can't	c) could

Circle the correct words:

- A breeze is a little wind / lake.
- 2 When something is useless, we can I can't use it.
- 3 When someone is ungrateful, they thank / don't thank others for doing something good.
- 4 When something is comfortable, it's nice / not nice to sit on.
- 5 A meeting point is somewhere where people leave / meet.

ourselt

UNIT 9





./	Liston	and	cinclo	the	corroct	answer	from a	h c	or de
	risten	anu	circie	rise	correct	aliswei	II OIII a	, 10, 4	, or u.



1	Snails don't have	or	arms
	(a. eyes $-$ b. legs $-$ c. ears $-$ d.	he	ads)

2 Kangaroos live in

(a. Australia – b. China – c. Egypt – d. France)

3fly at night.

(a. Dolphins - b. Pandas - c. Bats - d. Penquins)

4 Lions live in

(a. England – b. Africa – c. Germany – d. Italy)



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

******************************	are	colorful	birds	and	they	can	talk.
--------------------------------	-----	----------	-------	-----	------	-----	-------

a) Bats

b) Parrots

c) Snails

d) Penquins

2 A is a bird. It can swim, but it can't fly.

a) kangaroo

b) dolphin

c) penquin

d) panda

3 A "" is a little wind.

a) lake

b) breeze

c) tree

d) meeting point

4 My uncle is a good He grows many crops every year.

a) teacher

b) farmer

c) traveler

d) reader

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



parrot - intelligent - grass - black - bamboo

Penguins live on ice and snow. They areand white. They can swim, but they can't fly. A is a bird. It is very beautiful and colorful. It lives in the rainforest. Dolphins are very (3)...... . They swim in a group with their family in the ocean. Pandas live in China. They eat(4)...........

Read the text and answer the questions:



Two men were walking along one hot summer day. At that time, they saw a large tree nearby, and they sat on the ground to rest in its shade. When they woke up, one of the two men was hungry. He said, "What a useless tree this is. It does not have fruit or nuts that we can eat." But the tree heard him and said "Don't be so ungrateful; I gave you a cool, comfortable place to sleep, and I saved your life". 98 The travelers looked around them, saw the tree was correct, and felt very sorry.

2	•	and wanted		the tree.	
2	a) thirsty b) u			·	
2	Log up double and served (c) sorry	d) hungry	
	The underlined word 'g			(5. 1 1	
			c) relax	d) drink	
7	nswer the following o				
2	Why was the man ung	jratetui?			
4	What did the tree give	to the two m	en?	***************************************	*11114161
		Writi	ng	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*10144141
Put	the words in the corre			ac:	(-
	- Snails - shells - live				
i in	- Shalls - Shells - live	– meir – can	•		
		* ********* * ** *!******		**** ************ ** ***********	
2 W	as — could — When — I —	- little, - run	- I.		
	***************************************		**********************************		171
Read	and write the correct	t form of the	e word(s) betw	een brackets:	(
1 Pe	nguins (can)	fly.			
2 W	hen I was six, I could (s	peaks)	English.		
	tuate the following:		3		
	dn't speak german last	uear.			
***		J		****** ************ **** * ******	
Write	a text of about THIRTY	(30) words	using the follow	ing guiding	(
CICIII		sit to the wi	ldlifa nark"		(
			-		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Thua a wond	ierrui day out	– My favorites we	re	
104144444444		*		154144411374	******
**********	* - *********** - *********************				*****
**********					41
• • • • • • •	1414)** ********************************		****** ******************	**** ** **********************	





Read and complete the dialog:

birds -	– wildlife	- see -	go
---------	------------	---------	----

Marwan: Where did you yesterday?

: I went to the new park.

Marwan: What did you there?

Moaz : I saw kangaroos,, and lions.

Read the text and answer the questions:

Last Monday, Soha and Habiba went to the wildlife park with their friends. When they arrived, it was very hot in the park. They were surprised because it's such a hot weather in October. They saw lots of different animals and birds such as parrots, kangaroos, and penguins. Soha liked penguins the best. Penguins are her favorite birds. She thinks they look funny with their white and black feathers. Habiba liked pandas. They are huge with thick white and black fur. They liked how they chew bamboo plants. Soha and Habiba had a nice time.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- It was such a hot weather in the park.
 - a) wildlife b) theme
- c) city
- d) town

- 2 Parrots and penquins are
 - a) animals b) people
- c) birds
- d) parks

- 3 Habiba liked the
 - a) bamboo
- b) pandas c) penguins
- d) parrots

Answer the following questions:

4 What do penquins look like?

5 What do pandas eat?

.....

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:

- 1 can Lions very run fast.
- 2 can French I speak.
- 3 don't - arms - leas - or - Snails - have.
- 4 unusual favorite My is the dugong animal.
- 5 grasslands on live animals Some.

Let's visit Egypt هنا بروز عظر



Unit Overview

Student's Book Exercises





100%



By the end of this unit, the student will be able to:

بنهایة هده الوحدة، سبكون ائتلمید قادراً على أن:

· listen, read, research, and write about places in a town.

شمع ويقرأ وبنجب ويكتب عن الأماكن في المدينة.

practice using the imperative to tell someone to do or not to do something, and to give directions.

يتدرب على استحدام صيغة الأمر لإخبار شخص ما أن يفعل أو لا يفعل شيئًا ما، وأن يعطى الاتجاهات.

practice using questions and short answers.

- يتدرب على استخدام الأسئلة والإجابات القصيرة،

read and say words with diphthongs.

يقرأ ويقول الكلمات باستخدام الإدغام.

estimate with mental math.

- بقدّر باستخدام الرياضيات العقلية.

write a paragraph about his/her town.

بكتب فقرة عن مدينته،

تقريبًا

· make a poster about his/her perfect town.

- يصمم ملصفًا عن مدينته المثالية.

Did you mow?"

Fayoum is the oldest town in Egypt. *Archaeologists think it is more than 7,000 years old.

I can find it out!

 Today, the *population of Fayoum is *approximately 3.8 million. The population in Cairo where I live is about 10,201,183. * archaeologists * population الكثافة السكانية علماء الآثار * approximately



المسلط ا





Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary

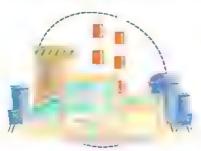


bank

بىك



shopping mall مركز للتسوق



factory

مصبع



square

ميدان



station



monument

أثر



library مکتبة

Extra vocabulary

stores	متاجر (محلات)	markets	أسواق	museum	متحف
Germany	ألمانيا	sweet (adj.)	حلو (المذاق)	roof garden	حديقة السطح
mint tea	شأى بالنعناع	relaxing (adj.)	مريح	local (adj.)	محلى
cuisine	مأكولات	traditional (adj.)	تقليدي	fresh (adj.)	طازج
lovely (adj.)	جميل	ingredients	مكوبات	friendly (adj.)	2939
originally	في الأصل	Barcelona	برشلونة	mix	مزيج
culture	ثقافة	traditions	عادات		+

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
chat	يتحادث	chatted	own	يملك	owned
serve	يقدم (الطعامر)	served	remind	یُنگر	reminded
	lrregular verbs		•	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
think	تعيود	thought	sit	بجلس	sat
drink	يشرب	drank	buy	یشتری	bought

Expressions and Phrases

I haven't been to any yet.	لم أذهب إلى أي منها بعد.	spend ages	نقضى الكثير من الوقت
on vacation	في عطلة	show (someone) around	يرى (شخص ما) المنطقة بالجوار

Important sentences and les

- Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit.

- الإسكندرية مكان رائع حقًّا لزيارته.
- It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets, and museums.
- Many tourists love to visit Alexandria.

- العديد من السياح يحبون زيارة الإسكندرية.

Elect point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 My dad went to the (square bank library station) to get some money.
- 2 Mom and I went to the (square factory station shopping mall) and bought some amazing clothes.
- 3 I like reading at the (bank factory library station). It's often quiet.
- 4 I always take the train at the (square station factory library) to Alexandria.



Listen, read, and role-play:

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets, and museums. There's even a beach!

We asked some people who live there and tourists what they think ...

الإسكندرية مكان رائع للزيارة، هناك الكثير لتراه وتفعله هنا! إنها مدينة كبيرة بها العديد من المطاعم والمتاجر والأسواق والمتاحف الرائعة، حتى إن هناك شاطئًا! سألنا بعض الناس الذين يعيشون هناك والسياح عما يعتقدونه ...



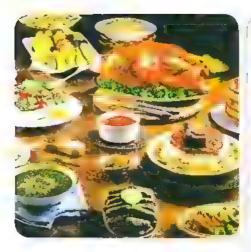


Jens

I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany. I think it's really cool here. I think there are some good museums, but I haven't been to any yet. I love just sitting in the roof garden of my hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea and chatting to other people. It's very relaxing.

أنا أزور الإسكندرية من ألمانيا، الأمر حقًا رائع هنا، أعتقد أنه يوجد بعض المتاحف الجيدة، ولكنى لم أذهب إلى أى منها بعد، إننى فقط أحب الجلوس فى حديقة السطح الخاصة بالفندق، وأشرب الشاى بالنعناع المصرى اللذيذ، وأتحدث مع أشحاص أحريس، إنه أمر مريح حـذًا،





I've lived in Alexandria all my life. I own a restaurant here so I have to say that you must visit my restaurant to try some of the local cuisine. We serve traditional Egyptian food using lovely fresh local ingredients. We have excellent supermarkets, but I prefer to buy my ingredients at the market in the old town.

عشت في الإسكندرية طوال حياتي، أمتلك مطعمًا هنا ؛ ولذلك يتوجب على دعوتك لزيارة المطعم لتجرب بعض المأكولات المحلية، نحن نقدم أطعمة مصرية تقليدية باستخدام مكونات محلية طازحة وجميلة، لدينا العديد من المتاحر الرائعة ولكني أفضل شراء المكونات من سوق المدينة القديمة.



Kira and Lena



We're from a small town in England. The stores aren't very good there. That's what we love most about Alexandria – the shopping malls! We spend ages walking around them. We like the people. They are so friendly!

نحن من مدينة صغيرة في إنجلترا. المتاجر ليست جيدة جدًّا هناك. هذا أكثر شيء نحبه في الإسكندرية - مراكز التسوق! يمكننا قضاء الكثير من الوقت في التجول حولها، نحن نحب الناس، هم ودودون جدًّا!



I'm Egyptian, originally from Cairo. I moved to Alexandria last year and I love it here. I work in a bank.

My favorite place is the beach — there isn't one in Cairo! It can get very hot here in summer, so it's great to go there and swim.

أنا مصرى، في الأصل من القاهرة، انتقلت إلى الإسكندرية العام الماضى ، وأحب المكان هنا، أنا أعمل في بنك، مكانى المفضل هو الشاطئ - لا يوجد شاطئ في القاهرة! يمكن أن يصبح الجو حارًا جدًا في الصيف، لذلك من الرائع الذهاب إلى هناك والسباحة.





Paulo

I'm on vacation here from Barcelona. I like Alexandria because it reminds me of home — a big, modern city near the sea. I love the mix of modern and old buildings. Also, I like to find out about the culture and traditions. The library is amazing!

أنا في عطلة هنا من برشلونة، أنا أحب الإسكندرية؛ لأنها تذكرني بموطني - مدينة كبيرة وعصرية بالقرب من البحر. أنا أحب هذا المزيج من المباني الحديثة والقديمة. كما أحب أيضًا اكتشاف الثقافة والتقاليد. المكتبة رائعة!



Listening script





Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:



Sara

I'm going to visit my aunt and uncle. We're going by train.

سأزور عمتى وعمى. نحن ذاهبون بالقطار.





My cousin is visiting us and we're going to show him around. He's never seen the Pyramids.

ابن عمى سيقوم بزيارتنا وسوف نريه المنطقة في الجوار. لم يسبق له أن رأى الأهرامات.





We went on a school trip to find out how cotton is turned into clothes like T-shirts and dresses.

دهيبا في رحليه مدرسية لمعرفية كيف يتيم تحويان القطين ﴿ إلى ملاتاس مثيل التيشارتات والفساتين.





I want to borrow some books.

أربد استعارة بعض الكتب.





4244010



• Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

(O	4	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	6
		2	Kira and Lena are visiting	
(2	C	hoose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	5
	y	2 3 4 5	I want to borrow some books. I need to go to the	5.
C	9	to do the loc Th	ulo is from Barcelona. He is on vacation in Alexandria this summer. Paulo spend the summer in Alexandria because there are many things to see there. He stays in a big hotel with a small roof garden on top. He likes to ere, drink sweet Egyptian mint tea, and chat with other people. He likes to cal restaurants from time to time to try some of the traditional Egyptian cui ey are usually made from lovely, fresh ingredients. Paulo likes the peop exandria. They are so friendly! Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: 1 Paulo likes to drink	and to sit visit sine.

c) juice

b) mint tea

a) water

d) coffee

		2	The underlin	ed word " <u>cuisi</u>	<u>ine</u> " mean	S	ंदे≑हण⊹ं-व वी	
			a) stores	b) mark	cets	c) foods	d) clothes	
			Answer the	following qu	estions:			
(,)		3	Where is Pa	ulo from?				
		4	What does F	aulo like to do	in Alexa	ndria?		
0	Pu	ıt t	he words in tl	ne correct orde	er to make	sentences:		4
ı	1	SO	me — to — bo	oks – want – ł	porrow –]			
ı	2	go	ood — <u>There</u> —	museums – so	ome – are	— Alexandr	ia – in.	•
(8 0)	3	fre	om — a small	– They're – in	– town –	England.		•
	4	lik	es — mint — J	ens - drinking	– tea – E	gyptian.		
0	Pu	ınd	tuate the fo	llowing:				(- <u>2</u>)
		1	why do yo	ı love alexand	ria?			
8		2	I'm egyptia	n, originally fr	om cairo.		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	*1*****141
(3)	W	rite	e a text of al	out THIRTY ((30) word	ls using the	following guiding	5
				"A	Alexandri	a"		
			е	xciting place —	amazing re	estaurants — c	beach	**
(20) 	, ,,,		***************************************	***************************************		***************************************		*********
			*** ** * ********** * * * ***	***************************************				
	,				****************	****		



Don't run in the Jones y



لا تجرب في المكتبة!

Language Focus

Imperatives

صيغة الأمر

- We use "imperatives" to tell someone to do or not to do something.

نستخدم صبغة الأمر لنقول لشخص ما أن يفعل أو لا يفعل شيئًا ما.

- Imperatives don't usually begin with a subject like "you, she or they". Imperatives usually start with a verb.

, صيغة الأمر عادة لا تبدأ بفاعل مثل «أنت؛ هي أو هم»، صيغة الأمر عادة تبدأ بالفعل،

Fame

Affirmative insentines

Use the "infinitive" without "to":

نستخدم الفعل في المصدر من غير "to":

... (مصدر الفعل) Infinitive



Pick up that trash, please.

التقط تلك القمامة، من فضلك.

Negotive imperational

Use "Don't + infinitive" without "to":

نستخدم "Don't + infinitive" بدون "to":

Don't + infinitive (مصدر الفعل) ...

Name of Street



Don't eat in the library, please.

لا تأكل في المكتبة، من فصلك.



Don't talk loudly, please.

لا تتحدثوا بصوت عالي، من فضلكم.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Please, (sits $-\sin \cot \operatorname{sitting}$) down.
- 2 (Doesn't Didn't Don't Doing) waste your time.
- 3 Don't (was is are be) late tomorrow.
- 4 (Be Is Was Has) careful! You can fall down.



Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Teacher

OK, children. We're here now. This is The Alexandria Library.

حسنًا يا أطفال. نحن هنا الآن. هذه مكتبة الإسكندرية.



Wow! It's amazing. Can we go inside?

رائع! شيء مذهل، هل يمكننا الدخول؟





Teacher

Wait a moment, is everybody here? Yes. OK. Let's go in.

انتظر لحظة، هل الجميع هنا؟ نعم. حسنًا، هيا ندخل.

I'm going first!

أنا داهب أولًا!





Teacher

Don't run, Ali. Walk quietly. This is a very important place.

لا تركض يا على، امشِ بهدوء، هذا مكان مهم جدًّا.

I'm sorry.

أنا آسف.





Noha

Can we go upstairs to the Children's Library?

هل يمكننا الصعود إلى مكتبة الأطفال؟



Yes. Go into the elevator. Good. Stand back. The doors are closing. Don't jump up and down, Ali! Push the number one button, Tarek. Great, thank you. We're going up!

نعم. اذهبوا إلى المصعد. جيد. ارجعوا للخلف. الأبواب تغلق. لا تقفز صعودًا وهبوطًا يا على! ادفع الزر رقم واحد يا طارق. رائع، شكرًا لك. وهانحن نتحرك للأعلى!



Asking about and giving directions السؤال والإجابة عن الاتجاهات

When we ask about directions, we say:

عندما نسأل عن الاتجاهات، نقول:

Excuse me, how do I get to + place (المكان)?

Where is the + place (المكان), please? Is there + a/an place (مکان) + near here?

We use the imperative to give instructions:

نستخدم الأمر لإعطاء التعليمات؛

Go straight. / Cross the road. / Turn right/left.



Excuse me, how do I get to the library, please?

عذرًا، كيف أصل إلى المكتبة رجاءً؟



Go straight, turn right. It's on your left.

اتجه مباشرة ثمر انعطف يمينًا. إنه على يسارك،

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Excuse me, (where who what how) do I get to the supermarket?
- 2 A: (What When How Where) is the music room? B: Go Straight, it's on your left.
- 3 (Is Are Do Does) there a museum near here?
- 4 (Goes Go Went Going) straight, the museum is on your right.
- 5 A: Excuse me, (what when where what) is the art class?

 B: It's on the left.
- 6 Go straight, (turns turned turn turning) right. It's on the corner.



Lesson 2



Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

				- Neincementing	oncestanting Applyin	g • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating				
	0	4	Listen and o	circle the correct answ	wer from a, b,	c, or d: 6				
		I	They are at A	lexandria	** *					
		(a. Museum — b. Mall — c. Library — d. Store)								
	2 You mustn't in the place.									
		(a. read — b. walk — c. look — d. run)								
		3 They can go in the elevator.								
			_	upstairs — c. left — d. st	-					
		4	They pushed	number l	outton.					
			(a. one — b. t	wo c. three d. four)					
é	3	CI	noose the cor	rect answer from a, b	o, c, or d:	(
١				to the lib		tight. It's on your left				
ı			a) read							
		_		b) waste	c) get	d) pick				
		2	******************************	waste your time, San	na.					
			a) Do	b) Doesn't	c) Don't	d) Didn't				
ı		3	425040000000000000000000000000000000000	there a clothes stor	e near here?					
			a) Are	b) Is	c) Do	d) Be				
		4	Don't talk	Be qui	te, please.					
			a) slow	b) loudly	c) polite	d) quite				
6	3	Re	ead and comp	lete the text with the	words in the	box:				
				on — left — library	- across - at	•				
				3						
		Γhi	s is Alexandria	Library. It's amazing. T	o get to the	(1) from the station,				
	9	jo .	straight. Turn	(2) at the end o	of the road. The	n, turn right. The library is				
			the lo	eft. The entrance of the	shopping mall	is from you.				

Just cross the road.



Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:



1 do - How - the - to - museum - I - get?

2 in - Don't - library, - the - please - eat.

3 a - read - to - book - Choose - good.

4 up - down, - Ali - Don't - and - jump.



Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:



- (Doesn't) write in the book.
- 2 Where (are) the clothes store?
- 3 Please Ali, (didn't) eat in the class.
- 4 Don't (shouts) Speak quietly.

- 5 (Are) there a library near here?
- 6 We are going. Please (got) ready in 10 minutes.
- 7 Don't (smoking) here.
- 8 (Took) medicine before you go to bed.

Punctuate the following:



1 is there a station near here

2 don't walk on the grass



Lession 3







Listen and say:

استمع وقل:

Main vocabulary Main vocabulary						
lost (adj.)	تانه/ مفقود	ibis	طائر أبو منجل			
strange-looking (adj.)	غريب المنظر	creature	ا مخلوق			
jerboa	الجربوع	foolish (adj.)	أحمق			

Extra vocabulary

villager	قروی	sack	شوال
branches	فروع	unkindly	بقسوة
crowds	الجماهير	funny-looking (adj.)	مضحك المنظر
rudely	بطريقة وقحة	stranger	چرتب
market traders	تجار السوق	dark (adj.)	مظلم

Conjugation of verbs المعلال في الأمال

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
recognize	يتعرف على	recognized	pretend	يتظاهر	pretended
entertain	يسلى	entertained	apologize	يعتذر	apologized
1	rregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
give	يعطى	gave	begin	يبدآ	began

Expressions and Phrases

walk far	یمشی بعیدًا	tell the truth	يقول الحقيقة
get dark	تظلم (يصبح الجو مظلمًا)	go alone	يذهب بمفرده

جابری یتعلم درشا Gabi Learns a Lesson



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

The beginning

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market, but he couldn't walk far. His camel, Gabi, said, "Give me the sacks of beans - I will take them to the market for you."

Gabi walked along the road(1). He turned left and then right and then left again. Soon, Gabi didn't recognize the road.



(1)

في يوم من الأبام أزاد القروي أن سع القول في السوق. لكنه لم يستطع أن يمشي بعيدًا. عرض عليه حَملَه (حابي) قَائلًا «دعني أَخذ شوال الفول - سأَخذه إلى السوق من أجلك».

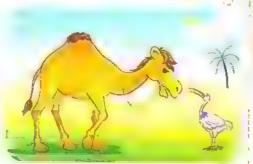
مشي جابي على طول الطريق. انعطف يسارًا ثمر يمينًا ثمر يسارًا مرة أحرى. بعدها لمر يتعرف حابي على الطريق.



The middle

"Are you lost?" called an ibis. Gabi had never seen such a strange-looking bird.

"No, I'm not lost," pretended Gabi. Gabi didn't know that the ibis could fly high(2) above the land(3) and tell him the way.





Gabi saw a snake, watching him from the branches of a tree.

"You look lost," said the snake. "No, I'm not," said Gabi - again he wasn't telling the truth.

"Anyway", even if I was, you

can't help — you haven't even got legs," he said unkindly. Gabi didn't know that the snake went to the market every day to entertain the crowds.

«هل أنت تائه؟» صاح طائر أبو منجل. لم ير جابي من قبل طائرًا غريب الشكل كهذا،

«لا. أذ لست دَنَهًا.» بطاهر حابي ولم بكن يعرف أن طائر أبو منحل يستطيع أن يطير فوق الأرض ويحبره بالطريق.

رأى جابي ثعبانًا يشاهده من على أغصان الشجرة،

«هل أنت تائه؟» قال الثعبان.

«لا، أنا لست تائهًا.» فال حابي - مرة أحرى لمر بكن يقول الحقيقة. «على أي حال فحني لو كنت بائهًا، لما استطعت مساعدتي - أنت ليست بديك أرجل حبى، قال حاني بقسوه، لمر يكن حاني يعرف أن الثعبان يدهب إلى السوق كل يوم ليقوم بعروص لتسلية الجماهير،



(2)



The end

It began to get dark. Gabi saw a little animal on the road in front of him.

"What a funny-looking creature. Look at those enormous (5) ears," he thought to himself.

"Hello," said the jerboa. "Do you need any help?" "No, I don't!" replied Gabi rudely. Gabi didn't know that the jerboa could hear the sounds (6) of the market traders.

"OK, good night then," called the jerboa.

Soon, it was completely dark and Gabi understood he needed the animals' help. He knew he was foolish and he was sorry. He decided to go to sleep, and to apologize and to ask for their help the next day.



(5)	ں ضخم/ھائل
(6)	أصوات
(7)	تمامًا

بدأ الجو يظلم . رأى جابي حيوانًا صغيرًا على الطريق أمامه.

«ياله من مخلوق مضحك الشكل. انظروا إلى هذه الأذن الضخمة.» فكر جابي مع نفسه.

«مرحبًا، هل تحتاج إلى أي مساعدة؟» قال الجربوع،

«لا . لا أحتاج» رد جابي بطريقة فظة ولم يكن يعرف أن الجربوع يمكنه أن يسمع أصوات تجار المدينة.

«حسنًا إذن، ليلة سعيدة.» صاح الجريوع.

سريعًا أصبح الحو مظلمًا تمامًا، وفهم جابى أنه يحتاج لمساعدة تلك الحيوانات، عرف أنه كان أحمق وشعر بالأسف، قرر حابي أن ينام ويتأسف لتلك الحيوانات ويطلب مساعدتها في اليوم التالي.

السروات (mportant sentences

Gabi got lost on his way to the market.

- فقد جابي طريقه إلى السوق.
- Gabi didn't know that the ibis could fly high and tell him the way.
 - لم يكن جابي يعلم بأن طائر أبو منجل يمكنه أن يطير عاليًا ويخبره بالطريق.
- Gabi saw a snake and a jerboa, they could help too.
 - رأى جابي الثعبان والجربوع، كان يمكنهم المساعدة أيضًا.
- At the end, Gabi knew he was foolish and he decided to apologize the next day. - في النهاية، عرف جابي أنه كان أحمق وقرر أن يعتذر في اليوم التائي.

Chuck point

- 1 Where was the camel going?
- 2 Did the snake help the camel?





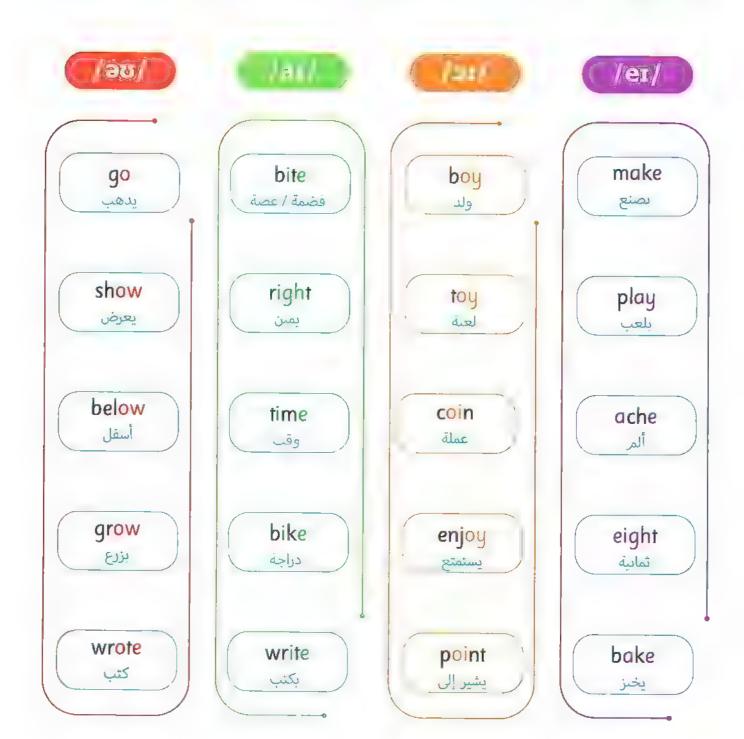


Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

The same sound is sometimes spelled in different ways:

: يتمر تهجئة نفس الصوت أحيانًا بطرق مختلفة:







Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:

An estimated answer isn't the actual answer. It's a good guess.

الإحانة النقديرية لبست الإحابه الحقيقية وبكبها تحميل حيد





We can use the following expressions to talk about estimated answers: بمكن استخدام التعبيرات التالية للتحدث عن الإجابات التقديرية:

- It's around - It's about - It's near - It's close to

بمعنى "تقريبًا/حوالي"،

S Morris



				- The sile of Laples	ng - oncestanding - Applying	Analyzing Creating		
1		4	Listen and circle	the correct an	swer from a, b, c,	or d:		
	I Gabi, the, was lost.							
(a. sheep — b. goat — c. camel — d. horse)								
2 The jerboa has enormous								
			(a. $nose - b$. $mout$	h c. eyes d. (ears)			
		3	Gabi refused any					
			(a. help - b. food	– c. water – d. n	noney)			
		4	He knew he was	and	l he was sorry.			
			(a. clever — b. fool	ish — c. nice — d.	polite)			
1		-1		-				
V		Cr	oose the correct	answer from a,	b, c, or d:	5		
		I	When we make a	*				
				, ,	c) recognize	d) begin		
ŀ		2	He is foolish. He s					
ı		_	a) nicely b)	~	c) politely	d) well		
1)	3	The snake has no			42		
			a) head	b) ears	c) legs	d) eyes		
	1	4	I went to the docto			(5.1.4)		
ı		-		toy	c) coin	d) bike		
ı		ב	I got					
			a) worried b)	IOST	c) strange	d) foolish		
(Re	ad the text and an	swer the questic	ons:	6		
ı	G	ial	oi is a helpful came	l. He took the sad	k of beans to sell i	t for the villager. On his		
ŀ	W	vaļ	to the market, he	got lost. First, Go	ibi met an ibis. The	ibis offered to help the		
ı	C	an	nel, as he could fly	above the land	and tell him the w	ay. But Gabi pretended		
ı	he wasn't lost and refused any help. Then, Gabi met a snake. The snake offered							
,	to help, as he goes to the market every day to entertain the crowds. Gabi refused							
0	a	ny	help, and he was	unkind to the sn	ake.			
1	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:							
ı			I Gabi is a/an	nanosopopos para para p				
			a) ibis	b) camel	c) snake	d) villager		
			2 The underlined		means to make per	•		
				b) sad	Jania to make per			

	Answer the following questions:
J	3 How did Gabi help the villager?
	4 Who offered to help Gabi?
D P	Out the words in the correct order to make sentences:
I	offered - help - Gabi - the - to - villager.
2	could - land - The ibis - the - above - fly.
3	the - Gabi - telling - truth - wasn't.
4	you — any — <u>Do</u> — help — need?
<u>}</u> P	Punctuate the following:
	1 no, I'm not lost
	2 You haven t even got legs
<u>3</u> w	Vrite a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:
	"Asking for help"
	What was the problem? Who could help you? How can you thank them at the end?
;	



| agrant 4 & B

Writing & Project



Main vocabulary

tourist attractions	أماكن جئب سياحى	theater	Shire
relaxing (adj.)	مريح	delicious (adj.)	لديد

Extra vocabulary

		baldi y	
fun (adj.)	ممتع	amazing (adj.)	مذهل
famous (adj.)	مشهور	Buckingham Palace	قصر باكينجهام
British Museum	المتحف البريطاني	boat trip	جولة بالقارب
River Thames	نهر التايمز	bridge	کوبری
plenty of	وفرة من	beautiful (adj.)	جميل
International Park	الحديقة الدولية	fascinating (adj.)	ساحر / جذاب
history	قاريخ	area	منطقة
Archaeological Center	المركز الأثرى	treasures	ber to dimensional poor of the dimensional property of th
perfect (adj.)	رائع	waterpark	ملاهى مائية
open (adj.)	مفتوح	shade	

تصريف الأفعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعيال منتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
rain	يمطر	rained	worry	يقلق	worried
	rregular verbs			أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
choose	يختار	chose	feed	يطعم	fed

Expressions and Phrases

1			
it doesn't matter	لايهم	lots of	الكثير من
go on a bus	يذهب على متن الحافلة	all over the world	في جميع أنحاء العالم
right in the middle of	تمامًا في المنتصف من	It's free to go in!	الدخول مجاني!

مدينة لندن London



انظر واقرأ:



This is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often rains here, but it doesn't matter because there are lots of fun things to do. You can go on a big red bus and visit amazing tourist attractions. You will see famous places like Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British Museum. You can take a relaxing boat trip on the River Thames and go under the famous bridges. All the walking around will make you hungry! But don't worry, there are plenty of different restaurants to choose from. You can find delicious food from all over the world here!

إنها واحدة من أكثر المدن الممنعة في العالم، عادة ما تمطر هنا ولكن هذا لا يهم حيث يوحد العديد من الأشناء الممتعة لتقوم بها. يمكن أن تدهب في حولة إلى الأماكن السباحية المختلفة في حافلة حمراء كبيرة، سوف يمكنك رؤية العديد من الأماكن المشهورة كفصر باكينجهام والمسارح والمتحف البريطاني، يمكنك أن تدهب في رحلة مريحة بالقارب في بهر النايمر وبعير من أسفن الكناري المشهورة، كل هذا التحول ستحفلك تشعر بالحوع، وبكن لا يقلق، يوحد العديد من المطاعم المختلفة التي يمكنك أن تختار من بينها، يمكنك أن تجد هنا طعامًا لذيذًا من جميع أنحاء العالم!

Tip!

When you try to encourage people to go to a place, use positive adjectives to describe the place.

عندما تحاول تشجيع الناس على الدهاب إلى مكان ماء استخدم الصفات الإيجابية لوصف المكان.

NEW ALAMEIN مدينة العلمين الجديدة



Look and read:

انظر وافرأ:



New Alamein



There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. This beautiful beach is 14 kms long! There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city. You can also visit the beautiful International Park. If you want to learn about the fascinating history of the area, then visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there. I can't wait to see you in New Alamein.

هناك العديد من الأشيء المثيرة التي يمكنك الفيام بها في العلمس الحديدة. المدينة على الشاطل ؛ لذا بمكنك ريارة النحر البارد عندما يكون الحو حازًا، يبلغ طول هذا انشاطل الحميل ١٤ كم ا توحد أيضًا تحيره خصراء كبيرة في وسط المدينة. يمكنك أيضًا ريارة الحديقة الدولية الحملة، إذا كنت ترعب في التعرف على التاريخ الخلاب للمنطقة، فقم بزيارة المركز الأثرى، هناك بعض الكنوز المدهشة.

لا أستطيع الانتظار لرؤيتك في العلمين الجديدة.

Steps of writing a paragraph to describe your town or city:

خطوات كتابة فقرة لوصف مدينتك

Write notes about the good things of your town.

اكتب ملاحظات عن الأشياء الجيدة في مدينتك.

Write about famous tourist attractions.

اكنب عن أماكن الحدب السياحي في مدينتك.

Write about the location.

أكتب عن الموقع.

Write about the history/culture/art.

-اكتب عن التاريخ/ النفافة/ الفن،

Our perfect town مدينتنا الرائعة



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals.

It is really hot in our town, so there is a waterpark that is always open. It's free to go in!

فى بلدتنا الرائعة، توجد حديقة حيوانات كبيرة بجانب المدرسة, يمكننا الذهاب هناك في كل ظهيرة بعد الحصص الدراسية، يمكننا أن نساعد في إطعام الحيوانات.

إن الجو حقًا حار في مدينتنا، لذلك توجد حديقة ألعاب مائية مفتوحة دائمًا، بمكنك الدخول بلا مقابل.





There is a wonderful market that sells all kinds of delicious food, like fresh bread and fresh fruit and vegetables.

There is a big park with lots of trees so we can go for family picnics in the shade.

This is our perfect town!

يوحد العديد من الأسواق الرائعة التي تبيع حميع أنواع الأطعمة المختلفة، كالحير الصارح والقواكة والحصراوات الطرحة، توجد حديقة كبيرة بها العديد من الأشجار لذلك يمكننا الذهاب في نزهات عائلية في الظل، هذه هي مدينتنا الرائعة!



Lespons 4 & 5



	Character 21
	 Remembering ● Understanding ▼ Applying ● Analyzing ● Evaluating ● Creating
0	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:
	I It often in London.
	(a. snows - b. heats - c. rains - d. warms)
	2 You can go on a big bus.
	(a. red - b. green - c. blue - d. yellow)
	3 You will see famous places like the Museum.
	(a. American - b. French - c. Egyptian - d. British)
	4 You can take a relaxing trip on the River Thames.
	(a. taxi - b. train - c. metro - d. boat)
0	Read and complete the text with the words in the box:
	middle — Park — beach — high — long
н	New Alamein is on the(1) so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot.
Ŀ	This beautiful beach is 14 kms ! There is also a large, green lake right
i	n the of the city. You can also visit the beautiful International
1	

Read the text and answer the questions:

visit the Archaeological Center.

6

My name is Ola. I live in a big apartment with my family in New Alamein. New Alamein is a new Egyptian city. It's a wonderful place with many tourist attractions. The International Park is a very famous place to visit. There is also a large lake, a theme park, and shopping malls. The city is on the beach, so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. The beach is over 14 kilometers long. The Archaeological Center is my favorite place to visit. There are some amazing treasures there.

		Tractile pract to the	on. There are son	ie dinuzing freustries in	ere.
= ;		Choose the co	rrect answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:	
ı	1	New Alamein is	a new	city.	
		a) American	b) British	c) Egyptian	d) French
	2	The	is Ola's favori	te place to visit.	
		a) International	Park	b) lake	
L		c) Archaeologic	al Center	d) beach	

Answer the following questions:

- 3 How long is the beach in New Alamein?
- 4 What are there at the Archaeological Center?

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:



- 1 eat What can we in London?
- 2 beach city The on is the.
- 3 plenty of There different are restaurants.
- 4 feed can to the help animals We .

Punctuate the following:



- I don't miss the beautiful International Park
- 2 There are many exciting things to do in new alamein

(30) Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:



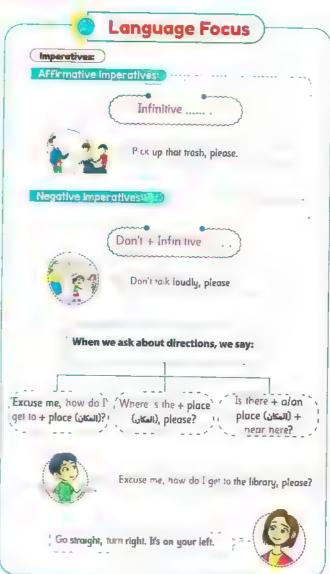
"My perfect town"

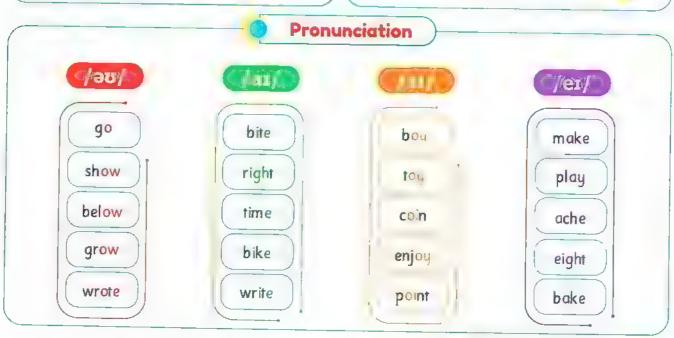
- · Where do you live?
- · How is the weather in your city?
- · What things can tourists do in your city?

Unit 10

REVIEW









This 10 CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson 1		
	مركز للتسوق	 بنك
	أثر	 مكتبة
	محطة	 ميدان
	أطباق	 مطاعمر
	عادات	 متاجر

Lesson 🔞			
	طائر أبو منجل		ائه
	قروی		جار السوق
	شوال		روع
	يعرض		نهب
	كتب		لجماهير
	يمين		سفل
	دراجة		ضمة/ عضة
	ولد	•••••	قت
	عملة	**********	کتب
	يشير إلى		هية
	يلعب		ستمتع
	ثمانية		عنىع
	يخبز	}**********************************	مر

WRITING TIME



How to write about Alexandria as a tourist:

- (وصف للمدسة) Alexandria is
- I'm visiting Alexandria from (مديستك الأصلية).
- (معالم مشهورة في الإسكندرية) There are
- (أشياء تحب أن تقوم بها في الإسكندرية) I love •

Alexandrio

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. I'm visiting Alexandria from Germany. There are some good museums, but I haven't been to any yet. I love just sitting in the roof garden of my hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea and chatting to other people. It's very relaxing.

How to write about directions to a place:

- To get to the (المكان) from the (مكان آخر), go straight.
- Turn left
- Then, turn right
- The (المكان) is on the left.
- Just cross the road.

The directions to Alexandria Ulbranys

This is Alexandria Library. It's amazing. To get to the library from the station, go straight. Turn left at the end of the road. Then, turn right. The library is on the left. Just cross the road.

How to write about your town or city:

- There are many exciting things to do
 in (اسعر المدينة)
- The city is (الموقع)
- (معالم في المدينة) There is
- (أماكن تاريحية في المدينة) You can visit
- You can also visit (أماكن تاريخية أخرى في المدينة)...

New Alamelin

There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. There is also a large, green lake right in the middle of the city. You can visit the beautiful International Park. You can also visit the Archaeological Center. There are some amazing treasures there.

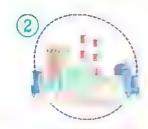


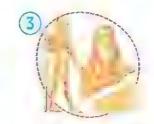
STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER

O Look and write:

station - factory - library - monument - bank - square - shopping mall















Read the library rules. Rewrite the rules with imperatives:

- You shouldn't eat in the library.
- You have to bring your book back in two weeks.
- 3 You need to drink your water outside.
- 4 You cannot use your mobile phone here.
- 5 You should not lose your book.
- Make sure you enjoy the books!

Reorder the words to make imperative sentences:

- 1 book / Choose / a / good / to read.
- 2 talk / loudly, / Don't / please.
- 3 write / in / Don't / the book.
- 4 the book / Return / its place / to.

est yourselb

UNIT 10





0	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:
1	There is a big right next to the school.
	(a. club — b. park — c. zoo — d. garden)
2	We can help to feed the
	(a. animals - b. birds - c. people - d. visitors)
8	It is really in our town.
	(a. cold - b. hot - c. warm - d. snowy)
4	It's free to go in the
	(a. class - b. waterpark - c. zoo - d. school)
	Reading

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

				4
1	You keep your n	noney safely in th	ne	
	a) bank		c) shopping mall	d) store
2	This is where yo	u go to catch a t	rain. It is the	***************
		b) factory	c) library	
3	We went to the		to find out how cotton	is turned into clothes
	a) restaurant		c) station	d) square
4	When you make	a	mistake, you should	
	a) nice	b) good	c) foolish	

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



ingredients - cuisine - Alexandria - market - town

I'm Hana. I've lived in(1)......... all my life. I own a restaurant here so I have to

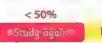
Read the text and answer the questions:

One day, a villager wanted to sell his beans in the market. But he couldn't walk far. His camel offered to help him and take the sack of beans to the market. The camel walked along the road. He turned right, then left, and then he turned right again. The camel didn't recognize the road and he thought he was lost.



Then, the camel met a nice ibis who flew above the land and told him the right way. The camel thanked the ibis and they became friends. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: The text is about a camel going to the a) park b) pool c) school d) market a) happy b) excited d) helpful **Answer the following questions:** 3 What did the villager want to do? 4 How did the ibis help the camel? Writing Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: 1 the - must - You - cuisines - try - local - some of. 2 mall - I - shopping - How - get to - the - do? Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: I Don't (ate) in the library. 2 (Going) straight, then turn left. **Punctuate the following:** don't talk loudly, please Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: "New Alamein" tourist attractions - Archaeological Center







Listen and choose the correct answer:

- 1 Sara is from (Egypt England Germany).
- 2 Sara thinks there are some good (schools museums stores).
- 3 She loves sitting in the roof of her (house home hotel).

Read and complete the dialog:

Alamein - International - live - visit

Reham : Where do you?

Leen : I live in New (1)

Reham: What can I (2) there?

Leen: You can visit the beautiful (3) _____ Park.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 I want to (borrow lend buy) books from the school library.
- 2 Don't (talking talk talks) loudly, please.
- 3 A: (When How Where) is the shopping mall, please? B: It's on your right.
- 4 Our restaurant (apologizes recognizes serves) the best pasta in town.
- 5 I saw beautiful (cuisine rains monuments) at the museum.





- v Stole

A World this talk little and





Listen, point, and say:

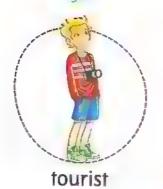
استمع، أشر، وقل:

Main vocabulary



ticket

ىذكرە



سائح



suitcase

حفينة سفر



passport

جواز سفر



hotel



swimming pool

حمام سباحة

Extra vocabulary

trip	رحلة	husband	نوچ	business	عمل
India	الهند	Singapore	ستغافورة	hotel room	حجرة فندقية
floor	دور/ طابق	view	متظر	roof	سطح
flight	رحلة حوية	airport	مطار	vanilla	فابيليا
Japan	اليابان	bay	خليج	theme park	مدينة الملاهى

تعييف الأممال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعيال متتظمية	
Present		Past	Present		Past
receive	يستقبل	received	pack	يحزمر أمتعة	packed
	Irregular verbs			ا أفعـــال غير منتظمة	,
Present		Past	Present		Past
forget	ینسی	forgot	find	يجد	found



Expressions and Phrases

get through	Wasi	straight away	على الفور
high-rise buildings	مبانٍ شاهقة الارتفاع	take about six hours	تستغرق حوالى ست ساعات
spend time	يقضي وقتًا	go on a boat trip	يذهب في رحلة على متن قارب
so much fun	الكثير من المرح		j



Let's say it right!

- لاحظ أن حرف الـ (s) في كلمة (island) حرف صامت (silent) لا ينطق.
- الا ينطقان. (gh) في كلمة (flight) حرفان صامتان (silent) لا ينطقان.

Vocabulary Check

لاحظ أنه يمكننا تكوين صفة من كلمتين بوضع الـ (-) بينهما:

high (adj.) عال + rise (n.) ارتفاع = high-rise (adj.) شاهق الارتفاع

The state of the s

المرافقة المعاملة ال

- Nadia and her husband are on a business trip.

- نادية وزوجها في رحلة عمل.

- This week, they are in Singapore.

- هذا الأسبوع هما في سنغافورة.

- It's hot in Singapore - about 36 degrees.

- الجو حار في سنغافورة - حوالي ٣٦ درجة.

- Singapore is a wonderful city.

- سنغافورة مدينة رائعة.
- There are lots of high-rise buildings and many parks, gardens, and trees.
 - يوجد الكثير من المباني الشاهقة والعديد من المتنزهات والحدائق والأشجار.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Free (suitcases tickets hotels pools) to the museum are available only to students.
- 2 We stayed at a/an (suitcase pool hotel island) by the beach.
- 3 We need our (jackets passports bottles photos) to travel from one city to another.
- 4 A lot of (tickets tourists hotels suitcases) come to visit Egypt every year.





Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Today Mom received an email from her sister Nadia, and her husband Hani. They are on a business trip traveling around the world. Nadia and Hani were in India last week, and this week they are in Singapore. Mom is reading the email aloud to her daughter Rana and her son Ali.

اسلمت الأمر البوم بريدًا إلكتروبيًّا من أحبها بادية وروجها هابي. هما في رحلة عمل حول العالم، كانت نادية وهاني في الهند الأسبوع الماضي، وهما في سنغافورة هذا الأسبوع، تقرأ الأمر البريد الإلكتروني بصوت عالٍ لابنتها رنا وابنها على.

To Samiax@mail.com

Subject My trip

Dear Samia,

Hello to you all from Singapore! It's hot here — about 36 degrees (2). Luckily (3), we've got a lovely hotel room. We're on the 42nd floor. The view is beautiful and we can see the beach. There's a huge swimming pool on the roof of the hotel! Can you believe it? The flight from India took about six hours, but it was comfortable (4) and we both slept.

It didn't take long to get through the airport when we arrived — we got our suitcases straight away.

عزيزتي ساميةء

مرحبًا بكم جميعًا من سنغافورة! الجوحار هنا -حوالى ٣٦ درجة، لحسن الحظ، لدينا غرفة فندقية جميلة. نحن في الطابق ٤٢، المنظر جميل ويمكننا رؤية الشاطئ، يوجد حمام سباحة ضخم على سطح الفندة! هل يمكنك تصديق ذلك؟ استغرقت الرحلة من الهند حوالي ست ساعات، لكنها كانت مربحة وكلانا نام. لم يستغرق عبور المطار وقتًا طويلًا عندما وصلنا - لقد حملنا حقائبنا على







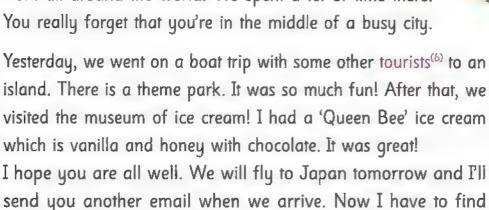
(1)	بصوت عالٍ
(2)	درجات
(3)	لحسن الحظ
(4)	مريح

القور.

Send

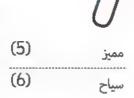


Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of high-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. The Gardens by the Bay is a really special(5) place where there are flowers and plants from all around the world. We spent a lot of time there.



our tickets and passports and pack our suitcases again!





Love, Nadia

ستعافورة مدينة رائعية، هناك الكثير من الماني الشاهفة، ولكن هناك أيضًا العديند من المتبرهات والحدائيق والأشجار للخليوس تحتها والاسترجاء، بعيد حدائق الخليج مكات خاصًا حفٍّ ؛ حيث توجيد الرهبور والتنابات من حميع أبحياء العالم، لفيد أمصينا وقتًا طويلًا هناك. قد تنسى حقًّا أنك في وسط مدينة مزدحمة.

بالأمس، دهيبا في رحله بالقارب مع يعيض استاح الأخرين إلى إحتاي الحيزر ا توجيد مدينة ملاهي. كان الأمار ممتعًا للعاية العبد ديك قمياً بريارة متحف الأنس كريم ا تناولت أنيس كريم «ملكة البحي، وهيو القائلية والعسل منع الشوكولاية. كان رائعًا! أتمني أن تكونوا حميعًا تحدر. سيسافر إلى البحان عدًا وسأرسل حك تريدًا إكبروتيًا .حير عبد وصوتنا. الآن عليَّ أن أحيد با أكرت وحيوارات سفريا وأن أحزم حقائبنا مرة أخرى!





What does "Take only photos, leave only footprints" mean? It means don't take anything you find in the woods ... like flowers, fungi, roots, animals, small trees, etc. But you can take pictures of them with your camera. The "leave only footprints" part means don't leave any trash behind you except for your footprints.

ماذا يعنى «التقط صورًا فقط، اترك آثار أقدام فقط»؟

هذا يعنى عدم أخذ أي شيء تجده في الغابة ... مثل الزهور، والفطريات، والجذور، والحيوانات، والأشجار الصغيرة، وما إلى ذلك، ولكن يمكنك التقاط صور لها بالكاميرا. الجزء «اترك آثار أقدام فقط» يعني عدم ترك أي قمامة خلفك باستثناء آثار أقدامك.



Lesson 1



Remembering
 Understanding
 Applying
 Analyzing
 Evaluating
 Creating

(D	C	hoose the correct a	nswer from a, b	, c, or d:		5
		ı	You have to pack yo	our	before traveling.		
			a) bottles	b) suitcases	c) tourists	d) flights	
		2	It's very hot today; w	re'll go to the	\$		
			a) swimming pool	b) museum	c) hotel	d) city	
Ì		3	We are going on a b	ousiness	to Singapo	re next week.	
(ļ		a) ticket	b) hotel	c) trip	d) park	
		4	We live in an apart	ment on the 6^{th}	**************************************		
1			a) roof	b) pool	c) floor	d) hotel	
		5	The is	the top part of a	building.		
			a) park	b) pool	c) hotel	d) roof	
•	3	Re	ead and complete tl	he text with the	words in the b	ox:	4
ı			give	≥ — around — Bay	— spend — buildir	igs	
ı	5	Sin	gapore is a wonderfu	ul city. There are	lots of high-rise	(1), but	there
ı	C	ire	also many parks, go	ardens, and trees	to sit under and	relax. The Garde	ns by
30	†	he	is a	really special pla	ce. There are flow	wers and plants fr	om all
		41040	(3) the world.	You can(4)	exciting time	e there.	
6)	Re	e <mark>ad</mark> the text and ans	swer the questi	ons:		6
I	1	Va:	dia and her husband,	, Hani, are on vo	ication in Singap	ore. It's hot – abo	ut 36
	c	leg	grees. They stay in a	lovely hotel room	n on the 42 nd flo	or. The hotel is sp	pecial.
	T	he	ere's a <u>huge</u> swimming	g pool on the roo	of of the hotel. Th	ne view is beautifu	ul and

they can see the beach. Yesterday, they went on a boat trip to an island. There is a

theme park. After that, they visited the museum of ice cream! They had a "Queen

Bee" ice cream cone, which is vanilla and honey with chocolate.





Lesson 2

inche é





· जुल्लास्ता - ग्र



Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

Main vocabulary



Amman Citadel قلعة عَمان



المدرج الروماني



Roman Amphitheater Archaeological Museum متحف الآثار



Abu Jaber Museum متحف أبو جابر



Dead Sea البحر الميت

		E,14 2 1000	ر ریدالی		
Zambia	زامبيا	leaflet	منشور	Jordan	الأردن
Amman	عَمان	traditional (adj.)	تقليدي	Jordanian (adj.)	أردنى
tour	جولة	local (adj.)	محلى	day trip	رحلة نهارية
ancient (adj.)	قديم	culture	ثقافة	art	فن
destination	وجهة (المكان المقصود)	crafts	مصنوعات	mud	طين
relaxed (adj.)	مريح	airport	مطار	diary	مذكرات يومية
home	الوطن (البلد الأمر)	chance	ورصة	handicrafts	أعمال يدوية
stalls	أكشاك	rug	سجادة صعيرة	tour guide	مرشد سیاحی



تمريف الأمعال Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
explore	يستكشف	explored	discover	يكتشف	discovered
describe	يصف	described	wander	يتجول	wandered
J	rregular verbs		,	أفعيال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
spend	يقضى "	spent	leave	يغادر	left

s and Phrases

desert tours	جولات صحراوية	check in	يسجل دخول
free time	وقت فراغ	head out of	پخرج من
trading center	مرکز تجاری	the best ever	الأفضل على الإطلاق
bus ride	ركوب الحافلة	quite quickly	بسرعة كبيرة



Let's say it right!

لاحظ أن حروف (tion) في كلمة (traditional) تنطق /n/ (شن).



- When you arrive to Amman, you can have traditional dinner at the Memphis restaurant.
 - عند وصولك إلى عمَّان، يمكنك تناول العشاء التقليدي في مطعم ممفيس.
- You can visit the famous Amman Citadel.

- بإمكانك زيارة قلعة عمان الشهيرة.
- You can spend the evening walking through Amman's many colorful markets.
 - يمكنك قضاء المساء بالتجول في أسواق عمَّان المتعددة الألوان.
- In the ancient town of As-Salt, you can find lots of local Jordanian culture.
 - في مدينة السلط القديمة، يمكنك أن تجد الكثير من الثقافة الأردنية المحلية.
- No visit to Jordan is complete without a trip to the Dead Sea.
 - لا تكتمل زيارة الأردن دون رحلة إلى البحر الميت،





Lesson 2



Remembering • Understanding Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	10	-	
1	67		N.
- 8	86	1	
	(0)		7

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d:



I	It's important to be on the road.
	(a. sad - b. tired - c. safe - d. angry)
2	You a helmet on your bike.
	(a. $needs - b$, $don't need - c$, $need - d$, $doesn't need$)
3	You need a seat belt in your
	(a. car - b. plane - c. train - d. ship)
4	You need a green light to the road.
	(a. wait - b. go - c. park - d. cross)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

/	1
(
/	5 /

l	Naglaa only cr	osses the road whe	en the light is	*************	
	a) red	b) green	c) yellow	d) blue	
2	My dad needs a in his car.				
	a) helmet	b) camel	c) seat belt	d) sign	
3 Stop here and for a gr			green light to be	safe on the road.	
	a) turn	b) swim	c) draw	d) wait	
4	You	swim here. It's	very dangerous.		
	a) can	b) need	c) needs	d) can't	
5	You can't	your bike	here.		

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

b) ride

a) drive



light - left - right - bike - road

c) do



型型制度	(Un) 11

Ø	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	5
1	You need (at) look left and right.	
	2 You need a green light to (crossing) the road.	
(%)	3 Ali (need) a helmet on his bike.	
	4 You need to (going) straight.	
1	5 Lara needs to (is) more careful on the road.	
(5	Punctuate the following:	2
	1 you can t swim here.	
8		
	2 stop here and wait for a green light	
6	Write a paragraph of about EIGHTEEN (18) words using the following guiding elements:	5
1	"Road safety"	
	be safe — green light — look left and right	Carray
:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(00)		
		ŕ
;		4 4 4
		b b b
1	*****	1





Lesson &





Be careful on the rande!

كن حذرًا عل<mark>ى الطريق</mark>!



ambulance

Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:

		ALTERNATION OF THE PARTY.	(Colorid)		
	road	طريق	safety	أمان	-
,	motorbike	دراجة بخارية	crosswalk	ممر مشاة	

hospital

Extra vocabulary

سيارة إسعاف

middle	منتصف	fast (adj.)	سريع	scared (adj.)	خائف
shocked (adj.)	مصدوم	boring (adj.)	ممل	road signs	إشارات الطريق

Conjugation of verbs

	Regular verbs			أفعسال منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
love	يحب	loved	cross	تعن	crossed
call	یستدعی/یتصل بـ	called	follow	يتبع	followed
	Irregular verbs		'	أفعال غير منتظمة	
Present		Past	Present		Past
drive	يقود	drove	fall	يسقط	fell
hurt	يجرح	hurt	understand	يفهم	understood

Concernies see brown

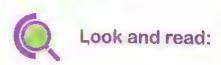
be careful on the road	انتبه على الطريق	a young man	شاب صعير السن
in a hurry	على عجلة من أمره	drive through	ا يقود عبر
fall over	يسقط	call for	يستدعى / يطلب
do right	يفعل الصواب	listen for cars	يستمع لأصوات السيارات



Let's say it right!

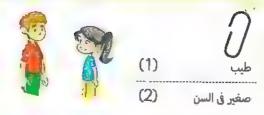
لاحظ أن حرفى الــ (ed) ينطقان /t/ (ت) كما فى (shocked).
 لاحظ أن حرف الــ (g) فى كلمة (silent" (sign)" لا ينطق.





انظر واقرأ:

Mazen and Dalida are brother and sister.
They love their school. Their teachers are very kind (1).
Hani is a young (2) man. He works in the city and he goes to work by motorbike.
Today, he was in a hurry.



مارن و دابيدا أحوان. إنهما بحيان مدرستهما، معلموهما طيبون للغاية، هاني شات صغير ، يعمل في المدينة ويذهب إلى عمله بالدراجة البخارية، اليوم كان على عجلة من أمره،

Helmerallo (ola)

Mazen and Dalida walk to school together.

They cross the road at the crosswalk. Today, they walked to the crosswalk and waited (3) for the cars to stop. Then they walked into the road.



انتظر

Mazen walked to the middle of the crosswalk.

Then Hani drove through the crosswalk. He didn't stop because he was going too fast.

Mazen fell over. He was very shocked. Dalida was scared, but she wanted to help her brother.

يذهب مازن و دالندا إلى المدرسة معًا سرّ عني الأقدام، إنهما يعتران الطريق عبر معتر المساة، أليوم، دهنا إلى معتر المشاة وانتظر حتى تتوفف السنارات، ثمر مشيا عني انظريق، مشي مازن إلى منتصف معتر انمساة، ثمر قاد هاني دراحته البحارية حلان معتر انمشاه. لم بتوقف لأنه كان يقود مسرعًا للعاية، وقع مازن، كان مصدومًا للغاية، وكنا أن تساعد أحاها،

Hani stopped to help. Mazen wanted to go to school, but he hurt his leg. Hani called for an ambulance.

Mazen is now at the hospital with his mom and sister. Hani is feeling very bad. توقف هابى ليقدم المساعدة. أراد مارن أن يذهب للمدرسة. ولكن رجله كانت مصابة، طلب هابى الإسعاف. مارن حاليًّا في المستشفى مع والدته وأخته، هانى يشعر بالسوء.

Check point

Ī	How does Hani go to work?	
---	---------------------------	--

2	Where	are	Mazen	and	Dalida	going?	
---	-------	-----	-------	-----	--------	--------	--





must

We use "must" or "mustn't" for strong advice.

نستخدم «mustn't» أو «mustn't» لإعطاء نصيحة قوية.

.... مصدر الفعل + must / mustn't + (inf.) عاعل



You must wait for the green lights before you cross the road.

یجب علیك انتظار الضوء الأخضر قبل أن تعبر الطریق.

You mustn't run on roads.

لا يجب أن تجرى على الطريق،



When we take notes, we don't write the complete sentences. We write important words.

عندما نقوم بتدوين الملاحظات، لا نكتب جملًا كاملة. نكتب كلمات مهمة.

e.g. Note: must listen for cars

Sentence: You must listen for cars.

Check point

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 You (must shouldn't mustn't can't) wear a seat belt in a car.
- 2 You (mustn't can't must shouldn't) be careful while crossing the road.
- 3 You must (follows followed following follow) road signs.
- 4 You must (cross crosses crossed crossing) the road at the crosswalk.
- 5 You (can't shouldn't mustn't must) wait for the cars to stop before crossing the road.
- 6 You (must should mustn't need) play on the road.





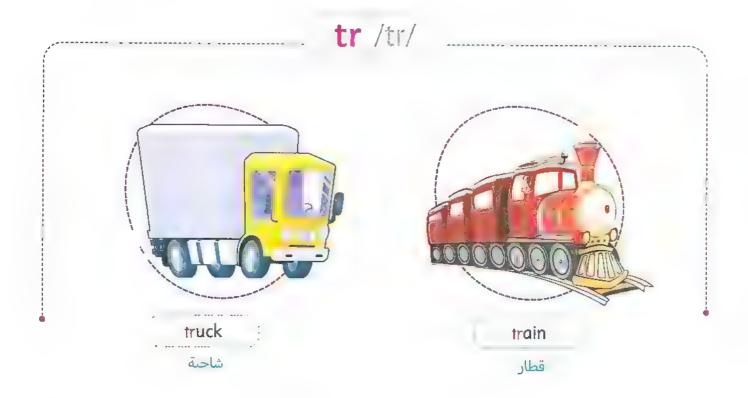




Listen, point, and say:

استمع، أشر وقل:







Diphthongs (long vowels):

الأصوات المركبة (حروف العلة الطويلة):

A diphthong is a vowel sound made by pronouncing two vowels quickly one after the other.

الصوت المركب هو صوت متحرك يتم إجراؤه عن طريق نطق حرفين متحركين بسرعة واحدًا تلو الأخرى.







Lesson 3



• Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

	D	4	Listen aı	nd circle the corre	ct answer from a	, b, c or d:
		1	Mazen an	d Dalid <mark>a are bro</mark> the	er and	
			(a. dad -	b. mom — c. uncle	- d. sister)	
		2	Their tead	hers are very		
			(a. tired -	- b. sad - c. kind	d. angry)	
		3	They wait	for the cars to	~F~~BAEA140	
ı			(a. run –	b. stop - c. walk -	d. arrive)	
		4	They neve	er cross the	until the	light is green.
ı			(a. river -	- b. sea – c. road –	d. farm)	
			_			
•	3	CI	100se the	correct answer fro	m a, b, c, or d:	4
١		ı	When som	eone is hurt, we cal	I for the	************
ı			a) car	. b) taxi	c) bus	d) ambulance
ı		2	Hani was i	in ab	ecause he was lat	e for work.
d	1		a) road	b) hurry	c) crosswalk	d) shock
Ī		3	You must o	ross the road at the	\$1000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ı			a) right	b) left		d) straight
ı		4	He didn't s	top because he was		J
			a) slow		c) fast	
·	3	Re	ad and co	mplete the text w	ith the words in	the box:
						•
				ambulance - tast	– hurry – lights – c	rosswalk
	H	lar	ni is a youn	g man who works i	n the city. One da	y, Hani was late for work so
	h	e '	was in a	(1) He dro	ve his motorbike .	(2) Mazen and his
	si	iste	er Dalida w	vere walking on the		ani couldn't stop. Mazen fell
	O	VO	r and Hani	called for an	743	



İ

Read the text and answer the questions:



Ali and Rana are brother and sister. They love their school. Their teachers are very kind and helpful. Osama is a young man. He works in the city and he goes to work by motorbike. Today, he was in a hurry. Ali and Rana walk to school together. They cross the road at the crosswalk. They walked to the crosswalk and waited for the cars to stop. Then they walked into the road. Ali walked to the middle of the crosswalk.

Then Osama drove through the crosswalk. He didn't stop because he was going too fast. Ali fell over. He was very shocked. Rana was scared. Osama stopped to help. Ali wanted to go to school, but he hurt his leg. Osama called for an ambulance.

	,	Ali	W	anted to go to school, but he hurt his leg. Osama called for an ambulance.
6	1			Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:
((')		1	Osama goes to his work by a
			2	The underlined pronoun "They" refers to
				Answer the following questions:
			3	Why do Ali and Rana love their school?
			4	How did Osama help Ali?
ı				
	3	Re	ead	and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
Ī		1	Y	u (must) walk in the middle of the road.
		2	Y	u must (wears) a helmet when you ride your bike.
(Si	3)	3	Y	u must (crossing) the road at the crosswalk.
		4	Y	u (mustn't) wait for the green lights before you cross the road.
	3	P	un	ctuate the following:
		I		ani mustn't drive fast
(6)		*1*	*****	
		2	1	oday, dad was in a hurry





Lesson 4



Air pollution

تلوث الهواء



Listen and say:

استمع ومّل:

pollution	تلوث تادی	chemicals	مواد كيمائية	dangerous (adj.)	خطير
electric buses	أتوبيسات تعمل بالكهرباء	straw	قش	photosynthesis	عملية التمثيل الضوئي

Extra vecabulary					
dirty (adj.)	منسخ	London	لندن	England	إئجلترا
Shenzhen	تنشجن (مدينة بالصين)	China	الصين	burning	حرق حرق
Paris	ىارىس	Copenhagen	كوبىهاجن	Denmark	الدانمارك
worried (adj.)	قلق	son	ابن	asthma	مرض الربو
heating	جهاز التدفئة	solar power	الطاقة الشمسية	excellent (adj.)	ممتاز
growth_	نمو	parents	الوالدان	shade	 ظل

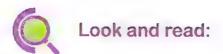
Conjugation of verse المعربية الأمارة Regular verbs أفعيال منتظمة Present Past Present **Past** breathe breathed cycle cycled يتنفس يركب الدراجة stop stopped allow allowed يتوقف يسمح cover covered يغطى Irregular verbs أفعال غير منتظمة Present **Past** Present Past make made put put يصنع يضع

	Expressions	and Phrases	
take a bus	يستقل الأتوبيس	First of all,	أُولًا
cut the amount	يحفض الاستهلاك	a long way from	على مسافة بعيدة من
open fires	مدفأة مكشوفة	That's helpful!	هذا مقيدا



- لاحظ أن حرفى الـ (ch) في كلمة (chemicals) ينطقان √k/ (ك).
- ﴿ لاحظ أن حرفي الـ (zh) في كلمة (Shenzhen) ينطقان /dʒ/ (دج)،
 - ۚ لاحظ أن حروف الـ (sth) في كلمة (asthma) تُنطق /z/ (ز).





انظر واقرأ:

Cities have many cars. Cars make air pollution. They put chemicals into the air. We can't always see the chemicals, but they are dangerous.

Air pollution is dangerous for us. When we breathe the polluted air, we cough and feel sick.

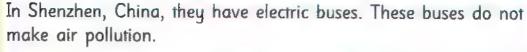
Does this happen to you in your city or town? Is the air dirty or clean?

المندن بها الكنيار من السيارات. انسبارات تُسبب تلوت الهنواء، يضعنون المنواد الكيميائية في الهنواء، لا يمكسا دائمًا رؤية المنواد الكيميائية، لكنها خطيرة.

بشكل تلوث الهواء خصورة علينا. عندما متنفس الهواء الملوث، نسعل ونشعر بالمرض، هل هذا يحدث لك في مدينتك أو بلدتك؟ هل الهواء متسخ أم نظيف؟

Some cities are trying to stop the air pollution. In London, England, parents do not drive children to school. The children walk or cycle to school. Cars do not go near the school.





في تنشجن، الصين، لديهم أتوبيسات كهريئية. هذه الأتوبيسات لا تسبب تلوث الهواء.

In Gharbia, Egypt, farmers wanted to have cleaner air.

To do that, they stopped burning rice straw. They used the straw to make food for their animals and cover their crops.

فى الغربية، مصر، أراد المزارعون الحصول على هواء أنظف. للقيام بذلك، توقفوا عن حرق قش الأزر. استخدموا القش لصنع طعام لحيواناتهم وتعطية محاصيلهم.

In Paris, France, cars can't go into some parts of the city. In these places, you can only walk or take a bus.

فى باريس، فرنساء لا يمكن للسيارات الذهاب إلى بعض أجزاء من المدينة. فى هذه الأماكن ، يمكنك المشى أو ركوب الأتوبيس فقط.

In Copenhagen, Denmark, there are more bikes than people and large parts of the city don't allow cars.

فى كوينهاجن، الدانمارك، عدد الدراجات أكبر من عدد الناس ، وأجزاء كبيرة من المدينة لا تسمح بالسيارات. These are all good ideas to stop air pollution in cities. Which idea do you like best?

هذه كلها أفكار جيدة لوقف تلوث الهواء في المدن. أي فكرة تفضلها أكثر؟













- 1 What do cars make?
- 2 How did people in London stop air pollution?





Listening script





Listen, read, and role-play:

استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



Interviewer

Today I am talking to Doctor Helen Walker about air pollution. Helen, why are you worried about this subject?

أتحدث اليوم مع الدكتورة هيلين واكر عن تلوث الهواء، هيلين ، لماد أنب قلقة من هذا الموضوع؟



Because one of my sons has very bad asthma and I think it is because of the dirty air in our city. I wanted to say something to help him and other children.

I wanted to say something to help him and other children.

I wanted to say something to help him and other children.

I wanted to say something to help him and other children.

I wanted the same and the same all the same and



Inte

Interviewer

What can we do to help make the air cleaner?

ماذا يمكننا أن نفعل للمساعدة في جعل الهواء أنظف؟



I have some ideas. First of all, we need to cut the amount we use our cars. We can try to buy from stores near our house. Children can try to walk to school.

لدى بعض الأفكار، أولًا، نحتاج إلى خفض مقدار ، استخدامنا لسياراتنا، يمكننا محاولة الشراء من المتاجر القريبة من منزلنا، يمكن للأطفال محاولة المشى إلى المدرسة،



Interviewer

But sometimes children live a long way from school.

لكن في بعض الأحيان يعيش الأطفال على بعد مسافة طويلة من المدرسة،



Then they could go by bike or maybe take the bus.

إذًا يمكنهم الذهاب بالدراجة أو ركوب الحافلة.





Good idea, many schools have buses. What are your other ideas?

فكرة جيدة ، العديد من المدارس لديها أتوبيسات. ما هي أفكارك الأخرى؟



Try not to have open fires at home. If it's cold, use the heating. And use renewable energy if you can, like solar power — renewable energy keeps the air clean!

حاول ألا يكون لديك مدفأة مكشوفة في المنزل، إذا كان الجو باردًا، استخدم جهاز التدفئة. واستخدم الطاقة المتجددة إذا استطعت، مثل الطاقة الشمسية - الطاقة المتجددة تحافظ على نظافة الهواء!



Interviewer

Oh, that's helpful. What about more trees?

أوه ، هذا مفيد، ماذا عن المزيد من الأشجار؟



Yes, that's an excellent idea. We need to plant trees. Trees clean the air because they use the chemicals for their growth through photosynthesis. They also make cities look pretty and give us shade on a hot day!

نعم، هذه فكرة ممتازة. نحن بحاجة لزراعة الأشجار، تقوم الأشجار بتنظيف الهواء لأنها تستخدم المواد الكيميائية لنموها من خلال عملية التمثيل الضوئي، كما أنها تجعل المدن تبدو جميلة وتمنحنا الظل في يوم









Lesson 4

Remembering Understanding Applying Analyzing Evaluating Creating

d) heating



Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d:



1	Cities have cars.
	(a. few - b. little - c. many - d. much)
2	We always see the chemicals.
	(a. $must - b$. $can - c$. $mustn't - d$. $can't$)
3	Air pollution is for us.
	(a. good - b. helpful - c. safe - d. dangerous)
4	When we breathe the polluted air, we feel
	(a. happy - b. better - c. sick - d. excited)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:



1	Cars put	in the air	and cause air poll	ution.
	a) chemicals	b) water	c) solar power	d) bikes
2	In Gharbia, far	mers used the stra	w to	their animals.
	a) cover	b) cut	c) allow	d) make
3	We need to use	more renewable	energy like	power.
	a) gas	b) electric	c) solar	d) chemicals
4	C	ars are excellent b	ecause they work	with electricity.
	a) Gas	b) Solar	c) Electric	d) Fire
5	Ali has	because of	the dirty air.	

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

b) asthma



car - renewable - bike - polluted - pollution

c) shade

Air pollution is dangerous. When we breathe air, we cough and feel school by or the bus. We can plant more trees and use(4)....... energy like solar power.

a) straw

Read the text and answer the questions:



Cities have many cars. Cars make air pollution. They put chemicals into the air. We can't always see the chemicals, but they are dangerous. Air pollution is dangerous for us. When we breathe the polluted air, we cough and feel sick. Some cities are trying to stop the air pollution. In London, England, parents do not drive their children to school. The children walk or cycle to school. Cars do not go near the school. In Gharbia, Egypt, farmers wanted to have cleaner air. To do that, they stopped burning rice straw. They used the straw to make food for their animals and cover their crops.

ı		ning rice straw. They used the straw to make food for their animals and cover r crops.							
П		Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:							
J	1	In parents do not drive their children to school.							
1		a) Cairo b) London c) Shenzhen d) Paris							
1	2	The underlined pronoun "they" refers to							
۱									
		Answer the following questions:							
		3 What did farmers in Gharbia want to have?							
		4 How do the children in England go to school?							
		(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
(Pu.	nctuate the following:							
	f Al	ha ata da a ta F							
®	IS T	is the air clean in Egypt							
0	Wri gui	ite a paragraph of about EIGHTEEN (18) words using the following ding elements:							
1		"Air pollution"							
		• Is the air dirty or clean in your city?							
ı	7 ***	• Do cars cause air pollution?							
(80)		· How can we stop it?							
I									
	* ***	;							
		******* * * ********* * * * ***********							



Writing & Project





استمع وقل:

	£	Main Vocab	Ildry		174
energy-saving (adj.)	موفرة للكهرباء	lightbulbs	مصابيح	gas	(بنزین
cycle lanes	ممرات للدراجات	traffic	حركة المرور	road signs	إشرات الطريق

report	تقرير	excited (adj.)	متشوق	ideas	أفكار	
apartment	شْقُهُ	balcony	بلكونة	nearer (adj.)	أقرب	
cleaner (adj.)	أَنقَى	building materials	مواد البناء	main heading	عنوان رئيسي	
sub-heading	عبوان فرعي	carbon monoxide	أول أكسيد الكربون	breathing problems	مشاكل التنفس	

تعييف الأشعال Conjugation of verbs Regular verbs أفعسال منتظمة **Past** Present Past Present decided decide increased increase يقرر يزيد pollute polluted reduced reduce يلوث بقلل shared share يتشارك Irregular verbs أفعال غير منتظمة Present Past Present Past drive drove burnt burn يقود يحرق

	Expressions	and Phrases	
do research	يقوم پبحث	put in	يركّب شيئًا
car-free roads	طرق خالية من العربيـات	from behind	من الخلف







Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Introduction

Last week I heard Dr Helen Walker talking about air pollution. I liked her ideas and I did some research. I talked to my family about what we can do.

استمعت الأسبوع الماصى إلى الدكتورة هيليان والكر تتحدث عن تلوث الهواء. لقد أحببت أفكارها وقمت ببعض الأبحاث، لقد تحدثت مع عائلتي حول ما يمكننا القيام به.



What servering

- We can have energy-saving lightbulbs in our apartment. سكسا الحصول على مصليح موفره للصاقة في شفسا.
- · We can use buses and trains more.

- بمكتبا استخدام الأنوبيسات وانقصرات أكثر.
- · We can share a car with a friend sometimes.
- يمكينا مشاركه السيارة مع صديق في يعض الأحيان.
- · We can walk and not always go by car.

• بمكتب المشي ولا بدهت بالسيارة دائمًا،

- We can have many plants on our balcony.
- يمكن أن يكون لديب العديد من اسانات في شرفتنا.

What we seed to

We decided to change some things as a family. Dad now goes to work with his friend in the same car. Mom takes the bus to work. She doesn't drive. I now go to school by bike. My sister, Noura, walks to school.

We have more plants in the living room and on the balcony. When our lightbulbs stop working, we can put in energy-saving lightbulbs. I'm excited!

Youssef

قررت تعسر بعض الأسباء كعيثة. بدهت أبي الآن للعمل مع صديقه في نفس السيارة، أمن تستقل الأنوبيس إلى العمن، هي لا تفود. أنا أذهب الآن إلى المدرسة بالدراجة. أختى نورا تمشي إلى المدرسة.

للسبا المريب من التناسات في عرفية المعيشية وفي الشيرفة. عندمنا شوقيف مصاليجينا الكهربائيية عن العمين، يمكنت وصبع مصابيح موفيرة تتطافية. أنا متحمس! يوسف.

Check point

- 1 How does Mom go to work?
- 2 Why does Noura walk to school?



More ideas to stop air pollution

المزيد من الأفكار لوقف تلوث الهواء



Read and notice:

اقرأ ولاحظ:

Don't burn rice straw.		
	لا نحرق قش الأرر،	«."
Increase public transportation.	زد من وسائل النقل العام . 	
Have cleaner gas in your car.	احصل على عار أنطف في سيارتك.	
Use building materials that don't po	الستحدم مواد بناء عبر ملونه.	
Have some car-free roads.	.حصل على بعض الطرق الحائية من استاراد	
Travel on foot or by bike.	انتقل سيرًا على الأقدام أو بالدراجة،	de la company de
Have cycle lanes at the side of road ريق.	S. احصل على ممرات للدراجات على جانب الطر	





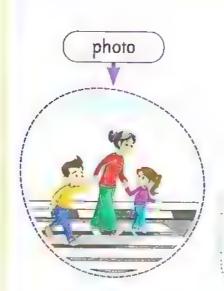


Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

Road safety leaflet

نشرة السلامة علم الطرق



ROAD SAFETY

main heading

sub-heading

Be safe on the road

Use the crosswalks.

Walk slowly — don't run.

كن أمنًا على الطريق

استخدِم ممرات المشاة. امش ببطء - لا تجر.



Watch the traffic— listen for cars
انتبه لحركة المرور - استمع لأصوات السيارات

Don't cross from behind a car. لا تعبر من خلف السيارة.



Read the road signs

اقرأ علامات الطريق

Read the road signs. They give you important information about the road.

اقرأ علامات الطريق. تعطيك العلامات معلومات مهمة عن الطريق.

paragraph





Lessons 5 & 6



• Remembering • Understanding • Applying • Analyzing • Evaluating • Creating

6	D		Listen and	circle the correct	answer from a, b	, c or d:	6	
	1 Dad now goes to work with his friend in the same							
	(a. metro - b. bus - c. car - d. traîn)							
	2 Mom the bus to work.							
	(a. takes - b. gives - c. drives - d. rides)							
	3 I to school.							
			(a. walk – b	. run — c. drive — c	d. cycle)			
		4	Noura's scho	ol is	wtombedown d			
			(a. small – b	o. near – c. far – d	l. big)			
e	3	Ch	oose the cor	rrect answer fron	n a, b, c, or d:		4	
		1	We can have	e many	on our balcor	ny.		
,			a) cars	b) trains	c) plants	d) planes		
		2	We have en	ergy- saving	in our ap	oartment.		
()		a) cars	b) lightbulbs	c) plants	d) ovens		
1		3	We can	a car w	ith a friend somet	imes.		
			a) buy	b) burn	c) share	d) walk		
1		4	Don't	rice straw	to stop air polluti	on.		
			a) use	b) eat	c) burn	d) increase		
16	3	Re	ead and com	plete the text wit	th the words in th	e box:	4	
	share — dangerous — walk — energy-saving — trains							
	Last week, my teacher was talking about air pollution. She gave us some ideas							
	to stop air pollution. We can have(1)							
					9			
We can use more buses and(2) We can also(3)						IIsoa ca	r with	

a friend sometimes. If you're going to a near place, you can(4)...........

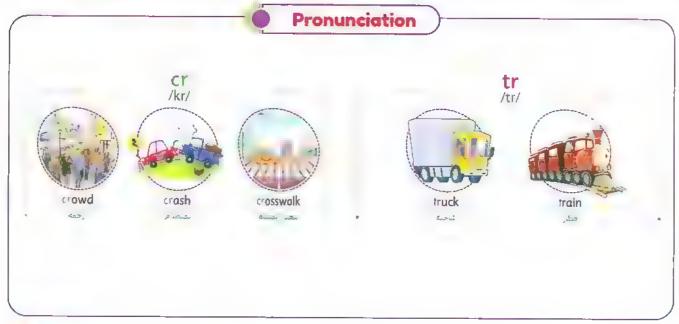


Č	Read the text and answer the questions:					
	I'm Ola. I read about air pollution. It's very dangerous. We can stop air pollution. My family decided to change some things. Dad now goes to work with his friend in the same car. Mom takes the bus to work. She doesn't drive. I cycle to school. My brother Ahmed walks to school because his school is nearer. I find many things we can do to stop air pollution. We can have energy-saving lightbulbs in our apartment. We can have many plants on our balcony.					
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:					
	1 The general idea of the text is about					
١	Answer the following questions:					
П	3 How does Ola go to school?					
	4 Why does Ahmed walk to school?					
1	Punctuate the following:)				
©	Don t burn rice straw	•				
	Write a paragraph of about EIGHTEEN (18) words using the following guiding elements:)				
	"Ideas to stop air poliution"					
(6)	What can we do to stop air pollution? What should we put on our balconies? Should we increase public transportation?					

Omit REVIEW











CHECK YOUR VOCABULARY



Lesson			
	سفينة	****	قارب
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	طائرة		مترو الأنفاق
	سيارة		مطار
***************************************	میاه		سكة حديد
	الطريق		الهواء/الجو
Lesson			
	آمن		حزامر الأمان
	ضوء		خوذة
	يمين		يسار
	مستقيم		جمل
	ينتظر		بأمان
Lesson (-
	ممر المشاة		دراجة بخارية
***************************************	في عجلة من أمره		سيارة إسعاف
***************************************	خائف		مصدوم
	شاب صغير السن		نظیف
	زحمة		يصطدم
	يطفو		شاحنة
Lesson (4)			
	تلوث	***************************************	مواد كيميائية
	أتوبيسات تعمل بالكهرباء		خطير
4=>====================================	الطاقة الشمسية		ظل
	فكرة		مرض الربو
	تدفئة		متجر
##P##P#####P####	5. SH (A =1)		5)/ WHI

الطاقة المتجددة

التمثيل الضوئي

WRITING TIME



How to write about transportation:

- 1 There are many forms of transportation in my town/city.
- 2 There are + اسم المواصلات that go on +
- 3 When we go by + وسيلة المواصلات, we are on + طريقة الانتقال.

There are many forms of transportation types in my city. There are cars and buses that move on roads. When we go by trains or metros, we are on rails. When we go by planes, we go through the air. When we go by boat or ships, we are on water.

How to write about being safe on the road:

- 1 It's important to be safe on the road.
- 2 You need + أدوات أمان + in/on + your bike/car.
- 3 You need + إرشادات عبور الطريق.

It's important to be safe on the road. You need a helmet on your bike. You need a green light to cross the road. You need a seat belt in your car. You need to look right and left before you cross the road. Use the crosswalk and don't cross from behind a car.

How to write ideas to stop air pollution:

- There are + عوامل تلوث الهواء + and cause air pollution.
- 2 Air pollution is dangerous because + مخاطر تلوث الهواء
- . طرق تقليل تلوث الهواء + . طرق تقليل تلوث الهواء

There are many cars that put chemicals in the air and cause air pollution. Air pollution is dangerous because when we breathe polluted air, we cough and feel sick. We can share a car with another person. We can walk or cycle to school. We can put more plants on our balconies too.





STUDENT'S BOOK CORNER



Complete the sentences with words from the box:

taxi - plane - train - boat - car - ship - bus

- 1 When I travel by, I go through the air.
- 2 When I travel by, I am on the water.
- 3 When I travel by, I am on the road.
- 4 I travel by around the city.
- 5 When I travel to Luxor from Cairo by, I move on a rail under the vehicle.



Look at the signs and complete:

1

There are sometimes on the road.



You can't



You can go straight andright.



..... here and wait for a green light.



Use the notes to make sentences:

1	must listen for cars	We must listen for cars before we cross the road.
2	cross crosswalk	
3	don't run – roads	at 10 we have by he see that the second of t
4	wear seat belt in car	1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to
5	wear helmet on bike	
6	follow road signs	



Test yoursell 30

UNIT 11





Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c or d:



1	Some cities are trying to air pollution.
	(a. increase - b. help - c. stop - d. do)
2	In London, England, children or cycle to school.
	(a. run - b. walk - c. drive - d. jump)
3	In, China, they have electric buses that don't pollute the air.
	(a. Shenzhen - b. Cairo - c. England - d. Paris)
4	In Gharbia, Egypt, farmers stopped rice straw.

Listening



2 c

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

(a. eating - b. using - c. burning - d. covering)



I	You need to us	se the crosswalk whe	en you t	he road.		
	a) drive	b) read	c) cross	d) swim		
2	You need to us	You need to use ain your car.				
	a) helmet	b) seat belt	c) crosswa!k	d) traffic		
3	You mustn't cr	You mustn't cross from behind a car. It's not				
	a) slow	b) safe	c) bad	d) dangerous		
4	Mazen hurt his leg and his sister called for a/an					
	a) car	b) taxi	c) ambulance	d) bus		



Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



power - healthy - idea - sick - share





Read the text and then answer the questions:



Nancy lives in a big city with her family. There are many cars where she lives. These cars put chemicals in the air and cause air pollution. Nancy thinks it is dangerous because when people breathe polluted air, they cough and feel sick. Nancy shares some ideas with her family to help stop air pollution. She thinks her dad should share a car with a friend to go to work. Her mom can take the bus to work. And her sister Nada should walk to school because her school is near the house.

(hoose the co	orrect word from a, b, c	, or d:				
1	The general i	dea of the text is about	poll	ution.			
	a) water	b) air	c) land	d) soil			
2							
		-	c) people	d) ideas			
		3	***************************				
4	Why should I	Nada walk to school?	** ************************************				
		Writin	g				
Rea	d and write t	he correct form of the	word(s) betwee	en brackets:	4		
Rar	my travels to	Alexandria (on)	train.				
Salma needs to (wearing) a helmet on her bike.							
Υοι	ı (must)	run on the road	ls.				
Υοι	ı must (listens) for cars.					
Pun	nctuate the fo	ollowing:			(1		
peo	ple have elect	ric buses in china.			•		
				,, ,,,, , , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
_		out EIGHTEEN (18) word	s using the follo	wing guiding	5		
-		<i>u</i>	mu town"				
		"Transportation in	ing town				
		· How do you go to sch	•				
<i>.</i>		•	ool?	\$ p.p. = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
, · · ·	•··	· How do you go to sch	ool? ransportation?	• *************************************			
,· · ·		How do you go to schWhat's your favorite to	ool? ransportation?				
		How do you go to schWhat's your favorite to	ool? ransportation?				
	2 3 4 Rea Rar Sal You You Pur peo	1 The general is a) water 2 The underline a) cars Answer the for 3 What should 4 Why should Is Read and write to Ramy travels to a Salma needs to a You (must)	The general idea of the text is about a) water b) air The underlined pronoun "they" refers a) cars b) chemicals Answer the following questions: What should Nancy's dad do? Writin Read and write the correct form of the read and write the correct form of the read and write to Alexandria (on) Salma needs to (wearing) You (must)	a) water b) air c) land The underlined pronoun "they" refers to a) cars b) chemicals c) people Answer the following questions: What should Nancy's dad do? Writing Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between the following and the word(s) between the following and the word(s) between the following: The underlined pronoun "they" refers to allow the following: Writing Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between the following: The underlined pronoun "they" refers to allow they are the following: The underlined pronoun "they" refers to allow they are the following: Write a text of about EIGHTEEN (18) words using the following:	The general idea of the text is about pollution. a) water b) air c) land d) soil The underlined pronoun "they" refers to people d) ideas Answer the following questions: What should Nancy's dad do? Writing Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: Ramy travels to Alexandria (on) train. Salma needs to (wearing) a helmet on her bike. You (must) for cars. Punctuate the following: people have electric buses in china. Write a text of about EIGHTEEN (18) words using the following guiding		



















- 1 Hala needs to be (quick fast safe) on the road.
- 2 Hala needs a helmet on her (car bike bus).
- 3 Hala (cycles run walk) at the side of the road.

Read and complete the dialog:

late - get - catch - foot

Seleem: How do you to school?

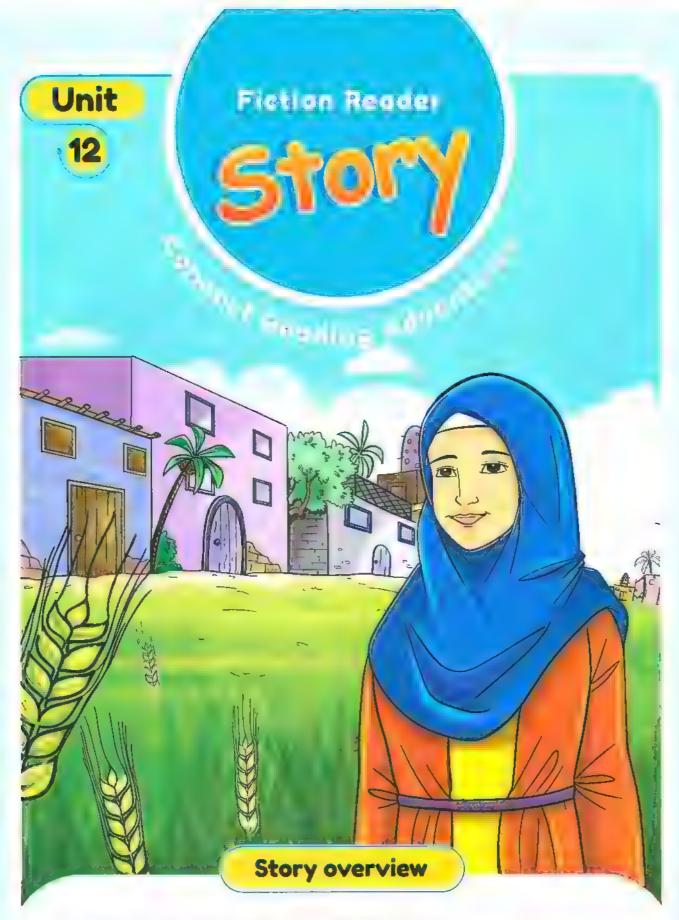
Ramy : I come to school on

Seleem: Do you ever the bus or metro?

Ramy : Only if I'm

Choose the correct answer:

- Nader was in a (shock hurry trip). He ran along the way to work.
- 2 You (must mustn't shouldn't) watch for the traffic lights.
- (5) 3 I live near the school so I go there (on by at) foot.
 - 4 (Stop Stopped Stopping) here and wait for the green light.
 - 5 Nahla never travels by (train bus ship). She doesn't like traveling on water.



. By the end of the story, the student will be able to:

بنهاية القصة سيكون التلميذ قادرًا على أن:

- يقرأ ويفهم قصة.
- يستمتع بالقراءة باللغة الإنحليزية.
- يتعرف على الشخصيات في القصة.
- يتعرف على الأحداث انهامة وانكلمات في القصة.

- read and understand a story.
- enjoy reading in English.
- identify characters in a story.
- identify key events and vocabulary in a story.

Dalia Saves the Village!



داليا تنقذ القرية!



Retold by Nicola Gardner



Warm up

Dalia lives in a village in Egypt. She is doing research about crops in Egypt. The crops aren't growing well in the village. There is a problem with the irrigation canal in the village. Dalia wants to help people in the village. She contacts all the people there on social media asking for help. They decide to help her. They manage to solve the problem together so the villagers can grow crops again. Dalia tells the villagers more about her research to grow different crops. She advises them to grow wheat. Everything is better now in the village. Dalia decides to work with agriculture when she grows up.

تعيش داب في قرية في مصر تقوم داب بعمل بحث عن المحاصيل التي ينمو في مصر الانتمو المحاصيل بشكل حيد في العربة. وحد مشكلة متعلقة عدال لري في الفرية عبر وسائل التواصل الاحتماعي نظلت المساعدة، فتقرر اهن العربة مساعدتها، يستطيع الحميع حبل المشكلة مع في فستطيع أهن القرية دراعة المحاصيل محددًا. تحدر دالت أهن الفرية عن تحته أكثر بينمكنوا من رزاعة محاصيان مختلفة. وتتصحهم داليا برزاعة القمح، كل شيء في تحسن الآن في القرية، تقرر داليا أن تتخصيص في محال الزراعة عندما تكبر.



Dolla Saves the Village

Steway.





Vocabulary



Listen, point, and say:







wheat قمح



محصول crop



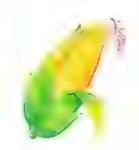
قناة الرى irrigation canal



irrigation الري



wheat flour حقيق قمح



فرة maize



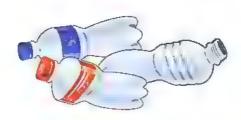
قرية village



خيز بلدى (عيش بلدى) baladi bread



بسکویت (کوکیز) cookies



plastic bottles زجاجات بلاستيكية



trash قمامة



أكياس القمامة trash bags

Extra	vocabulary
-------	------------

	Extid	ocabatal y	
interesting (adj.)	شيق	important (adj.)	مهمر
delicious (adj.)	لذيذ (شهى)	well	ہشکل جید
problem	مشكلة	simple (adj.)	نسيط
call (v.)	یںادی/ یتصل	social media	وسائل التواصل الاحتماعي
get (v.)	يحصل على	meet (v.)	يقابل
main square	الميدان الرئيسي	bike	دراجة
excited (adj)	متحمس	grandparents	جداد
give (v.)	يعطى	see (v.)	يفحص/ يعاين
bring (v.)	يوصل/ يحضر	blocked (adj.)	austiget
household things	أغراض منزلية	deep (adj.)	عميق
fill (v.)	يملأ	polluted (adj.)	ملوثة
land	أرض	sell (v.)	يبيع
a plan	ظهٰء	produce (v.)	Z
fields	حقول	Egyptian bread	الخبز المصرى
awesome (adj.)	رائع -	changes	تغيراث
proud (adj.)		grow up (v.)	يكبر
agriculture	الزراعة		

Expressions and Phrases

do homework	يقوم بعمل الواجب المنزلي	do research	يقوم بعمل بحث
to like (something) best	يحب (شيئًا) أكثر من أي شيء اخر	get together	يتجمع
in the center	في وسط	on foot	سيرًا على الأقدام
clear the trash	يزيل (يتخلص من) القمامة	come back	تعود
become easier	يصبح أسهل	in a few years	في خلال السنوات القليلة
everything is better	كل شيء في تحسن	walk around	يتجول





اقرأ ولاحظ:



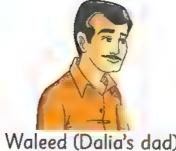
Main characters



Dalia داليا



Gameela (Dalia's mom) جميلة (والدة داليا)



Waleed (Dalia's dad) وليد (والد داليا)



Tarek (Dalia's brother) طارق (أخو داليا)



the villagers أهل القرية



Dalia's grandma جدة داليا



Dalia's grandpa جد داليا





Dalia's house مرل دالیا



the village القرية



the main square الميدان الرئيسي



 Dalia's grandparents house

عبرل حداد داب



the irrigation canal banks ضفاف قناة الرى



Grandma's kitchen مطبخ الجدة





The Beginning

Dalia discusses the irrigation problem in the village with her family. She wants to help the village. She calls everyone in the village on social media to tell them about the problem.

شافش دائيا مشكلة الرى فى القرية مع عائلتها. تريد دائيا مساعدة القربه. تتصل دائيا بجميع سكان القرية عبر وسائل التواصل الاجتماعى لتحبرهم عن



The Middle

Dalia and her family go
to see the problem. The
irrigation canal is blocked
with trash. The villagers clear
the trash. The water is clean
now in the canal.

نذهب دائيا وعائلتها لمعاينة المشكلة. هناك انسداد في قناه الري بسبب القمامة. يريل أهل القرية القمامة. المياه نظيفة الآن في العناة.



The End

The water is back to the village. People can grow crops again. They grow more different crops like wheat. Everything is better now in the village.

يعود جريان المياه مرة أخرى إلى القرية، يستطيع أهل القرية زراعة المحاصيل مجددًا. يزرعون أيضًا أنواعًا مختلفة من المحاصيل مثل القمح، كل شيء في تحس الان في القرية.





استمع، اقرأ وتبادل الأدوار:



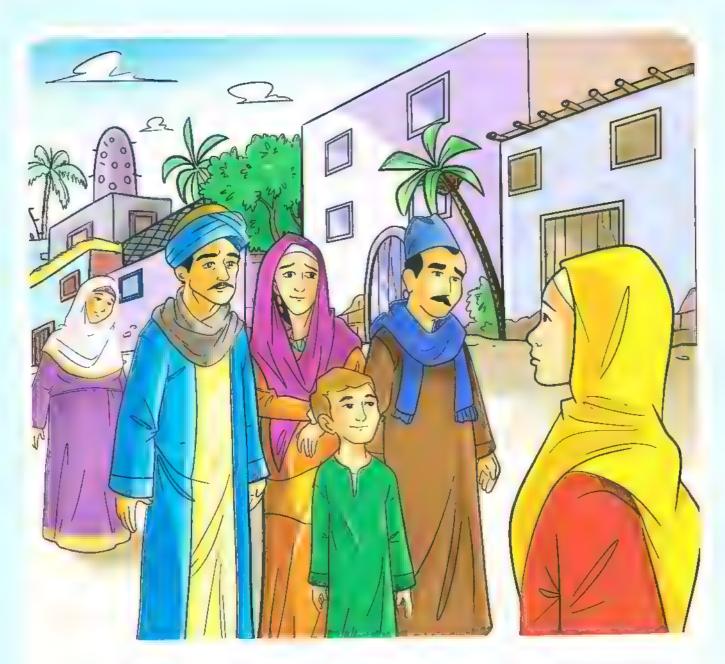
Dalia lives in a village in Egypt. One evening she is doing her homework on her computer. She is doing research about crops in Egypt, like wheat, maize, and rice, and it is very interesting. Wheat is an important crop in our country and we use it to make bread. Dalia looks at the pictures of delicious Egyptian bread. Dalia likes baladi bread best. Which is your favorite?

نعيش داليا في قرية في مصر، دات ليلة، تقوم بعمل واحبها المبرلي على انكمببوتر، نقوم بعمل بحث عن بعض المحاصيل في مصر مثل انقمح والدرة والأزر، وهذا شيق للعانة، يعسر القمح محصولًا مهمًا في بلديا حيث نستخدمه في صباعة الحبر، تبطر داليا لصور حيز مصري شهى، تحب داليا الخبر البلدي أكثر من أي نوع آخر، ما هو النوع المفضل لديك؟



Dalia's mom, Gameela, is speaking to Dalia's dad, Waleed, who looks sad. 'The crops are not growing well in the village. There is a problem with the water and we have no irrigation,' says Gameela to Dalia. 'We need to help everyone in the village with their crops.' Dalia's brother, Tarek, says, 'But what can we do?' Dalia says, 'It's very simple. Let's call everyone in the village on social media. We need to help our village'.

تتحدث حميله (والدة داليا) إلى وليد (والد داليا) الدى يبدو حربيًا. تقول حميلة لداليا: «لا تنمو المحاصيان بشكل حيد في الفرية، نوجد مشكلة منعلقة بالمياه ولا توجد لدينا رئ. «يحب علينا مساعدة كل فرد يمثلك محصولًا في الفرية» يقول طارق أحو دالت: «لكن ماذا يمكننا أن تفعل ؟» تقول داينا: «إنه أمر سهل للعايه، دعنا نتواصل مع كل فرد في القرية عبر وسائل المواصل الاجتماعي». فحن نحتاج أن نساعد قريتنا،



Dalia's family gets water from the Nile. But the irrigation canal is not working. She tells everyone in the village about this problem on social media, then meets everyone in the main square. A lot of villagers say they can help.

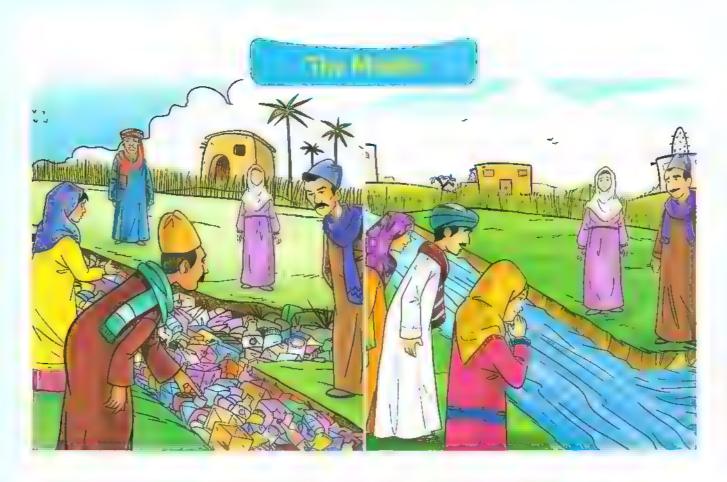
تحصن عائلة داليا على المناه من بهر البيل، بكن قناة الترى لا تعمل. تحير دالت الحميع في الفرية بهذه المشكلة من خيلال وسائل التواصل الاحتماعي ثمر تلتقي بالحميع في الميادان الرئيسي، يقنول الكثير من أهنل القرابة إنهام بمكنهم تقديم المساعدة،



The next day everyone gets together in the center of the village. Some people come on foot, and some by bike. Some people come by boat or by car from another village to help.

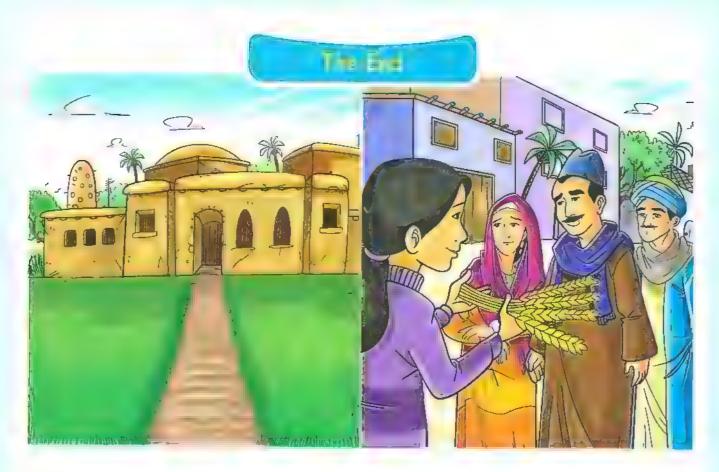
Everyone is very excited to help with the problem. They meet at Dalia's grandparents' house. Dalia's grandma gives them tea and cookies.

فى النوم الثالي يحمع لحملع فى وسط القردة، بأتى بعض الأفراد سيرًا على الأفدام والنعص الأخر باستخدام الدراحة. بأتى بعض الأشخاص بالقارب أو بالسيارة من قرية أخرى ليقدموا المساعدة، الحملع متحمسون لحل المشكلة، بلتقى الحمليع في مدرل أحداد داليا. تقدم لهم جدة داليا الشاي والبسكويت (الكوكيدز) ،



Dalia and her family go to see the problem. The irrigation canal that brings the water is blocked with trash — plastic bottles and household things. There are also some plants in the water. Tarek says, 'We need to start work and clean the water.' The water is not very deep and they start to clear the trash. They fill 20 trash bags with the trash. Now the water isn't polluted.

بدهب دانيا وعائلتها بمعسه المسكلة، وحدوا أن قياة الري التي توصل المناه مسدوده بالقمامية كرجاحات بلاسبيكية وأعراض مبرلية، كما توجد بعض السنات في المياه، يفون طارق محب عليب بدء العمل وتنظيف المياه»، المياه نسبت عميفية بلغاية ويبدأ الحميع بإرابه القمامية. يملأ أهل القرية 20 كيس قمامة بالقمامة الموجودة، الآن، المياه غير ملوثة.

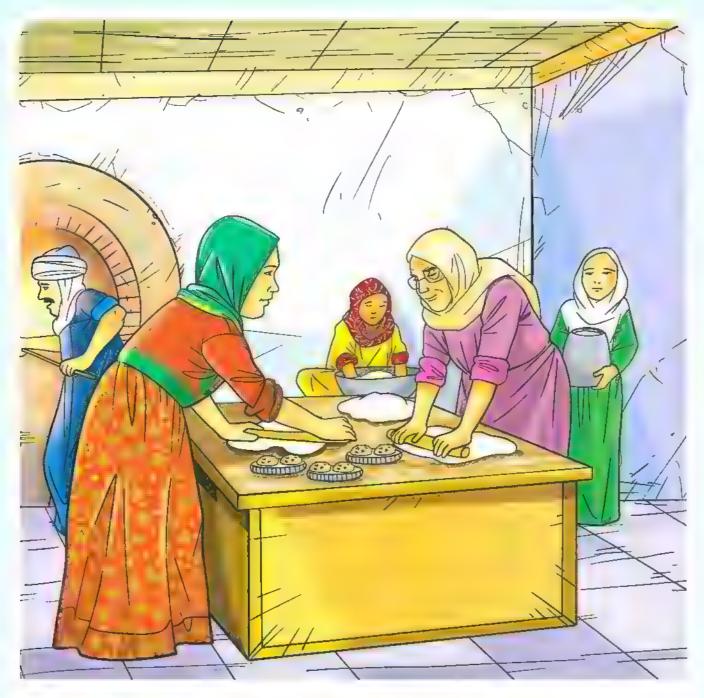


The water comes back to the village and the crops grow again. Everyone is very happy. They can grow food on their land and they can sell their fruit and vegetables to buy other things. Their lives become easier. But some of the crops are not very good.

Dalia has a plan. She thinks the villagers can produce more food. She says they should try wheat — she tells them about her research. She says wheat grows very well in Egypt and is great for making delicious bread and cakes.

Some villagers like the idea — they start to grow wheat in some of their fields.

يعود حربان لمناه الى الفرية وتنمو المحاصيل محيدًا، العملع سعداء لتقاله السلطيعون الآن راعة العند، عبر أرضهم ويستطيعون بلغ الفاكهة والحصراوات لحاصة بهم لشراء أشباء أخرى، تصبح حيثهم اسهل، لكن تعلق المحاصل للسبت تجان حددة الذي داليا خطة العنفد أن أهل الفرية يمكنهم إنتاج عدلة أكثر، فعلتهم تجربة رزاعة القملج، تحترهم ذالت عن تحتها، وتقون إن القملج للمنو تشكل حدد حدًا في مصر وهلو حدد لصاعة حدر لديد وكعبك، لعجب تعلق من أهل الفرية بالفكرة، ويددون بزرعة القملح في تعلق حقوبهم



From the wheat, they can make flour. From the flour, they can make delicious Egyptian bread. Grandma can make more of her awesome cookies. The villagers make bread and cookies to sell to other villages.

يمكنهم صناعة الدقدق من القمح، من الدفيق يمكنهم صناعة الحيز المصرى الشهن. نستطيع الحدة صنع المريد من النسكويت (الكوكير) الرائع الحاص بها. يصنع أهل القرية الخيز والبسكويث (الكوكيز) ليتمكنوا من بيعها إلى القري الأخرى.



In a few years, everything is better in the village. Dalia walks around the village and sees the changes. She is very proud. When she grows up, she works with agriculture to help other people with their crops.

في حلال سنوات فليلة، أصبح كل شيء أفضل في الفرية. تتحول داليا حول القربة وللفي نظره على التعبيرات. هي فحورة حدًّا. علاما تكبر ستعمل في مجال الزراعة لتساعد المزيد من الناس في زراعة محاصيلهم،

Story Summary



Look and read:

انظر واقرأ:

There is a problem in the village where Dalia lives.

توجد مشكلة في القرية التي تعيش فيها داليا.

The problem المشكلة



What is the problem in the village?

ماهي المشكلة الموجودة في القرية؟

The crops aren't growing well. There is a problem with the irrigation canal. It's blocked with trash.

لا تنمو المحاصيل بشكل جيد. توجد مشكلة متعلقة بقناة الري. إنها مسدودة بالقمامة.

الطريقة The process



What does Dalia do?

ماذا تفعل داليا؟

Dalia tells everyone in the village about the problem on social media. She meets them in the main square to help with the problem.

تخبر داليا جميع أهل القرية عن المشكلة عبر وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي، تقابل داليا أهل القرية في الميدان الرئيسي لحل المشكلة ،



What do the villagers do?

ماذا يفعل أهل القرية؟

The villagers clear the trash. They fill 20 trash bags with trash.

يزيل أهل القرية القمامة. يقومون بملء 20 كيسًا من أكياس القمامة بالقمامة الموجودة.

The solution/conclusion الحل (نهاية المشكلة)



What is the result?

ما هي النتيجة؟

The water comes back to the village and the crops grow again.

يعود جريان المياه مرة أخرى الى القرية وتنمو المحاصيل مجددًا.



GENERAL PRACTICE

0

Unscramble and write:

أعد الترتيب واكتب:



rrigitiano



eawth



oprc



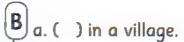
heatw loufr

اقرأ وصل:

Read and match:



- Dalia meets the villagers ...
- 2 The villagers ...
- 3 Dalia's grandma gives the villagers ...
- 4 Dalia and her family live ...



- b. () in the main square.
- c. () clean the canal with the others.
- d. () tea and cookies.

Look, read, and reorder:





A lot of villagers say they can help Dalia.



The villagers clear the trash.



Dalia calls everyone in the village on social media.



The water comes back to the village and the crops grow again.

Look, read, and answer:

Dalia has a plan. She thinks the villagers can produce more food. She says they should try wheat — she tells them about her research. She says wheat grows very well in Egypt and is great for making delicious bread and cakes.



- Circle the characters you can see.
 - Gameela
- 🧼 Tarek
- 👊 Dalia

- What is Dalia's plan?
- 3 Can we make bread from wheat?

[قرأ وأعد الترتيب لتكون جملًا صحيحة: : Read and re-arrange to make correct sentences

- bread likes Dalia baladi.
- 2 blocked The canal with is trash.
- 3 excited with help Everyone is to the problem.
- 4 in a village lives Dalia in Egypt.

Read and answer the following questions:

اقرأ وأجب عن الأسئلة الآتية:

- How can Dalia call everyone in the village?
- 2 What is Dalia's research about?
- 3 How many trash bags do the villagers fill?
- What is the problem in the village?

TAPE SCRIPTS



UMIT 7

Practice on Lesson 1

The Nile River is the longest River in the world. It is 6,670 kilometers long. It brings life to the whole of Egypt. It is home for different kinds of fish, birds, and turtles. The Nile has two branches in Egypt.

Practice on Lesson 2

Grandpa lived in a small village when he was young. The village was near the river. It was very quiet when he lived there. He played football on the street with his friends. There were no cars or trucks then.

Practice on Lesson 3

The city mouse visited the country mouse last week. The country mouse was pleased and excited. He gave him grass and seeds. The city mouse invited him to come with him to the city. The country mouse agreed. They took the train there!

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

I am doing a history project in my school about my town. I looked at old photos and talked to my neighbors to find many information. My friend said that his grandparents used to drove gas cars and they were very noisy.

Test Yourself on Unit 7

The River Nile is the longest river in the world. It's like traveling to the center of the Earth. It has two branches in Egypt. The Nile is home to different kinds of fish, birds, and animals. It brings life to the whole of Egypt.

Al-Azhar Corner

The Nile is the longest river in the world. It has two branches in Egypt. It brings life to the whole of Egypt.

UHIT S

Practice on Lesson 1

Yesterday, we had a party. We went to the supermarket and bought many things for the party. We bought five packets of cookies. We bought six cartons of orange juice. We bought four packets of candies. We also bought ten slices of pizza.

Practice on Lesson 2

Last weekend, we went to Damietta to see Grandma and Grandpa, who live by the sea. We swam in the water, which was deep and blue. We saw lots of fish, and an octopus, too! Grandpa caught a fish, which Grandma made into a lovely dish! We ate the meal and had a healthy dessert.

Practice on Lesson 3

Eid Al-Fitr is my favorite Muslim festival. Eid comes after the month of Ramadan. We eat kahk. Kahk are delicious cookies. We go to the mosque and we spend time with our family. We also eat delicious food.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

Two years ago, we had a very special party. My great-grandpa was 90 years old. All my family came together to celebrate. All my cousins, aunts, and uncles came. We had a huge picnic in my aunt's garden. I ate a big slice of chocolate cake and I drank a bottle of orange juice. I also ate some salad and fruit.

Test Yourself on Unit 8

Last Monday we went to Alexandria to see my grandparents who live by the sea. We swam in the water. It was deep and blue. We saw lots of fish and my grandpa caught a big fish, too. Grandma made the fish into a lovely dish.

Al-Azhar Corner

Last weekend, we visited our grandparents who live by the sea. We swam in the sea. We saw lots of fish in the water which was deep and blue.

UNIT 10

Practice on Lesson 1

To play "Pass the parcel", you need a present, music, and lots of paper. First, wrap a small present and cover it with lots of paper. The players sit in a circle and pass the present as the music plays.

Practice on Lesson 3

Egypt is a big country that is famous for its history. We often celebrate its rich culture. There are many things that can make us special. Our food can be described as wonderful. Egyptian people are friendly and hospitable. More than half of the Egyptians are under the age of 30

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

Dear Heba,

I'm inviting you to come to my sister's birthday party next Monday. The whole class will be there. We can play some party games and sing songs, so bring some music so we can play Musical chairs. The party will be in my house. Hope you can come.

Yours, Dalia

Test Yourself on Unit 9

To play Pass the parcel, wrap a small present and cover it with lots of paper. Players sit in a circle. Play some music. Players give the present to the next person as the music plays. When the music stops, the player holding the present unwraps one piece of paper and so on.

Al-Azhar Corner

Marwa was at La Tomatina festival last Month. It takes place in Spain. She had a lot of fun and everything was red.

Practice on Lesson 1

Dalia is in grade four. She is doing her homework about chameleons. Dalia thinks that chameleons are interesting because they can change color as the place where they are. She logged into the school library and created a password to get information.

Practice on Lesson 2

My cousin Adam is 13 years old. He has an account on social media. He likes to share ideas, thoughts, and information with other people. Adam is always careful when he is online. He accepts to be a friend only with people he knows.

Practice on Lesson 3

Playing computer games for too much time isn't healthy for children. They don't have enough time to do homework or play outside. Children should stop playing after one hour. They should do other things like playing sports.

Practice on Lessons 4 & 5

In some games, children need to solve problems. Some computer games need teams, so children make friends and play with their family. I also like computer games where I go outside. We like these games because you find a prize at the end.

Test Yourself on Unit 10

It's important to be safe online. You should have strong passwords. You should also be friends only with people you know. It's also important to keep your passwords and personal information secret. Don't bully and don't be a bully.

Al-Azhar Corner

Dalia is doing homework about chameleons. She thinks they are amazing because they can change color.

UNIT 11

Practice on Lesson 2

It's important to be safe on the road. You need a helmet on your bike. You need a seat belt in your car. You need the green light to cross the road. You need to look right and left before you cross the road

Practice on Lesson 3

Mazen and Dalida are brother and sister. They love their school. The teachers are very kind. Mazen and Dalida go to school together. They always cross the road on the crosswalk and wait for the cars to stop. They never cross the road until the light is green.

Practice on Lesson 4

Cities have many cars. Cars cause air pollution. They put chemicals into the air. We can't always see the chemicals, but they are dangerous. Air pollution is dangerous for us. When we breathe the polluted air, we cough and feel sick.

Practice on Lessons 5 & 6

To stop air pollution, my family decided to change some things. Dad now goes to work with his friend in the same car. Mom takes the bus to work. She doesn't drive. I cycle to school. My sister Noura walks to school because her school is nearer.

Test Yourself on Unit 11

Some cities are trying to stop air pollution. In London, England, children walk or cycle to school. In Shenzhen, China, they have electric buses that don't pollute the air. In Gharbia, Egypt, farmers stopped burning rice straw.

Al-Azhar Corner

Hala needs to be safe on the road. She needs a helmet on her bike. She only cycles at the side of the road.



630 0	Final Revision	3
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Mocabularyi

elevator	فضيعتان	closet	خونة
cushion	وسادة	oven	الري
balcony	بلكونة	armchair	کوسی څو دراعین
television	للفاز	shower	دش
bed	سران	bedroom	غرقة اسوم
living room	غرفة المعيشاء	kitchen	Signa
bethroom	حمام	mud bricks	الطوب اللبن
gate	يتراهه	oven	قرن
pot	(ib (elli)	roof	Spin
reed mat	حصورة مصنوعة من القصب	sleeping area	منطقة نلبوم
farmhouse	بیت ریقی	landscape	متفار طبيعى
blog	Agua	ecological (adj.)	de

Prenunciation

				ee	/i:/					
three	43	is k	eep	يحافظ عبي	cheese		Q ₁	tree		شجرة
sheep	روف	SE خ	ed	يارة	queen		ملكة			
				00	/u:/					
sch o	1 مدرسه	F,	أد ة	sp on	منعقه	$r_i = \overline{f}$		سطح	poel	حفاهر سباحة
smooth	Z ناعمر	00	حديقة حيوان	food	طعامر	noon	لضهيرة	وقت		

				(oo /ʊ/				
book	كتاب	cook	طباخ	wood	خشپ	good	42	wool	موق



1. Telling where things are:









On the right,

On the left, ...

In the middle

On the wall,

2. The preflx "un":

The prefix "un-" means "not"

unfriend y	uncomfortable	un ucky	unsafe	иппарру	unfair
غور ودود	غير مريح	غير مطلوظ	غير آمن	غور سحها،	غير عادل

The Past Simple Tense

Something that happened once:

e.g. I visited her house when I was five.

- Something that happened several times in the post:

Usage:

- Something that was true for some time in the past:
 - He oved living in his grandmother's apartment as a child.

Expressions with "ago":

• I met her in Zagazig two years ago.

A formative content

H. Reguler Verbi

معظم الأفعال يضاف لها (ed): want=>wanted الأفعال المنتهية بـ (٥) يضاف له (٥): die = died رزقعال البيتهية بحرف ساكن + (٧) يحدف الـ (٧) ويصاف إليها الـ (carry -> carried لأفعان لمنهاة تحرف متحرك + حرف ساكن يصاف لها (، مع مصاعفة الحرف انساكن مصاعفة الحرف انساكن Apagotz ← aps

E. brogular Verbe

Preser	n†	Past	Pre	sent	Past
come	يأتي	came	eat	بأكل	ale
go	يڏهپ	went	know	يعرف	кпем
meet	بالله	met	tell	بخبو	to d
set	Site	set	am / is	يكون (ليمعرد)	W 15
are	يكون (للجمع)	were	do	يمعل	aid

Negative semence

Subject (الفاعل + didn't + (inf.) الفاعل



I didn't know the answer to the teacher's question.

i New No Guesti			
	A Did + subject +	?مصدر الفعل (inf.) -	
	B Yes, B No,	subject	
*	A. Did you tro	ovel all over Egypt?	
	A Question word B Subject + الثانى للمعل		₹,مصدر الفعل ا
	A: When did		
yesterday	last		in the past when
ر المحال	Conjugation	Jun S	ه الماضي
Present			
	Fac	Present	Past
move	Far	Present share	Post
move	painted		Past
move		share	Post
		share relax	Past
store		share relax blow	Post knew
store	painted	share relax blow	



	-	Choose	مطه	comoct	2 DEWAY	from	-	h	e.	O.F.	d
v		Cudose	me	correct	Silbact	HOIII	α,	Wj	w	U)	ч

į.	Lucatela	with not family		
ı	a) oven		c) shower-	d) television
2	In Ancient Egypt,	people made their	homes near the	المراجعة عند المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجعة المراجع
	a) farm		c) Nile	d) sleeping area
3	We use	to go up and d	lown floors.	
	a) elevators	b) TV	c) closets	d) ovens
4	I have traditional.	ln my	living room.	
	a) ovens	b) cushions	c) closets	a) spaces
0	Ancient Egyptions	covered the wind	ows with	to keep insects
	outside.			
	a) pots	b) mats	c) roofs	d) papyrus
2	There's a big	in the kite	hen.	
	a) bed	b) oven	c) cushion	d) elevator
3	My mom is alan .	She	takes me to see br	illiant places.
	a) vet	b) doctor	c) architect	d) nurse
4	There's an	house in the	: Netherlands. It's u	ipside down.
	a) unhappy	b) unusual	c) unlucky	d) unsafe

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

flat - mots - mud - walls - white

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

grew — Ancient Egyptians — kept — and — chickens — vegetables.

- 3 a closet On there left, the is.
- 4 cushions gift a from were These Grandma.
- 1 did juice When drink you?
- 2 not someone "Unfriendly" to kind means.
- 3 many Not people or beds chairs had.
- 4 about homes This week unusual writing I'm

Unit 8

(Manubulan)

earache	أبع الأدر	toothache	يم الأسيان	cold	أشلونزا (برد)
cough	كحه	sore throat	أنبهاب الحبق	backache	ألمر بالفنهر
headache	صدع	ankle	كاحن	back	ظهر
shoulder	كنع	coach	كابس مدرب	stomach	şəsa
patients	مرضي	unwell (ad,)	مربص	relatives	أفرب
crowded (odj.)	pc-35a	busy (adj.)	مشعون	staff	طاقم بعمن
perhaps	زنها	treatment	علاج	injuries	إصبات
linesses	أعراص	wounds	حروح	recently	حديثا (مؤخرًا)
bacteria	بكتيريه	substance	ŏsu	huge (adj.)	صخير

Presundistical

rog	صفدع	scar	وشاحء كوفيه	ruit	فاكهة
erry	diama	ew	قلين	sa e	أمن
lı e	ālus	an	مروحه	lea	ورقه شحر
riends	اصدف	ast	سريع	ne	جيد
		/	v/		
et	طبيب بيطرى	vegetables	حصروات	television	تلفار
.an	شاحنة صعبره	leave	يغادر	lt√ e	جي نعيش
ery	1	view	منظر	sa, e	بوفر
lovely.	حمين				



We use "have" to talk about illnesses.

Africantive sentence

I/ You/ We/ They / اسم جمع + have + a/an + illness (.سد المبر).



I love a headache

He/ She/ It / سم معرد + has + a/an + illness (اسر المر)



Hana has a cold.



لا You! We! They ! اسم جمع don't He! She! It اسم مفرد doesn't doesn't



I. Lave a sore throat. I have a backache

Yea/ No question:

A D /Docs+subject+have+a/an+illness?

	,	
/ B. Yes,	1.1	(62
B No,	subject	*



' A: Does she have a toothache?

B: No, she doesn't.

	Conjugation of	verbs الافعال verbs	
Present	Post	Present	Past
stay		pqua þýssus -qua nýsvus húss hýsvus húdsvähd hebb	hoped
hurt	n. spinskin.pdpp.pdp)(pp13/an12/111.qu	A/ACA-RATE ET ET ET ET 2754-7789-789-79	thought
	felt	tell	
enjoy	**************************************	WATERSTON STATES STREET STREET	knew
cut	virjebelskombjevirjev, plesprejar, i soli	4242744024474222234224224424444477	treated
heal	EASTERS (COL)- T-SON-CUTOR TARRESPOND	Ma. AMarahida and Marahida 1991 (1994)	contained
	mixed	damage	

Everylogy on Unit 6

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

I	Sama has a	She ne	eds to go to the de	ntist.
	a) earache	b) toothache	c) headache	d) backache
2	Aziz has some mi	lk and honey for b	,	
	a) headache	b) stomachache	c) earache	d) cough
3	I drink	and lemon w	nen I have a sore t	hroat.
	a) cola	b) pills	c) honey	d) ice cream
4	It's very cold outs	ide. Take your		
	a) fan	b) scarf	c) swimsuit	d) T-shirt
	He didn't take his	cat to the vet. He	5 - 1 10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-11-11-11-11-11-1	
	a) irresponsible	b) immoral	c) illegal	d) impossible
2	People use	If they ha	ive a cut knee.	
	a) toys	b) pills	c) sunscreen	d) bandages
3	Honey is used as	a/enf	or thousands of ye	ars.
	a) wound	b) treatment	c) bacteri a	d) illness
4	When someone is	s ill, he/she is		
	a) fit	b) well	c) unwell	d) relative

Read and complete the text with words in the box:

In a hospital in Bangalore, there are many patients. The hospital treats

(1) from all over the country. In India, it is unusual for a

(2) person to go to the hospital alone. This means that the hospital is often very and busy. The (4) at this hospital do something special. They have classes to teach the family to look after the sick person.

Reorder the words to make sentences:

Unit 9

Vocabulary

kangaroo	الكنفو	panda	المدا
bat	خفش	lion	Bass .
penguin	بطريق	dolphin	دوىقين
snall	حلرون	parrat	elsu
wildlife	الحياة انبرية	shell	صدفة
Australia	أسترالها	rainforest	بعابة الاستوالية
Africa	إفريقيا	strong (ad,	قوى
ocean	Incom	China	مصين
bamboo	ىيات الخيرزان	wonderful od	رائح
owesome (asj.)	ىنچ .	pouch	جراب
fridge	ثلاجة	nuts	فول سودان
exhausted (adj.)	مرهق	travelers	مسافرون
dictionary	فأسوبن	fable	أسطورة
wide (ad,)	واسع / عريض	sheiter	المباد
rest	راحة	traders	ثجر
shade	مَثِل	humans	المشير
breeze	فمنوه	useless .a	غير مفيد
ungrateful (odj.)	جاحد (غير شكور)	meeting point	دستا فست
dugong	لأطوم	sea cow	بقرة اسحر
nickname	لقب	sea bed	قاع البحر
email	رسالة الكثرونية	habitat	مكان معيشة
warm lod _l t	tip.	eagles	نسور
wolves	بالله	cool (ad.	بارد



Expressing ability and inability:

can / can't

When we talk about something we are or aren't able to do in the present, we use (can) or (can't).

Form



I can play basketball.

Question,

To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Can).

e a



A Con you play tennis?

, B. Yes, I can.

2 could / couldn't

When we talk about something we were or weren't able to do in the past, we use (could) or (couldn't).



Form



When I was little, I could sit on my dad's knee.

Question

To make questions, we change the order of the words (to start with Could).



- B: Yes, subject could.
 - 4. Could he speak when he was six months old?
- B Yes, he could say "mama" and "dada!".

		THE R. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	
Present	Past	Present	Post
repeat	***	արդինարդվանիվաննի հար -մ -վիվհարիդար	· sat
feed	***************************************	abicopiqopidypitings bembeen	could
	hid	p óquesfa ueséssesséssésésésésésésésésés	woke up
feel	erponobility a applicant bit applicant bit applica	check	
fig bild a nhiban b nam	let	rest	

Exercises we Unit

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1	**************************************	ve in Australia and	d jump on two legs.	
	a) Bats	b) Dolphins	c) Kangaroos	d) Lions
2	Andread Sen Description of C	an't fly, but they o	an swim.	
	a) Penguins	b) Snails	c) Pandas	d) Lions
3	A	, is where people	meet.	
	a) trunk	b) breeze	c) meeting point	d) nut
4	Mona reads lots	of books. She is o	an active	ya peries 4
	a) teacher	b) reader	c) traveler	d) climber
1	professional for Annales and A	re birds that have	colorful feathers.	
	a) Penguins	b) Parrots	c) Bats	d) Pandas
2	Salma is tired at	ter the long trip. S	She's	
	a) annoyed	b) interested	c) amazed	d) exhauste
3	MM144014 -(1479)-642 -(422)-2479-2479-2479-2479-2479-2479-2479-2479	ive in China and e	at bamboo.	
	a) Parrots	b) Snails	c) Kangaroos	d) Pandas
4	Nour travels to r	nany places. She's	a great	
	a) traveler	b) reader	c) farmer	d) climber

Read and complete the text with words in the box:

bats - penguin - pouch - animals - jump

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

2 sleep - Bats - down - upside - trees - on.

wildlife – went – the – I – to – park.

- 4 have legs Snails or arms don't.
- black Pandas and white are.
- 2 run Could when you little were you?
- 3 favorite unusual What's your animal?
- 4 under tree the travelers The rested.

Unit 10

(Newsbelany)

pank	سك	factory	поля
monument	أثر	library	مكنبة
shopping mall	حول الجاري	square	مید ن
station	المحطة	stores	متاحر (محلات)
markets	أسواق	roof garden	حديفة السطح
mint tea	شاي بالبحباع	cuisine	ماكولاب
traditional (ad)	تقليدى	Ingredients	مكوبات
originally	ال الأصل	Barcelona	برشلونه
mix	مزيج	culture	كقافة
traditions	عادات	villager	قروى
ībis	طائر أبو منجل	jerboa	لجربوع
sack	شوال	lost (odj.)	تائه ، معمود
strange-looking (ad,)	غريب المنظر	crowds	بجماهير
creature	مخلوق	rudely	بطريقه وقحة
foolish fod .	أحمق (غيي)	stranger	عريب

Pronunciation

			2 2 2		
			/ əu /		
g	يتهب	show	يمرض	below	أسفق
g gr	ಕ್ಷಿಚಿತ್ರ	wrote	كتب		
bt	قضمة/ عضة	r if	يمون	t ms	وقت
b k	دراجة	wr te	بكتب		
			/ IC /		
b	ولد	toy	لعية	com	عملة
enj	يستمتع	point	بغير إلى		
			/eI/		
mcke	- Front	play	يلعب	ache	أنم
⊬ ght	قيدية	bake	يخيق		

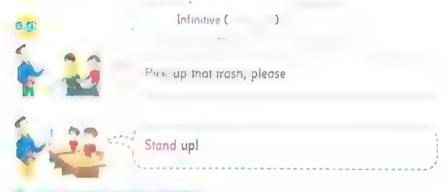


Imperatives

- We use "Imperatives" to tell someone to do or not to do something.
- Imperatives don't usually begin with a subject like "you, she or they". Imperatives usually start with a verb.

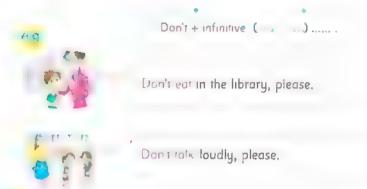
Affirmative imperatives

Use the "infinitive" without "to":



Negative imperative

Use "Don't + infinitive" without "to":



Asking about and giving directions:

When we ask about directions, we say:

Excuse me, how do I get to + place

Where is the + place (المكان), please? Is there + a/an
place (نالان) + near
here?

We use the imperative to give instructions:
Go straight, / Cross the road, / Turn right/left.



Excuse me, how do I get to the library, please?



Go straight, turn right. It's an your left.

Continue tien ei	veris main du	
Post	Present	Past
		served
reminded	think	
		bought
ADADAGAERAMEN - ENERGY - ENGANMENTS	pretend	
entertained	give	
began		chatted
	reminded entertained	reminded think pretend entertained give

You'll see famous places like Buckingham Palace, theaters, and the British

Choose the correct answer from a. b. c. or d:

Museum in a) Cairo b) London c) Luxor d) Paris 2 Let's meet at the where we can buy some clothes. b) factory c) shopping mall d) library a) square 3 There are many tourist ______in New Alamein. a) treasures b) attractions c) centers d) historu a) beach b) Nile c) lake d) river

Alexandria is a really place to visit.

a) bad b) awful c) exciting

2 Gabi didn't recognize the road. He was o) fine d) good

b) lost c) happy

3 I like to drink sweet mint tea.

a) Egyptian b) English c) Chinese

4 Hala went to the to take the train to Luxor.

a) library b) station

c) monument

d) bank

d) French

d) terrible

Read and complete the text with words in the box:

shopping - restaurants - beach - park - Library

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There are amazing (1), (1), (1), (2) stores, markets, and museums. There's even a (2) that you can enjoy too. There are excellent supermarkets and _____ (4) ____ malls. You can spend ages walking around them all day.

picnics - waterpark - station - market - park

It is really hot in our town. So there is a(1) that is always open. It's free to go in! There is a wonderful ______(2) ____ that sells all kinds of delicious food, like fresh bread and fresh fruit and vegetables. There is a big (3) with lots of trees. People can have family (4) in the shade there.

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1 a really - Alexandria - to visit - is - exciting - place.

2 book, - please - Pick - that - up.

3 station, - Where - is - please - the?

4 from - Alexandria - visiting - Germany - I'm.

1 Don't - the classroom, - please - play - in.

2 a market - here - Is - near - there?

3 is - long - New Alamein's - 14 kms - beach.

4 get - station - How -I - to - do - the?

Unit 11

Vocabulary

ticket	ىدكرە	suitcase	حقيبة سار	hotel	راً عنا
tourist	سألح	passport	جواز سقر	swimming pool	حمام سناحه
trip	رحنه	husband	San	business	عمل
vacation	إحازة	India	بهتت	Singapore	سنغافورة
floor	4و,	flight	قروب قلبي	bay	خليج
theme park	مدينة الملاهي	Japan	اليابان	airport	المطار
Amman Citadel		Roman Amphit	heater	Archaeological Mu	seum
	فبعة عمان		المدرج الروماي		أبمتحف الأثرى
Dead Sea	البحر المبث	Zambia	إمييا	leaflet	منشور
Jordan	الأردن	tour	جولة	local (adj.)	محلي
ancient (adj.)	قديم	crafts	مضنوعات	mud	طين
diary	مدكريب يومية	handicrafts	أعمال يدوية	stalls	أكشانه
rug	سجادة صغيرة	tour guide	مرشد سیاحی	away	الليسية
possible (odj.)	معكن	picnic	day	bench	بقعد

(Dromanolation)

	Θ_{λ}		
Thursday دی،	پومر الخميس	mink	1187-
45xi Earth	كوكب الأرض	author	مؤنف
south حمام	جنوب	birthday	عيد ميلاد
سا mouth			
aja ose	أولئك	IS	مدر/هده
aja ose	أولتك	IS	فالرا / هده
mo er ع	.fa.	fa er	بأ
، o er م	آخد	clo es	ملاسن
	south حمام south العام south العام مولاد معام مولاد معام مولاد معام معام معام معام معام معام معام o er	الازض الأرض الأرض south عدام معلم الأرض south حمام العالم	عدته الأرض Earth عداد معام south حدوب birthday معام mouth العام معام معام معام معام معام معام معا



Prepositions of Time (on / at / in)

	days of the week	1 go swimming on Mondays.
ę e	► special days	I give my mother a present on Mother's Day.
We use on with-		
4 b	specific b dates	My birthday is an June 1".
	on the weekend	weekend.
	► times	• Our flight lands at 8 pm.
We use at with. +	• at lunchtime	We ploy basketball at them its
,	► at night	I go to bed at 12 of the pile

months We visit our cousins in the



e.g. We went on vocation in the Sensons



We use in with

years. a.g. I was born in 2010.



times of the day

They arrived a



What is a suffix?

A suffix is a group of letters that comes at the end of a word to give it a new; meaning.

Some adjectives have common suffixes:

- ous suffix

· ive suffix



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1	You need a	to travel to an	other country.	
	a) swimming pool	b) hotel	c) passport	d) tour guide
z	When we arrive, we	can check into the	city center	Hostersteer #
	a) swimming pool	b) hotel	c) passport	d) suitcase
3	I feel tired. Let's sit or	this	under the tree.	
	a) branch	b) bench	c) beach	d) peach
4	We traveled to Jordan	n and swam in the	e Sea.	
	a) Dead	b) Red	c) Mediterranean	d) Blue
1	Ali needs to	on vacation v	vith his friends.	
	a) make	b) go	c) visit	d) have
2	We arrived in Amma	n and checked in t	to our enamena	*
	a) hotel	b) hospital	c) shopping mall	d) school
3	Be careful! Snakes ar	e		
	o) famous	b) poisonous	c) delicious	d) generous
4	There's a huge	on the roo	of of the hotel.	
	a) swimming pool	b) stream	c) river	d) hill

Read and complete the text with words in the box:

high - pool - theme - floor - relax

Samia is on a business trip in Singapore. She's got a lovely hotel room on the $42^{\rm nd}$ (1) . The view is beautiful and she can see the beach. There's a huge (2) on the roof of the hotel. Singapore is a wonderful swimming gardens, and trees to sit under and(4)

colored - raced - museum - traditional - snorkeling

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1 play - at - They - tennis - 12 pm.

2 went - He - the summer - on - in - vacation.

3 hotel - We - a beautiful - stayed - in.

4 at - start - Does - class - 2 pm - your?

1 such - had - today - a cool - day - I.

2 drink - morning -1 - the - milk - in.

We - Jordanian - had - traditional - food.

4 That — Be — poisonous — snake — careful! — is.



Unit 7

"My new apartment"

I moved to a new apartment two months ago. I really like this apartment because it's much bigger than our old apartment. The new kitchen is bigger with a modern oven. It's really easier to cook in. We have a bigger TV in the living room.

"My favorite room"

My favorite room is the bedroom. I share it with my younger sister. On the right, there is my bed with a desk next to it. On the left, there is my sister's bed. In the middle of the room, there is a small couch.

"My uncle the scientist"

My uncle is a scientist, and he likes animals. When he was young, he traveled a lot to South America for work. He loved it there. People were really friendly and helped him with his work. When I grow up, I want to be a scientist, too.

"Unusual homes"

I found this unusual house in the Netherlands online. It's upside down. It is actually an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern. This works very well because all the windows are at the top, so you get a lot of light.

Unit 8

"How do my friends feel?"

I didn't have a good day at the club today. Five of my friends had problems. My friend Ahmed hurt his ankle at a football practice last night. Noha had an earache from swimming. And Lama had a toothache. She needs a dentist.



"Using honey as a treatment"

Honey isn't only a food. It can also be used as a treatment for some injuries and itlnesses. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptians 5000 years ago. Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can kill bacteria.

"Staying healthy"

It is really important to eat healthy foods like fruit and vegetables and to have a balanced diet. You should do some exercise every day. It's important to keep your body moving. Having enough sleep is good for your health, too.

Unit 9

"My trip to the wildlife park"

I had a wanderful day at the wildlife park yesterday. We saw many animals. We saw kangaroos. They are interesting. When they are little, they can sit in their mom's pouch. I saw penguins. They live in a special place that is cold.

"What could you do in the past?"

When I was young, I could ride a bike that had three wheels. My sister could climb trees and swim, too. I couldn't speak English when I was ten. Now I can speak two languages, English and French.

"My favorite unusual animal"

My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong. I think it's got a lovely friendly face and it's very cute. Its nickname is the sea cow. It spends hours eating from the sea bed every day. I think it's an amazing animal.

Unit 10

"Alexandria"

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, and museums. You can spend your time walking around its markets. There's even a beach that you can enjoy on hot days.

"New Alamein"

There are many exciting things to do in New Alamein. The city is on the beach so you can visit the cool sea when it's hot. You can also visit the beautiful International Park or the Archeological Center if you want to learn about the history of the area.

"Our prefect town"

In our perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to the school. We can go there every afternoon after classes. We can help to feed the animals. It is really hot in our town, so there is a waterpark that is always open. It's free to get in.

Unit 11

"My trip to Singapore"

I visited Singapore with my family last month. Singapore is a wonderful city. There are lots of high-rise buildings, but there are also many parks, gardens, and trees to sit under and relax. There are flowers from all over the world in the Gardens by the Bay.

"My perfect vacation"

In the morning, we went to the beach to go snorkeling. We swam with the turtles and brightly-colored fish. In the afternoon, we raced through the sand dunes in the beach buggles. It was fun and fast.

"My trip to Paris"

I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw some famous sights from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with fantastic paintings, and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of metal.



Listopata

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

This week, we're talking about unusual

(, birds foods - animols - piants)

My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the

(a. dugong - b. polar bear - c. fennec fox - d. sand cat)

3 The dugang has a face and it looks cute.

(a. scary - b. strange - c. ugly - d. friendly)

It spends hours eating ____ from the sea bed.

(a. fish - b. grass - c. reefs - d. meat)

Reading

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

When we bake the cake, we put it in the

a) elevator b) closet d) cushion When someone is , they don't thank others for doing something

good. useless ungrateful 1 sorru expausted

3 Dad is having a in the bathroom right now.

a) television b) balcony c) shower d) closet

4 When you make a foolish mistake, you should a shout apologize pretend 1 entertain

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, (1), and washing. They also used mud from the river to make (2) for their houses. The mud bricks made very . Ancient Egyptians also wanted their homes to be cool strong . (3) Some people painted their homes . (4) . . . to make them cooler.

Read the text and answer the questions:

Last Monday. Song and Hapipa went to the wildlife park with their friends When they are year it was very hot in the park. They were surprised because it's such a hot weather in October. They saw lots of different animals and birds such as parrots, kangaroos, and penguins. Soha liked penguins the best, Penguins are her favor te birds. She thinks they look funny with their white and black feathers Flobiba liked pandas. They are huge with thick white and black fur. She liked how they eat bamboo plants, Soha and Habiba had a nice time,

Choose the correct answer from a. b. c. or d:

1 It was such a hot weather in the park.

wildlife. theme _ c.fu 1 town

2 Parrots and penguins are

d) parks b) people a) animals c) birds

Answer the following questions:

3 What do penguins look like?

What do pandas eat?

Writing

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

snow - ice - Penguins - and - on - live.

2 drinking - tea - I - Egyption - love - mint

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

This book is so (bored)

(visit) Alexandria when I was a child.

Punctuate the following:

kanaaroos live in australia.

Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My visit to the wildlife park"

stayed in the car - lots of animals and birds.



400			
N.	V.	2 3 - A	2
1	m.	Lister	riird.
43	1.2		7

_	V 02	_
•	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	(6)
2	Alexandria is a really place to visit. (a. boring - b. exciting - c. far - d. scary) Alexandria is a big (a. city - b. town - c. village - d. building) There's even a (b. that you can visit on hot days. (a. store - b. museum - c. beach - d. restaurant) You can spend ages walking around the (b. shopping malls - b. restaurants - c. supermarkets - d. beaches)	
	Reading	_
2	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	4
3 4	If you want to borrow a book, go to the	
0	Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	4
	market - beach - local - restaurant - ingredients	
	Hana has lived in Alexandria all her life. She owns a	iisine.
ATT	David the tast and anguar the acceptions	

Read the text and answer the questions:



Today was the best day ever! I love anything to do with history. I always go to the museum at home, so today was a special day for me. The bus ride wasn't too

bad. It only took an hour to reach our destination. I listened to music on the way and the time went quite quickly. When we arrived, I bought a lovely colorful rug. Saleh (our tour guide) was very kind and took it to the bus for me so that I didn't have to carry it around! That was lucky because I spent hours in the museum.

Choose the correct answer from	a, b	, C	or	d:
--------------------------------	------	-----	----	----

- - a) month b) week c) day d) hour

Answer the following questions:

- 3 What did you do when you arrived?
- 4 How was Saleh (the tour guide) kind?



Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

1 on - Nadia - goes - Mondays - swimming.

2 the - do - How - I - get to - shopping mall?

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

1 We (check in) a hotel when we arrived in Amman.

- Punctuate the following:

It often rains in london

Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"New Alamein"

14 kilometers long – The Archaeological Center .-

in margine	7
E distribution	

Final Exams







	-		_		_								
О	69	Listen	and	circle	the	correct	answer	from	а, !	b,	Ç,	O.	d:



- 1 Honey has been used by doctors for of years.
 - (a. tens b. ones c. hundreds d. thousands)
- 2 It was first used to treat wounds by doctors, (a. Egyptians b. Italians c. Chinese d. British)
 - Egyptians used honey as a treatment around years ago.
 - (a. 2000 b. 3000 c. 5000 d. 7000)
- 4 Honey is for healing wounds and treating illnesses.

 (a, bad b, good c, terrible d, awful)



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:



- a) bothroom b) bedroom c) living room d) kitchen
- 2 live on snow and rice.
- a) Parrots b) Kangaroos c) Penguins
- d) Lions
- 3 Salma went to the train to book a ticket for tomorrow's train.
- a) museum b) station c) library d) monument
- 4 Take the to the ninth floor. The office is on the left.
- a) balcony b) bedroom c) cushion d) elevator
- Read and complete the text with the words in the box:



wall - closet - share - next - middle





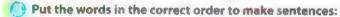
d) sports

It is really important to eat healthy foods like fruits and vegetables and to have a balanced diet. Here are some other tips we can use to look after our health. It's important to do some exercise every day. It's really useful to keep your body moving. Playing sports at school or with friends is a good way to exercise. Another thing you can do is to go to bed early. When you get enough sleep, your brain functions in a better way. Experts think you should get between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- I Playing is a good way to exercise.
- a) videos games b) chess c) cards
- Answer the following questions:
 - 3 What should you eat to be healthy?
 - How can enough sleep help our bodies?





1 is - town - This - our - perfect.

2 go - did - Where - you - yesterday?

Read and write the correct from of the word(s) between brackets:

1 I'm (visit) Alexandria from Germany.

2 (not waste) your time.

Punctuate the following:

I moved to alexandria last year

Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"Furniture in Ancient Egypt"

. very different - reed mats



Listen and circle the correct	answer from a, b, c,	or d:	6
We arrived in Amman on (a. Friday - b. Sunday - c. It was such warm weather in (a. August - b. September - We went from the airport to (a. restaurant - b. hotel - c. We had	Monday — d. Wedne c. October — d. Nov the in station — d. museum	rember) a taxi.	D)
(a. lunch - b. drink - c. dinr	,	•	
	Reading		
Channaha annuari	-		
(2) Choose the correct answer			4
1 Nader is Bad	things happens to h	im without a reason.	
a) unfriendly b) unlucky 2 Huda has a/an a) sore throat b) cough	c) unsafe from swimming. He c) earache	d) unfair er ears really hurt. d) backache	
In Ancient Egypt, there wer			
a) mats b) ovens	c) pots	d) papyrus	
4 Salma is She's		a, papgras	
a) happy b) sad	c) excited	d) amazed	
Read and complete the text	with the words in ti	he box:	4.
nuts - meet	ing – trunk – shelter	- breeze	
Once there was a very big old	tree in a hot, dru	land. It had lived for	r manu
years. Its(1)was	_		
It gave(2) and res	-	3 9	
the country. It gave shade and co	na (3) to	maveiers. People used	a it as a
(4) point.			

	Hello, my name is Hassan. I live in a perfect town near the Nile. In my perfect town, there is a big zoo right next to my school. You can see lots of animals are birds there. You can feed some of them, too. The weather in my town is usual hot in the summer, so there is a big waterpark that is always open. It costs fit Egyptian pounds to get in. There are many parks along the Nile in my town. You can enjoy having picnics or sitting in the green areas. You can even take a bottip on the Nile. I love my town.	nd lly ve ou
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
	I You can feed the animals in the	¢
	Answer the following questions:	
	Where does Hassan live? What can you do in the parks along the Nile? Writing	
	Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: feel - you - do - How?	ļ
2	living room — a television — We — the — \ln — have.	
	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	
2	(not run), and walk slowly.	
0	Punctuate the following:)
	nada is very friendly	
O	Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: 5 "New Alamein"	
	What tourist attractions can you see there? - How long is its beach?	

() Read the text and answer the questions:



0	Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or	d:
ī	My uncle is a and he loves animals.	
	(a. vet - b. teacher - c. scientist - d. doctor)	
2	When he was younger, he traveled to	America.
	(a. North - b. South - c. West - d. East)	
3	People in South America are	
	(a. friendly $-$ b. healthy $-$ c. old $-$ d. bad)	
q	My uncle was interested in	
	(a. bears - b. kangaroos - c. birds - d. monkeys)	

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 When something is, we can't use it.
 a) foolish b) ungrateful c) useless
 - ungrateful c) useless d) comfortable

1.4

.4.

Reading

- 2 Mona have a strong Her head hurts.
- a) cold b) headache c) backache d) earache
- a bedroom with my sister.
- a) da b) share c) give d) work
- © In Ancient Egypt, there were to sit and sleep on.
- a) reed mats b) papyrus c) wooden boxes d) large pots

Read and complete the text with the words in the box:

relaxed - checked - Museum - Citadel - Dead

We went to Jordan on vacation. We arrived in Amman and (1) into our hotel in the middle of the city. The next day, we visited the famous Amman . We also explored the Roman Amphitheater, and the Archaeological

(3) . We also had plans to go to the (4) Sea. No visit to

Jordan is complete without a trip to the Dead Sea.



Honey isn't only used as food. It is also used as a treatment for some injuries and illnesses. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Scientists know that some types of honey contain things that can help kill bacteria. This can help to stop wounds from getting infected, and it also helps wounds to heal more quickly. So, if you have a jar of honey, you can mix it with milk to make your cough better.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1 Honey can be used as food and
 - a) treatment b) infection c) wound d) injury
- 2 Some types of honey can kill
 - a) insects b) bacteria c) animals d) birds

Answer the following questions:

- 3 How did Egyptian doctors use honey?
- 4 How can you use honey to make your cough better?



Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:

I to - you - do - get - school - How?

2 wrote - Sama - to - an email - Heba.

Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:

1 I tried to speak French, but I (cannot) say anything.

2 My sister Naha is such a (create) girl,

Punctuate the following:

reda and his friends talked about sports

Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"My apartment"

big and wide - modern oven in the kitchen



-		
46	Linkson	nim.
	T19/401	THEF

Listen and circle the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	6
I love anything to do with	6
2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	(T)
The upside-down house is	nake
Read and complete the text with the words in the box:	4,
restaurants - palace - River - rains - attractions	4.7
London is one of the most exciting cities in the world. It often	red

Read the text and answer	the questions:		(-6
My name's Samy, and I've day of the week is Friday. Yence we watch TV. At aboride our bikes there. After the I often play football in the Hesham love basketball.	We all get up at a ut 2 o'clock, we g hat, we all go hoi	bout 9 o'clock and t go to the park near me and have lunch.	n. Our favorite nave breakfast. our house. We In the evening,
Choose the correct a	inswer from a, b,	c, or d:	
The underlined v a) house b) 2 Samy's favorite s	park port is	c) street	d) school
a) basketball b)	football	c) handball	d) volleyball

3 When do the three boys wake up?	
4 Where do the three boys have lunch?	
Writing	
Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:	2
I likes - Dalia - about - blogging - things - different.	_
2 by - plane - to - travels - He - England.	
Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	2
There (be)	
Punctuate the following: when did Rehab buy her car	3
Write a text of about THIPTY (20) words using the following guiding observed	176178

"My favorite animal"

lives – wonderful

Answer the following questions:



1 Listen and	d circle the correct a	nswer from a, b, c, o	er d:	1
I love my b	edroom and I share	it with my		
(a. sister –	b. cousin - c. broth	er — d. father)		
2 On the	, there's m	y bed with an armo	thair next to it.	
(a. left – b	. right - c. middle -	d. waii)		
On the left,	, there is my brother	s .		
(a. closet –	b. bed - c. desk -	d. clothes)		
	big or			
(a. picture	– b. poster – c. pair			
		Reading)		
Choose th	e correct answer fro	om a, b, c, or d:		ĺ
Mohamed :	Salah is a famous E	gyptian		
a) reader	b) traveler	c) climber	d) footballer	
2 He had a/o	in	e went to the dentist		
a) headache	b) toothache	c) sore throat	d) earache	
3 A	is a little wind.			
a) trunk	b) breeze	c) branch	d) leave	
She runs or	n the road. It's really	4) 4 4 (((((41))((((()) + 4) - 4		
a) unfair	b) unsafe	c) unlucky	d) unhappy	
Read and	complete the text w	rith the words in the	e box:	
	metal – wood	en — mats — pots — p	papyrus	
he furniture in	n Ancient Egypt hor	nes was very differ	ent from today. The	ere w
ed(1)	to sit and sle	ep on. They used .		over
rindows and c	doors. This kept the	insects outside. In e	very home, there we	re lo
(9)	and baskets for s	toring crops There	were also	41

boxes for clothes. Not many people had beds or chairs.

Read the text and answer the questions:



Dear Diary,

I had such a cool day today. I went on the river. We saw some famous sights from the boat, like the Louvre, a beautiful museum with fantastic paintings, and the Eiffel Tower. The Eiffel Tower is really tall and made of metal. I tried to speak French, but I couldn't really say anything. But the French people were very kind and when I spoke English, they understood me! At the end of the day we went to a French restaurant and had a wonderful meal with potatoes. It was a special day.

Choose the correct	answer from a.	b. c. or d:

- Reem had a cool day at
- a) France b) Alexandria c) England d) Cairo
- 2 French people could understand Reem when she spoke
 a) Arabic b) Italian c) English d) French

Answer the following questions:

- 3 What famous sights did Reem see?
- 4 What did Reem do at the end of the day?

Writing

- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:
- I dugong unusual is animal the My favorite.
- 2 could when Ola read was three she.
- Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:
- No, she (not have) a sore throat
- 2 Last year, I (cannot) ... use the computer.
- Punctuate the following: What's the matter, dina
- Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"Your town"
exciting places - a lot of parks



Listening

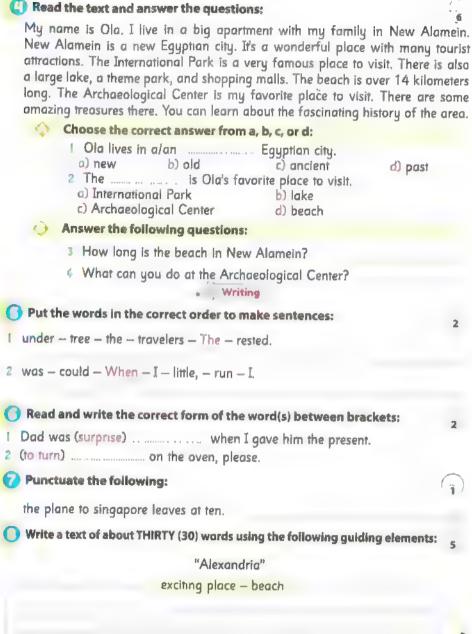
1 Listen and c	ircle the correct	t answer from a, b, c, c	or d:	6					
No visit to	is c	omplete without a trip	to the Dead Sea.						
(a. Egypt – b	(a. Egypt - b. Jordan - c. Qatar - d London)								
2 You are able	2 You are able to on the water of the Dead Sea.								
(a run – b. s	(a run – b. walk – c float – d. fly)								
3 The Dead Se	d ,	is good for your skin							
(a. salt — b. ı	mud — c. sand —	d. water)							
- I think I will s	visit the Dead Se	ea again next							
(a. year - b	week - c mont	th - d morning)							
		Reading)							
Choose the	correct answer	from a, b, c, or d:		(
She went to t	he dentist becau	se she had a/an	mqpppd66fssspmedsphp 4						
a) cough	b) cold	c) earache	d) toothache						
: Meet me at th	ne .	. I will put some mor	ney in my account.						
a) square	b) factory	c) bank	d) library						
Don't run fro	m behind a car.	That's	4						
a) unfriendly	b) unsafe	c) unhappy	d) unfair						
	of the An	cient Egyptian homes	were the coolest part	of the					
house.	1.5 da	J	all annulum						
a) roofs	b) doors	d) rooms	d) gardens						
Read and co	mplete the text	t with the words in the	e box:	(ف					
Wir	idows – bloggin	g landscape upsic	le – farmhouse						
Dalida found	Dalida found this unusual house in the Netherlands online — it's (1)								
down. It is ac	tually an old	(2) Which p	eople are changing to) make					
		· ·	(3) are at the						
	~		(4) which is						
and fields	J.								

Read the text and answer the questions: Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets, and museums There's even a big beach. Lily is visiting Alexandria from Germany. She has been to many museums since her first day in Alexandria. She has been to Alexandria Library, too. She thinks it's the biggest library in the world. She likes sitting on the roof garden of her hotel, drinking sweet Egyptian mint tea, and chatting with other people. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: 1 Lily is visiting Alexandria from a) Egypt b) Germanu c) France d) Italy 2 Lily thinks Alexandria is the biggest in the world. a) Hotel b) Museum c) Beach d) Libraru Answer the following questions: 3 What can you see and do in Alexandria? What does Lily like doing in the hotel? Writing Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: is - the right - There - a park - on. can - but - Penguins - fly, - can't - they - swim. Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets: The mud bricks (make) very strong walls. 2 Mona (come) to Cairo when she was five. Punctuate the following: i cut my knee last week Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements: "Honey"

for breakfast - kill bacteria



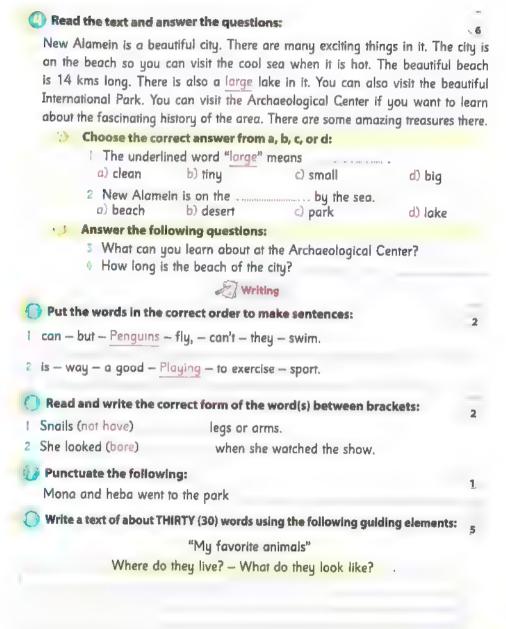
1 Listen and c	ircle the correct a	nswer from a, b, c,	or d:	6
I Eating health	y food such as	and ve	getables helps us hav	e a
balanced diet				
(a. fries $-$ b.	sweets - c. fruits	- d. cakes)		
2 It's also	to do ex	ercise.		
(a. useless –	b. useful — c. bor	ing — d. helpless)		
	•	is important as well.		
	b. sleep — c. gam			
		and nine l	nours every night.	
(a. two – b. t	en – c. eight – d.	five)		
		☐ Reading		
O Choose the	correct answer fr	om a, b, c, or d:		3
1 "	" is medical care	to help you get be	tter.	
a) Wound	b) Bandage	c) Treatment	d) Injury	
2 She ate some) 1 4 445+++++11 +1 1 ++ 4			
		c) nuts		
		hite. They live in Cl	nina.	
	b) Lions		d) Pandas	
			·	
		c) honey		-
Read and co	mplete the text v	with the words in th	e box:	4
	mint - cuisin	e – roof – cool – m	useums	
Hi, my name	is Jens. I'm visiti	ng Alexandria from	Germany. I think i	r's really
(1)	, here. I think the	ere are some good	(2) , but !	[haven't
been to any y	jet. I love just sitt	ring in the (3)	garden of m	iy hotel,
drinking sweet	Egyptian (4	4) tea and cho	atting to other people.	It's very
relaxing.				





Listening

(Listen and circl	e the correct ans	wer from a, b, c, or d	:	6
1	In Ancient Egypt	, people made th	eir homes	the Nile.	
	(a. în - b. on -	c. under – d. nec	ır)		
2	They used the N	ile's	, for drinking and c	ooking.	
	(a. mud – b. pa	pyrus – c. water	- d. plants)		
5	They used mud	from the river to	make		
	(a. beds - b. bri	icks — c. chairs —	d. windows)		
4	Some people pa	inted their homes	to ma	ike them cooler.	
	(a. white - b. bl	ack – c. gray – d	l. blue)		
		1	Reading		
0	Choose the cor	rect answer from	a, b, c, or d:		4.
					4,
	a) treatment b		damages your skin. c) bacteria	d) substance	
2			was	d) substance	
) nice	c) unhappy	d) pleased	
3	() =	re very big, stron	g cats that live in Af	rica.	
	a) Lions b) Snails	c) Parrots	d) Dolphins	
4	I love	, I play baske	tball once a week.		
	a) sports b) toys	c) reading	d) music	
(Read and comp	plete the text wit	h the words in the b	OX:	4
		sad - avaitad -	birds — colorful — po	rent	
	Last month Hobi				ate of
			•	r friends. She saw lo ins. She saw her fa	
				" feathers. She was	
				oe she will see them	
	time.		,		





Listen and	circle the correct	answer from a, b, c, c	or d:	6
1 This week, [Dalida is writing a	ibout unusual		
(a. roads –	b. homes — c. ani	mals — d. birds)		
2 Dalida's moi	m is a/an			
(a. engineer	— b. teacher — c.	banker - d. architect)	
3 She found the	nis unusual house	in the Netherlands		
(a. online –	b. offline — c. on	newspaper - d. on 1	TV)	
4 It's an old	that p	people are changing t	o make it modern.	
(a. farmhou	se — b. houseboat	t - c. lighthouse $-d$.	barn)	
		Reading		
@ Choose the	correct answer f	rom a, b, c, or d:		4/
I	swim in groups	with my family in th	е осеап.	
a) Parrots		c) Dolphin	d) Kangaroo	
	om the		d) annahain	
		c) balcony in the Dead Sea th		
a) sugar		c) flour	d) fish	
		to write down thing		day.
a) book	b) email	c) diary	d) notebook	7
Read and c	omplete the text	with the words in the	e box:	(4)
р	atients - injections	– classrooms – relat	ives — teachers	
In Bangalore,	staff from the ho	spital turn the corrido	rs into(1)	The
nurses becom	ne (2)	and the family become	ome the students. Th	is helps
the families to	care for their	(3) when th	ey go home. The sta	ff know
that the lesso	ns work because i	not as many (4)	return to the	hospital
now.				

Read the text and answer the questions;	(-2
Ramez is 14 years old. He lives in a big house with his big family. There big garden where his grandpa grows fresh fruits and vegetables for the vegation of the seas. Ramez helps his grandpa look after the garden. He also help grandma feed the ducks to sell in the market. They get good money from set these ducks. They have three bedrooms. Ramez shares the room with his brothers. He even shares the bed with his brother Ragab. They also have a skitchen and a big bathroom. They live happily in their house with its bear green landscape around.	vhole is his elling three small
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
1 Ramez is	mily.
Answer the following questions:	
3 Who shares the room with Ramez?	
4 How does Ramez help at home? Writing	
Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:	
houses — at — Look — beautiful — these.	2
2 Is - writing - Dalia - unusual - homes - about?	
Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	2
I Sunscreen is (help) in sunny days.	
2 Mom (can) . play chess when she was 15.	
Punctuate the following:	4
alaxandria has many shopping malls	,
Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:	5
"My perfect vacation"	3
Where did you go? - What did you do?	



	D			_	
46	Y	4	ist		io
	Ch	-	197	-III	10.5

🚺 Listen and	circle the correct a	nswer from a, b, c,	or d:	6
I moved to	a new apartment la	est		
(a. evening	- b. month $-$ c. we	eek – d. year)		
2 There are	big be	drooms in our apai	rtment.	
(a. two - b	. three $-c$. four $-c$	(, five)		
I share the .	with	my brother.		
(a. kitchen	— b. bathroom — с.	bedroom - d. livin	g room)	
The view in	the balcony is	A. a dq manner+f e- a H		
(a. great -	b. bad — c. boring	– d. awful)		
		Reading		
Choose th	e correct answer fr	om a, b, c, or d:		.4
You can pu	t aoi	n your cut knee.		
•	b) sunscreen		d) bandages	
There is a b	oig oven in the	*****	•	
a) kitchen	b) bathroom	c) living room	d) bedroom	
The	lives in Chir	na and eats bamboo	o.	
a) lion	b) kangaroo	c) panda	d) parrot	
Amira pack	ed her	for her trip to A	Aswan.	
a) ticket	b) suitcase	c) passport	d) sunglasses	
Read and	complete the text v	with the words in th	e box:	4
	beach - treasures	— International — le	ake – Center	
There are n	nany exciting thing	s to do in New	Alamein. The city is	on the
(1)	so you can vi	sit the cool sea w	hen it's hot. There is	aiso a
large, green	(2) rig	ht in the middle of t	the city! You can also	visit the
	_		about the fascinating	
of the area,	then visit the Arch	aeological (4)	,	

(Read the text and answer the questions:	(
	I live in a perfect town near the Nile. In my town, there is a big zoo. You co	an see
	lots of animals and birds there. The weather is usually hot in summer, so	there
	is a big water park. It is always open. There are many parks by the Nile	in my
	town. You can have picnics in the green areas. You can have a boat trip	on the
	Nile. I love my town.	
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
	1 The underlined word "there" refers to the	
	a) park b) Nile c) zoo d) water	park
	2 The weather is usuallyin summer.	
	a) cold b) hot c) cool d) warm	
	Answer the following questions:	
	Where can you have picnics?Summarize the text in one sentence.	
	Writing	
C	Put the words in the correct order to make sentences:	
		2
١	apartment $-I$ – a big – live – in.	
2	Important - food - healthy - Is it - to eat?	
3	Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets:	
	(to do) your homework again, Adel.	2
	This car looks very (expense)	
7	Punctuate the following:	
۰		(7)
	The penguins can t fly	
8	Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:	5
	"Your favorite animal"	
	in the zoo — amazing animal	
	The too - universe united	



-		
45	Y	Listening
6.3	(3)	Pincerunia

(Listen and c	ircle the correct a	answer from a, b, c,	or d:	6
1 Ancient Egyp	tians wanted to k	eep their homes		
	hot - c. warm -			
2 The	helped then	n do so.		
(a. pots $-b$.	windows - c. mu	d bricks — d. mats)		
3 Egyptian hon	nes had	roofs.		
(a. no – b. re	ound — c. flat — d	oval)		
4 Families often	n relaxed and sle	ot on the	on hot nights.	
(a. roofs - b	. gardens – c. wo	ills – d. rooms)		
		Reading		-
(2) Choose the	correct answer fr	rom a, b, c, or d:		4
1 He is a	. He wo	rks in a school.		
a) teacher	b) farmer	c) climber	d) traveler	
2 My town wa	5	rith people.		
a) interested	b) crowded	c) annoyed	d) bored	
3 Nahla puts h	er clothes in the			
a) shower	b) oven	c) closet	d) armchair	
4 Penguins can	swim, but they o	an't		
a) walk	b) run	c) fly	d) see	
(6) Read and co	omplete the text	with the words in th	e box:	4
	picnics - free -	waterpark – classe	s - market	
always open.	It is really hot There is a wonder s a big park wit	in our town, so the	ool. We can go the re is a(2)(2)that sells all kinds of c ve can go for family	that Is delicious

Read the text and answer the questions: My name is Mona. I moved to a new apartment last week. I apartment. It is much bigger than our old apartment. The new kits and the oven is more modern. It's much easier to cook in. The libigger than the old one, so we can have a bigger television. We bedrooms now. I share a room with my sister Dalia, but our bedrooms. I like our new apartment.	then is bigger living room i Ve have thre
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
We cook food in the	d) city d) oven
Answer the following questions:	i) oven
How many bedrooms are there in the new apartment? What is the name of Mona's sister? Writing	
Put the words in the correct order to make sentences: you — an earache — Do — have?	2
2 see — beautiful — I — singing — can — birds.	
Read and write the correct form of the word(s) between brackets The baby's voice was loud and (annoy)	s: 2
Punctuate the following:	



she cut her knee last week Write a text of about THIRTY (30) words using the following guiding elements:

"A wonderful day"

Where did you go yesterday? - What did you see?

Al-Azhar Exams





Listen and choose the correct answer:



- 1 I moved into a new (school apartment town).
- 2 We have three (living rooms bedrooms bathrooms kitchens).
- 3 There are (one two three) bathrooms.



Read and complete the dialogue:



island - Singapore - did - vacation

Mom: Where did you go on your(1)......?

Mom: What _____(3) ____ you do there?

Nadia: We went on a boat trip to an(4)



Read the text and answer the questions:



Last Monday, Soha and Habiba went to the wildlife park with their friends. When they arrived, it was very hot in the park. It was around 40 degrees. They were lucky to have their hats. They saw lots of different animals and birds, such as parrots, kangaroos, and penguins. Soha liked penguins the best. She thinks they look funny with their white and black feathers. Habiba liked pandas. They are huge, with thick white and black fur. Habiba liked how they eat bamboo plants. Soha and Habiba had a nice time.



Choose the correct word:

- The main idea of the text is about (the wildlife park pandas penguins).
- 2 Parrots and penguins are (animals people birds),
- 3 Soha liked (parrots penguins pandas) the best.

Answer the following questions:

- Where did Soha and Habiba go?
- 5 What did Habiba like about the pandas?



Choose the correct answer:



- I I (visited visit visits) my grandma yesterday.
- 2 Honey helps wounds to (grow heal keep) more quickly.
- 3 Let's (meeting meets meet) on Monday at seven.
- 4 My head hurts, I have a/an (headache stomachache earache).
- 5 Be careful, snakes are (poison poisonous poisoned).

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- I sore -a I throat have.
- 2 like you Do here living?
- 3 blogging likes things about She different.
- furniture The Egypt in Ancient very was different.
- 5 got room a lovely We've hotel.







(1) Listen and choose the correct answer:



- 1 Sarah likes (swimming running blogging).
- 2 This week Sarah is writing about (ancient new unusual) homes.
- 3 The unusual house is in (Egypt the Netherlands America).



Read and complete the dialogue:



nickname - unusual - Why - dugong

Amir : The(2)..... from Egypt.

Tamer :(3) is it unusual?



Read the text and answer the questions:



I live in a house near the mountains. I have two brothers and one sister. My father teaches math and my mother is a nurse in a big hospital. My brothers are very smart and work hard at school. My sister is a nervous girl, but she is very kind. My grandmother also lives with us. She came from China when I was two years old. She is very old. She cooks the best food. My brother and I like to go on long walks in the mountains.

ologging).

Choose the correct word:

- The text is about (a family neighbors friends).
- 2 I live in a house near the (farms gardens mountains).
- 3 My father teaches (Arabic English math).

Answer the following questions:

- 4. Where did the grandmother come from?
- 5 Where does the mother work?



Choose the correct answer:



- 1 (Do Can Could) you ride a bike when you were three?
- 2 Please, (to put put puts) the cake in the oven.
- 3 Kareem has a/an (stomachache headache earache), he can't hear well.
- 4 Hana puts her clothes in the (cushion elevator closet),
- 5 (Treatment Wound Heal) means to get better.

Reorder the words to make correct sentences:



- 1 birds What you did see?
- 2 be tomorrow Don't late!
- 3 doing $-\Gamma m$ on school a project bats at.
- 4 don't legs arms Snails have or.
- 5 Lama have a Does toothache?

TAPE SCRIPTS



March Monthly Exam

This week we're talking about unusual animals at school. My favorite unusual animal from Egypt is the dugong. It has a very friendly face. It looks cute. Its nickname is the sea cow and it spends many hours eating grass from the sea bed every day.

April Monthly Exam

Alexandria is a really exciting place to visit. There's a lot to see and do here! It's a big city with lots of amazing restaurants, stores, markets, and museums. There's even a beach that you can visit on hot days. There are shopping malls, too. You can spend ages walking around them.

Final Exams

Exam 1

In some countries, honey has been used by doctors for thousands of years. It was first used to treat wounds by Egyptian doctors around 5,000 years ago. Recently, scientists have tried to find out exactly why haney is so good for healing wounds and treating illnesses.

Exam 2

We arrived in Amman on Monday. It was about 26 degrees, and we were surprised. It was such warm weather in October. We went from the airport to the hotel in a taxi. Our rooms were very comfortable. Later that evening, we had dinner at the Memphis restourant in the city center.

Exam 3

My uncle is a scientist, and he loves animals. When he was younger, he traveled a lot to South America for work. He loved it there because the people were very friendly and helped him with his work. He was very interested in howler mankeys and wanted to do some research into their family groups.

Exam 4

Taday was the best day ever. I love anything to do with history — I'm going to visit the museum, so today was a special day for me. The bus ride wasn't too bad. It only took an hour to reach our destination. I listened to music on the way, and the time went by quite quickly.

Exam 5

I lave my bedroom. I share it with my brother Hany, It's really big. On the right, there is my bed with an armchair next to it. On the left, there's my brother's bed. In the middle of the room, there is a desk with two wooden chairs. There is a big TV on the wall.

Exam 6

No visit to Jordan is complete without a trip to the Dead Sea. There is so much salt in this sea that you are able to float on the water! You can also enjoy the Dead Sea mud, which is very good for your skin. I think I will visit the Dead Sea again next year.

Evam 7

It's really important to have a healthy lifestyle. Eating healthy food such as fruits and vegetables helps us have a balanced diet. It's also useful to do exercise every day. Playing sports at school or with friends is a good way to exercise. Having enough sleep is important as well. Experts say we should have between eight and nine hours of sleep every night.

Exam 8

In Ancient Egypt, many people made their homes near the Nile. They used its water for drinking, cooking, and washing. They also used mud from the river to make bricks for their houses. The mud bricks made very strong walls. Some people also pointed their homes white to make them cooler.

Exam 9

Hil My name's Dalida. This week I'm writing about unusual homes. This topic is very interesting for me

because my morn's an architect, so she sometimes takes me to see some brilliant places. I found this unusual house in the Netherlands online — it's upside down! It is actually an old farmhouse which people are changing to make it modern.

Exam 10

I moved to a new apartment with my family last month-My dad had a new job and we had to move. I wasn't excited at first but now I think it's fine. The apartment has three big bedrooms. I share my bedroom with my brother. There is a big living room with TV on the wall. The balcony is my favorite place, the view there is great.

Excurs 11

Ancient Egyptions wanted to keep their homes coal. The mud bricks helped do this. Some people also pointed their homes white to make them cooler. Ancient Egyptian homes all had flat roofs, which were the coolest part of the house. Families often cooked, ate, relaxed, and slept there on hot nights.

Al-Azhar Exams

Al-Azhar Exam 1

I moved into a new apartment with my family, It is very big. We have three bedrooms now. There are two bathrooms and a fantastic balcony.

Al-Azhar Exam 2

Sorah likes blogging about different things. This week she's writing about unusual homes. She found an unusual house in the Netherlands online — it's upside down!



